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VOL. XIII NO. 149— BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, JUNE 24, 1925. ONE ANNA

The Bombay Chronicle

Business Notice.

ALL COMMUNICATIONS intended for publication in the "Bombay Chronicle" must be accompanied by the name and address of the writer not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith. In preparing manuscripts correspondents are requested to write on one side of the paper only, and to address their communications to the EDITOR, and not to any member of the staff by name Attention to this rule will save much inconvenience and delay.

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The Editor cannot undertake to return rejected communications unless a stamped and addressed envelope is enclosed for the purpose.

BUSINESS communications of every kind (advertisements, changes of address, etc.) should be addressed to the MANAGER. Advertisements intended for insertion in the next day's paper must reach the Office not later than 5 p.m.

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Date.	Steamers.		Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
27th June	MOOLTAN	..		20,847
4th July	KAISAR-I-HIND	..		11,430
11th ,,	MALWA*	..		10,941
18th ,,	RANPURA	..		16,100
25th ,,	MALOJA x	..		20,837
1st Aug.	CHINA	..		7,952
8th ,,	RAZMAK	..	MANTUA*	10,902
15th ,,	DELTA*			7,622
22nd ,,	RAZMAK	..	NALDERA x	15,993
29th ,,	MOREA	..		10,911
5th Sept.	RAZMAK	..	MACEDONIA*	11,089
12th ,,	KAISAR-I-HIND	..		16,227
19th ,,	RAZMAK	..	NARKUNDA*	16,100
26th ,,	RANPURA	..		
3rd Oct.	RAZMAK	..	MONGOLIA x	16,504
10th ,,	CHINA	..		7,952
17th ,,	RAZMAK	..	MOOLTAN x..	20,847
24th ,,	RAWALPINDI			16,100
31st ,,	RAZMAK	..	MALWA * ..	10,941
7th Nov.	RANCHI	..		16,100
14th ,,	RAZMAK	..	MALOJA x ..	20,837
21st ,,	KAISAR-I-HIND	..		11,430
28th ,,	RAZMAK	..	MANTUA *..	10,902
5th Dec.	RANPURA	..		16,100
12th ,,	RAZMAK	..	NALDERAx ..	15,953
19th ,,	DEVANHA	..		8,151
26th ,, 1926.	RAZMAK	..	MOREA * ..	10,919
2nd Jan.	RAWALPINDI			16,100
9th ,,	RAZMAK	..	NARKUNDA x	16,227
16th ,,	RANCHI	..		16,100
23rd ,,	RAZMAK	..	MACEDONIA *	11,089
30th ,,	KAISA RI-HIND,	..		11,430
6th Feb.	RAZMAK	..	MOOLTAN x	20,847
13th ,,	RANPURA	..		16,585
20th ,,	RAZMAK	..	MALWA *	10,941
27th ,,	RAJPUTANA			16,100
6th Mar.	RAZMAK	..	MALOJA x ..	20,837
13th ,,	RAWALPINDI			16,100
20th ,,	RAZMAK	..	MANTUA * ..	10,902
27th ,,	RANCHI	..		16,100
31st ,,	CHINA	..		7,952
3rd April	RAZMAK	..	NALDERAx ..	15,993
10th ,,	KAISAR-I-HIND	..		11,430
17th ,,	RAZMAK	..	MOREA * ..	10,911
24th ,,	RANPURA	..		16,585
1st May	RAZMAK	..	NARKUNDA x	16,227
8th ,,	RAJPUTANA			16,100

x Through steamers from Australia, have limited accommodation for passengers from India.

* Through steamers from China, have limited accommodation for passengers from India

*†Extra Steamer as following reduced rates:—

1st Saloon to London £80, £70, and £60.
1st Saloon to Marseilles £72, £62, and £56.
2nd Saloon to London £54, and £52.
2nd Saloon to Marseilles £50, and £48.

The difference in passage rates is according to the position of the cabins.

Very Special berthing arrangements have been made to increase the comfort of passengers proceeding by the "China" on the 31st March 1926.

SPECIAL OFF SEASON RETURN TICKETS

First Saloon "A" Return Tickets at special reduced rates are available by any sailing during the period commencing from Bombay on the 20th June and terminating by the new s. s. "Ranpura" due Bombay on the 11th September

The Rates are as follows:—

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To London and back via Marseilles including P. and O. Special Train across France in both directions £120
To Marseilles and Back £100

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS
Bombay to Fort Said and Plymouth.

Date about	Steamers.			Tons.
29th June	NIRVANA *	..	..	8,021
16th July	DOMALA	..	..	8,441
17th Sept.	WARFIELD*	..	..	6,060
29th Oct.	NIRVANA*	..	..	6,021
12th Nov.	MANDALA	..	..	8,246
26th ,,	DUMANA	..	..	8,427

*Cargo vessels only, will not convey passengers.

P. AND O. SAILINGS, BOMBAY TO JAPAN VIA COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI

P. AND O. SAILINGS TO COLOMBO STRAITS, CHINA AND JAPAN.

Date.	Steamers.		Tons.	Connecting at Colombo for Australia with
25th June	NALDERA	..	15,993	To Australia
7th July	SICILIA	..	6,813	DONGOLA
10th ,,	MACEDONIA..		11,089	
7th Aug.	NARKUNDA	..	6,227	
1st Sept.	SOUDAN	..	16,696	CATHAY
15th ,,	SICILIA	..	6,813	MALOJA
13th Oct.	DELTA	..	8,097	NALDERA
10th Nov.	SOUDAN	..	6,696	NARKUNDA.

* Cargo vessels only, proceed to Japan via Singapore and Shanghai.

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS.
TO AFRICA, KARACHI, PERSIAN GULF, TUTICORIN, COLOMBO, MADRAS, CALCUTTA AND RANGOON.

24th June	KHANDALLA	..	East & S. Africa.
24th ,,	BANDRA	..	Buseh via Karachi & P. G. Ports
25th ,,	VASNA	..	Buseh via Karachi.

The sailings for Karachi via Kathiawar on Saturdays and Mondays have now been suspended until September, but steamers will leave for Karachi on Wednesdays and Fridays as usual.

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Steamer.	Commander.	Tons.	Arrival.	Departure.
Ceylon Maru	J. Yamada	4905	16th June	30th June
*Sado Maru	K. Horikawa	5898	27th June	10th July
Toyooka Maru	S. Enya	7098	17th July	31st July
Muroran Maru	S. Hirai	5374	29th July	12th Aug

*Passengers Steamers.

REVISED PASSAGE FARES

For	1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd Class.	Steerage.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Singapore ..	300	200	140	100
Hongkong ..	475	320	215	145
Shanghai ..	530	355	240	160
Kobe ..	600	400	255	170

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Capital	Authorised	00,00,000
Capital	Issued	50,00,000
Capital	Subscribed	50,00,000
Capital	Paid up to 31/12/24	30,65,586
Reserve	Fund	25,70,000

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Harbin	Peking	Tsinan
Hongkong	Rangoon	Tsingtau
Honolulu	Rio de Janeiro	Vladivostoak
Kai Yuan	Saigon	

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers and interest is allowed at the rate of two per cent. per annum on daily balances of not less than Rs. 1,000 provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year or shorter period on terms which may be ascertained on application.

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Capital Called-up	Rs. 30,00,000
Reserve Fund	Rs. 21,50,000

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CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS:
Interest allowed on daily balance from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of Rs. 2½ per cent. per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not come to Rs. 3 per half year will be allowed.

FIXED DEPOSITS:
Received for long or short periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS AND CASH CREDITS:
The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved securities.
The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon. It also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all description of Stock at moderate charges particulars of which may be learnt on application

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Deposits received and interest allowed at per cent. per annum.
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General Manager.

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CAPITAL PAID-UP ..... Rs. 1,00,00,000
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Interest is allowed on daily balances from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 AT THE RATE OF 2½ PER CENT. PER ANNUM THROUGHOUT THE YEAR. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year.

FIXED DEPOSITS.
Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter period at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

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Paid-up Capital	£1,900,000
Reserved Fund	£ 800,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders	£1,000,000

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LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that our client Mr. TOKERSEY JIVRAJ, of Bombay, Hindu has purchased the undermentioned property at the auction sale held on the 16th day of April, 1925, by Messrs. Bennett and Co., Auctioneers under instructions from Mr. Nanabhai Hormusji Moos, Bar-at-Law, Receiver of the estate of the late Mr. Dorabji Cursetji Shroff, deceased, appointed by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay by a Consent Decree, dated 15th February, 1923, made in suit No. 4034 of 1922. All persons having or claiming any right title or interest in or to the said property or any part thereof whether by way of inheritance, bequest, trust, possession, gift, sale, mortgage, charge, lien or lease or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make such claims known in writing to the undermentioned at their office, at 113, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from this day, otherwise the said sale will be completed without reference to any such claim and all claims, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

PLOT NO. 13.

All that piece of vacant land of the Toka tenure situate on the West side of the Sewri Cemetery Road in the City and Registration District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 6637 square yards or thereabouts and bearing Collector's New Nos. 14399, 144010, 17081, A/14438, A/14384, 14423, A/14400 and 1444 New Survey Nos. 1/2435, 3/2435, 4A/2435, 5/2435, 6/2435, (part) 7/2435 (part), 8/2435 1/2436 2/2436, 3/2436, 4/2436(part), 2/2437 (part) and 3/2439 (part) and Cadastral No. 172 (part) of the Parel-Sewri Division and bounded, on or towards the East by the Sewri Cemetery Road, on or towards the West by Plot No. 9; on or towards the South by Plot No. 14 and on or towards the North partly by property recently acquired by Government partly by public passage and partly by property of the Bombay Municipality

PLOT NO. 14.

All that piece of vacant land of the Toka tenure situate on the West side of the Sewri Cemetery Road, in the City and Registration District of Bombay containing by admeasurement 8623 square yards or thereabouts and bearing Collector's New Nos. A/14438, 14433, 17081, 14358, 14427 and 14436, New Survey Nos. 6/2435 (part) 7/2435 (part) 9/2435, 4/2436 (part), 2/2436 (part) and Cadastral No. 172 (part) of the Parel-Sewri Division and bounded, on or towards the East by the Sewri Cemetery Road and partly of Currimbhoy Ebrahim, on or towards the West by the property of Dharma Shimria Nakwa, on or towards the South partly by Plot No. 15 and partly by the property of Currimbhoy Ebrahim and on or towards the North by Plot No. 13.

PLOT NO. 15

All that piece of vacant land of the Toka tenure situate on the West side of Sewri Cemetery Road in the City and Registration District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement an area of 8252 square yards or thereabouts and bearing Collector's New Nos. 14358 and 14427, New Survey Nos. 2368 (part) and Cadastral No. 172 (part) of the Parel-Sewri Division and bounded, on or towards the East partly by the Sewri Cemetery Road and partly by the property of Currimbhoy Ebrahim, on or towards the West partly by the property of Dharma Shimria Nakwa and partly by Plot No. 11, on or towards the South by Plot No. 16 and on or towards the North partly by Plot No 14 and partly by the property of Currimbhoy Ebrahim.

PLOT NO. 16.

All that piece of vacant land of the Toka tenure situate on the West side of the Sewri Cemetery Road in the City and Registration District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 8929 square yards or thereabouts and bearing Collector's New Nos. 14358, 14427, 14231, New Survey Nos. 2368 (part) and 2369 (part) and Cadastral No. 172 (part) of the Parel-Sewri Division and bounded, on or towards the East by the Sewri Cemetery Road, on or towards the West by Plot No. 11 and partly by Plot No. 12, on or towards the South by Plot No. 17 and on or towards the North by Plot No. 15.

PLOT NO. 17.

All that piece of vacant land of the Toka tenure, situate on the West side of the Sewri Cemetery Road, in the City and Registration District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 9145 square yards or thereabouts and bearing Collector's New Nos. 14358, 14427, 14231 and 14443, New Survey Nos. 2368 (part), 2369 (part) and 3/2370 (part) and Cadastral No. 172 (part) of the Parel-Sewri Division and bounded, on or towards the East by the Sewri Cemetery Road, on or towards the West by the property of Jackeria Haji Hassam Haji Abdoola and partly by Plot No. 18 and on or towards the North by Plot No. 16.

PLOT NO. 18.

All that piece of vacant land of the Toka tenure, situate on the East side of the Sewri Cemetery Road in the City and Registration District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement an area of 7883 square yards or thereabouts and bearing Collector's New Nos. 14443, 14418, 14443 and 14423, New Survey Nos 2/2370 (part), 2A/2371 (part) 2/2374 and 1/2388, Cadastral No. 172 (part) of the Parel-Sewri Division bounded, on or towards the East by the Sewri Cemetery Road, on or towards the West by the property of Jackaria Haji Hassam Haji Abdoola, on or towards the South partly by the property of Jamnadas Savaklal and partly by Plot No. 19 and on or towards the North by Plot No. 17.

PLOT NO. 19.

All that piece of vacant land, containing by admeasurement 6711 square yards or thereabouts (of which 6992 square yards are Toka and 719 square yards are Inam land), situate on the East side of the Sewri Cemetery Road in the City and Registration District of Bombay and bearing Collector's New Nos. 14231, 14443, 14427, New Survey Nos 1/2370, 2/2370 (part), 3/2390 and Cadastral No. 172 of the Parel-Sewri Division and bounded, on or towards the East by the Sewri Cemetery Road, on or towards the West by the property of Jamnadas Savaklal, on or towards the South by the property of Jamnadas Savaklal and on or towards the North by Plot No. 18.

Dated this 23rd day of June, 1925.

ARDESIR HORMUSJI DINSHAW & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
C23540

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 1286 of 1925.

Messrs. HARIRAM BHIMJI SONS & CO., a firm carrying on business at Anjirbaug Mazagaon, without the Fort of Bombay. ... Plaintiffs.

vs.

(1) BOMANJI RUSTOMJI CONTRACTOR, (2) RUTTONJI RUSTOMJI CONTRACTOR and (3) Bai AIMAI BOMANJI CONTRACTOR, all of Bombay Parsi Inhabitants, residing at Chowpati, without the Fort of Bombay. ... Defendents.

To,

(1) BOMANJI RUSTOMJI CONTRACTOR, Esqr.,
(2) RUTTONJI RUSTOMJI CONTRACTOR Esqr., and
(3) BAI AIMAI BOMANJI CONTRACTOR.

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the above suit has been filed against you praying for a Decree for Rs. 10216-7-0 and interest thereon at the rate of 9 1-2 per cent per annum from Chaiter Sud 1 Samvat 1981 (25th day of March 1925) till judgment cost of the Suit and interest on judgment at the aforesaid rate till payment and please take notice that the Bombay High Court has fixed the hearing of the above Suit for the 7th day of July, 1925.

Dated this 20th day of June, 1925.

MERWANJI KOLA & CO.,
Plaintiffs' Attorneys.
c 23586.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 5537 of 1922.

KHIMCHAND TARACHAND and Others. ..... Plaintiffs.

vs.

LAXMAN GANGADHAR DANDEKAR and Another. ..... Defendants.

PURSUANT to the Decree Absolute for Sale made in the above Suit and bearing date the 15th day of November, 1923, the immoveable properties being lot No. 1 and the 1st defendant's share in the properties being lots Nos. 2 to 6 will be sold by Public Auction by the Commissioner of this Honourable Court at his Office in the Court House on FRIDAY, the 26th day of June, 1925, at the hour of four O'clock in the afternoon (Standard Time).

PARTICULARS.

Lot No. I.

FIRSTLY:—A piece of land, situate at Kelva in District Thana, admeasuring 34, 30½, and 28½ Gunthas with two houses, Godown, Peons house, Cow shed, Mill House, outhouse and Bungalow and bearing Municipal No. 276.

SECONDLY:—Several pieces of Garden Land, situate at Kelva District Thana, bearing separate Survey Nos. and admeasuring 1 Acre and 30 Gunthas, 1 Acre and 38 Gunthas, 3 Acres and 19 Gunthas, 13 Gunthas, 32 Gunthas, 1 Acre and 19½ Gunthas and 1 Acre and 2 Gunthas.

The Defendants right title and interest in the following

Lots Nos. 2 to 6.

Kasba Mahim in District Thana.

1. Two blocks in the house in Bazar, bearing Municipal Nos. 381 and 382 with trees and plants with right to take water from the well.

2. Garden land, admeasuring 7 Acres and 39 3/4 Gunthas and 22 Gunthas with trees plants, etc.

LOT NO. 3.

At Makane Kapasi, in District Thana.

Buildings (Three houses) in Survey No. 95, Hissa No. 2 and building in S. No. 98 and Hissa No. 3 and land admeasuring 139 Acres and 14 Gunthas assessed at Rs. 280-12-0 with trees, plants and appurtenances thereto.

LOT NO. 4.

Inami land at Safala in District Thana with trees, plants and appurtenances thereto.

LOT NO. 5.

At Mahim Babardoli in District Thana. Land, admeasuring 26 Acres and 9½ Gunthas assessed at Rs. 33-1-0 with trees, plants and appurtenances thereto.

LOT NO 6.

At Kelva in District Thana.

(A). Land at Dhansar, admeasuring 48 Acres and 33 Gunthas assessed at Rs. 78-10-6 with trees, plants and appurtenances.

(B.) Land at Katali, admeasuring 80 Acres and 3 Gunthas assessed at Rs. 251-1-6 with trees, plants and appurtenances.

(C). Land at Palgarh in District Thana under Survey No. 101 Entry No. 320 with:—

(1) A bungalow No. II.
(2) Cow shed.

For further particulars and condition of sale, application should be made at the Office of the said Commissioner or at the Office of Messrs VACHHA AND CO., Attorneys for the Plaintiff and 2nd defendant abovenamed at Yusuf Building, Churchgate Street, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 1st day of May, 1925.

(Sd.) R. B. PATEL,
Ag. Commissioner.
23327

NOTICE.

WE ARE INSTRUCTED by our client BHASKAR DEOJI and others to give notice that they have purchased the Garden land at Kandodi Kelva Mahim comprised in the Schedule hereunder written from Laxman Gangadhar Dandekar by a Sale Deed executed by the said Laxman Gangadhar Dandekar in their favour on 16th December, 1920. If anybody purchases the said property he will do at his risk.

SCHEDULE ABOVE REFERRED TO.

Kandodi (Kasba Mahim)

Survey No.	Hisa No.	Acre,	Khoroba Land	Assessment.
				Rs.
74	(1)	2-15¼	0-6¾	20
93	(1)	1-37	0-1	17
95	(1)	3-7/¾	0-11¼	21

Dated this 23rd day of June, 1925.

SHAMRAO MINOCHEHER AND HIRALAL,
Attorneys-at-Law.
C23545

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that our client Mr. VERSEY RATANSEY, of Bombay, Hindu has purchased the undermentioned property at the auction sale held on the 16th day of April, 1925, by Messrs. Bennett and Co., Auctioneers under instructions from Mr. Nanabhai Hormusji Moos, Bar-at-Law, Receiver of the estate of the late Mr. Dorabji Cursetji Shroff, deceased, appointed by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay by a Consent Decree, dated 15th February, 1923, made in suit No. 4034 of 1922. All persons having or claiming any right, title, or interest in or to the said property or any part thereof whether by way of inheritance, bequest, trust, possession, gift, sale, mortgage, charge, lien or lease or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make such claims known in writing to the undermentioned at the office, at 113, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from this day, otherwise the said sale will be completed without reference to any such claim and all such claims, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece of land of the Toka tenure, containing by admeasurement 831 square yards or thereabouts and bearing Collector's New Nos. 14230, 14234, 14243, 14261, 14293, 14356, 14406, 14430, 14442 and 14915, New Survey Nos. 1/2443 (part) and Cadastral No. 172 (part) of the Parel-Sewri Division, together with the tenements or building standing thereon all which premises are situate, on the West side of the Sewri Road and are bounded on or towards the East by the property of Dharma Shimria Nakwa, on or towards the West by the Sewri New Road, on or towards the South by Plot No. 11, on or towards the North by the property of Dharma Shimria Nakwa.

Dated this 22nd day of June, 1925.

ARDESHIR HORMUSJI DINSHAW AND CO.,
Purchasers' Attorneys.
C23533

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that our clients Messrs. TOKERSEY KHERAJ and KHIMJI KHESHAVJI, both of Bombay, Hindus have purchased the undermentioned property at the Auction sale held on the 16th day of April, 1925, by Messrs. Bennett and Co., Auctioneers under instructions from Mr. Nanabhai Hormusji Moos, Bar-at-Law, Receiver of the estate of the late Mr. Dorabji Cursetji Shroff, deceased appointed by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay by a Consent Decree, dated 15th February, 1923, made in Suit No. 4034 of 1922. All persons having or claiming any right, title, or interest in or to the said property or any part thereof whether by way of inheritance, bequest, trust possession, gift, sale, mortgage, charge, lien or lease or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make such claims known in writing to the undermentioned at their office at 113, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from this day, otherwise the said sale will be completed without reference to any such claim and all such claims, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece of vacant land of the Toka tenure, situate on the East side of Sewri New Road, in the City and Registration District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 1345 square yards or thereabouts and bearing Collector's New Nos. 14230, 14234, 14243, 14261, 14293, 14356 14406, 14430, 14421, 14915, and 14440 New Survey Nos. 1/2443 (part) 3/2434 and Cadastral No, 172 (part) of the Parel Sewri Division and bounded, on or towards the East by the property of Dharma Shimria Nakwa, on or towards the West by Sewri New Road, on or towards the South by the property of the said Dharma Shimria Nakwa and on or towards the North by the Plot No. 9.

Dated this 22nd day of June, 1925.

ARDESHIR HORMUSJI DINSHAW AND CO.,
Purchasers' Attorneys.
C23532

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that SADICKALI ALLIBUX, of Bombay, Mahomedan Inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office in Cama Building, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL THAT piece or parcel of Fazandari land or ground together with the messuage and dwelling house standing thereon situate, lying and being at Ripon Road, outside the Fort and in the registration Sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 106 square yards or thereabouts registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under New Survey No. 3540, Cadestral Survey No. 1748, of Byculla Division of Bombay, assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under E Ward No. 3991 (1), Street No. 178 and bounded as follows that is to say, on or towards the East by Sweeper's passage, on or towards the West by Ripon Road aforesaid, on or towards the North by a passage and on or towards the South by the property of Kikabhai Mulla and another.

Dated this 23rd day of June, 1925.

JEHANGIR MEHTA & SOMJEE.
Purchasers Attorneys.
C 23546

NOTICE.

RESALE OF PROPERTY AT GAMDEVI.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Messrs. KOORPAL HEMRAJ, LALJI NENSEY and PREMJI NENSEY, of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitants have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office No. 110, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE ABOVE REFERRED TO

All that piece of land, situate at Gamdevi in the Walkeshwar Division of D. Ward in the City and Island and Sub-Registration District of Bombay, which piece of land has been computed to contain a total area of three hundred and six square yards or thereabouts, and which is bounded on the North-West by a new road known as New Gamadevi Road, on the East by property belonging to Ramchandra Bhasker Mantri and on the South by Gamdevi Road, which said piece of land is known as Plot No. 62 on the GAMDEVI ESTATE of the Board and which said premises are assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under New Survey No. 7318 and are assessed by the Municipality under Ward No. 2792 (8) Street No. nil and are now in the occupation of the Lessee's tenants together with the buildings now erected and built thereon.

Dated this 23rd day of June, 1925.

PANDIA and Co.
Purchaser's Attorneys.
C23548.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY,

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas King Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration of the property and credits of DEVCHAND GAGU, late of Bombay, Lohana Hindu Inhabitant, Manager of Allarakhia Thaver, residing at Kamatipura 5th Lane, outside the Fort of Bombay ..... Deceased.

VASSANJI DEVCHAND, of Bombay, Lohana Hindu Inhabitant, son of the deceased, not employed, residing at Kamatipura 5th Lane, outside the Fort of Bombay ..... Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the estate of the above named deceased are hereby cited to come and see the proceedings if they think fit before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness Sir NORMAN CRANSTOUN MACLEOD, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid this Seventeenth day of June in the year of our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and twenty-five and in the sixteenth year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

P. B. MALABARI,
Registrar.

E. J. DAVAR,
17th day of June, 1925.
G. B. PANDYA, Esq.,
Petitioner's Attorney.
C25537

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that our clients Messrs. RAWJI SOJPAL, MEGHJI SOJPAL and PALLAN SOJPAL, all of Bombay, Hindus have purchased the undermentioned property at the Auction sale held on the 16th day of April, 1925 by Messrs. Bennett and Co., Auctioneers, under instructions from Mr. Nanabhai Hormusji Moos, Bar-at-Law, Receiver of the estate of the late Mr. Dorabji Cursetji Shroff, deceased, appointed by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay by a Consent Decree, dated 15th February, 1923, made in suit No. 4034 of 1922. All persons having or claiming any right, title or interest in or to the said property or any part thereof, whether by way of inheritance, bequest, trust, possession, gift, sale, mortgage, charge, lien or lease or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make such claims known in writing to the undermentioned at their office at 113, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from this day otherwise the said sale will be completed without reference to any such claim and all such claims, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

PLOT NO. 1.

ALL that piece of vacant land of the Toka tenure, situate on the West side of the Sewri New Road in the City and Registration District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 5600 square yards or thereabouts and bearing Collector's New Nos. 14230, 14234, 14243, 14261, 14293, 14356, 14406, 14430, 14442 and 14915, New Survey No. 1/2443 (part) and Cadastral Survey No. 209 (part) of the Parel-Sewri Division and bounded, on or towards the East by the said Sewri New Road, on or towards the West by the property of J. N. Tata, on or towards the south by Plot No. 2 and on or towards the North by the Golanji Hill Road

PLOT NO. 2.

ALL that piece of vacant land of the Toka tenure, situate on the West side of the Sewri New Road, in the City and Registration District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement an area of 6977 square yards or thereabouts and bearing Collector's New Nos. 14230, 14234, 14243 14261, 14293, 14356, 14406, 14430, 14442, 14918 and E/14258, New Survey No. 1/2443 (part) and 2/2443 and Cadastral Survey No. 209 (part) of the Parel Sewri Division and bounded, on or towards the East by the Sewri New Road, on or towards the West by the property of J. N. Tata, on or towards the South by Plot No. 3 and on or towards the North by Plot No. 1.

PLOT NO. 3

ALL that piece of vacant land of the Toka tenure, situate on the West side of the Sewri New Road in the City and Registration District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 5087 square yards or thereabouts and bearing Collector's New Nos. 14230, 14234, 14243, 14261, 14356, 14406, 14430, 14442 and 14915, New Survey No. 1/2443 (part) and Cadastral No. 209 (part), of the Parel Sewri Division and bounded, on or towards the East by the Sewri New Road, on or towards the West by property recently acquired by Government, on or towards the South by property recently acquired by Government, and on or towards the North by Plot No. 2.

Dated this 22nd day of June, 1925.

ARDESIR HORMUSJI DINSHAW & CO.,
Purchasers' Attorneys.
C23534

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 3220 of 1923.

LADY DHUNBAI CAWASJI JEHANGIR and another ..... Plaintiffs.

Vs.

LADY JEHANGIR BILLIMORIA and Others ..... Defendants.

PURSUANT to the Decree Absolute for Sale made in the above Suit and bearing date the 19th day of February, 1925, the following immoveable property will be sold by Public Auction by the Commissioner of this Honourable Court at his Office in the Court House on WEDNESDAY, the 15th day of July, 1925, at the hour of 4-30 o'clock in the afternoon (Standard Time).

PARTICULARS.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground of the leasehold tenure, situate at Altamount Road, Cumballa Hill, without the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 1083 square yards or thereabouts and being a portion of the land registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 307, New No. 2064, Old Survey No. 64 and, New Survey No. 7126, together with the dwelling house and all buildings and structures standing thereon assessed by the Bombay Municipality under Ward No. 3444(4), Street No. 226 and bounded, on or towards the East by the said Altamount Road, on or towards the West by the Plot No. 7, belonging to Esoofally Mahomedally, on or towards the North by Plot No. 5 and belonging to D. A. Cama and on or towards the South by Plot No. 3 belonging to Ardeshir Namdar Irani.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, application should be made at the Office of the said Commissioner or at the Office of Messrs. Mulla and Mulla, Attorneys for the Plaintiffs abovenamed at Gresham Buildings, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 26th day of May, 1925.

(Sd.) R. B. PATEL,
Ag. Commissioner.
C23436

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that our clients Messrs. RAWJI SOJPAL, MEGHJI SOJPAL and PALLAN SOJPAL, all of Bombay, Hindus have purchased the undermentioned property at the Auction Sale held on the 16th day of April, 1925, by Messrs. Bennett and Co., Auctioneers under instructions from Mr. Nanabhai Hormusji Moos, Bar-at-Law, Receiver of the estate of the late Mr. Dorabji Cursetji Shroff deceased appointed by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay by a Consent Decree, dated 15th February, 1923, made in Suit No. 4034 of 1922. All persons having or claiming any right, title or interest in or to the said property or any part thereof, whether by way of inheritance, bequest, trust, possession, gift, sale, mortgage, charge, lien or lease or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make such claims known in writing to the undermentioned at their office at 113, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from this day otherwise the said sale will be completed without reference to any such claim and all such claims, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

PLOT NO. 23

ALL that piece of vacant land of the Toka tenure, situate on the North side of the Golanji Hill Road, in the City and Registration District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 737 square yards or thereabouts and bearing Collector's New Nos. 14645, 14683, and 14299 New Survey No. 2/2444 and Cadastral No. 439 of the Parel-Sewri Division and bounded, on or towards the East partly by the Golanji Hill Road and partly by the property of Teju Kaya and Co., on or towards the West partly by the property of Teju Kaya and Co., and partly by the Golanji Hill Road, on or towards the South by Golanji Hill Road and on or towards the North by the property of Teju Kaya and Co.

Dated this 22nd day of June, 1925.

ARDESIR HORMUSJI DINSHAW & CO.,
Purchasers' Attorneys.
23530

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NOTIFICATION BY THE COMMISSIONER OF POLICE BOMBAY.

No. 5806/151 of 1925.

THE following draft of a Notification, which it is proposed to issue under section 22 (1) (b) of the City of Bombay Police Act, IV of 1902, is published, as required by section 22 (2) of the said Act, for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby, and notice is hereby given that any objections or suggestions which may be received in writing by the Commissioner of Police from any person or persons with regard to the draft on or before the 28th July, 1925, will be duly considered.

DRAFT NOTIFICATION.

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 22 (1) (b) of the City of Bombay Police Act, IV of 1902, the Commissioner of Police has made the following additional rule:—

21. REGULATION OF TRAFFIC ON QUEEN'S ROAD:—No bullock cart or hand cart shall be permitted to pass along Queen's Road unless the person in charge thereof possesses a permit granted by the Commissioner of Police.

P. A KELLY,
Commissioner of Police.

Head Police Office:
Bombay, 19th June, 1925.

C23541

MINERVA MILLS, LIMITED.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the FIFTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, Henshaw's Buildings, Bank Street, Fort, Bombay, on WEDNESDAY, the 24th day of June, 1925, at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.) to transact the following business:—

1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Balance Sheet as at 31st December 1924.
2. To elect Directors in place of those who retire by rotation, but who are eligible for re-election.
3. To appoint Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.
4. To transact any other business the Chairman may bring before the Meeting.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 17th day of June, 1925, to the 25th day of June, 1925, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,
N. SIRUR & CO.
Managing Agents.

Bombay, 24th April, 1925.

C23132

READY WASTE FOR SALE.

COTTON and YARN WASTES of different sorts accumulated in The Crown Spinning and Manufacturing Co. Ltd., situated at New Parbhadevi Road, Parel, are for sale. Offers and Tenders for the same will be received in the Company's office at No. 16, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay upto 5 p.m. (S. T.) on TUESDAY the 30th June, 1925, along with a cash deposit of Rs. 500/-(Five hundred) for each Tender. The Company reserves to itself the right to accept or reject a tender or tenders wholly or in part. The forms may be procured from the Company's office during office hours.

(Sd/-) PURSHOTAM VITHALDAS & CO.,
Agents.
c. 23531.

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PUBLIC NOTICES.

AN UNIQUE OPPORTUNITY FOR BONA-FIDE INVESTORS.

...PERS ARE INVITED for purchase or Lease for 999 years of very valuable ...ots of land, admeasuring from 550 to ...0 square yards each having a very large ...ontage on the Tram line at Bhendy ...zar, near Sir J. J. Hospital. For ...rticulars apply to the undersigned.

JAL D. DICK,
Secretary.
Haji Zonal Abedin Shirazi Trust,
No. 1, Ash Lane, Fort, Bombay.
23520

TENDERS.

...EAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY
(Incorporated in England.)

...NDER FOR THE SUPPLY OF WOOD-... FITTINGS FOR COACHING STOCK.

...EALED TENDERS will be received by ... the Agent at his office at Victoria Ter...nus, Bombay, up to 3 p.m. (S.T.) on ...EDNESDAY, the 22nd July, 1925, for ... supply of wooden fittings such as window ... gauze frames, louvres, doors, etc., re...red for the interior finish of coaching ...ck. Deliveries to commence 1st October, ...5 and to be completed by 31st October, ...5.

... Detailed specifications and drawings ... be obtained from the Acting Chief Me...nical Engineer, Parel, on payment of Rs. ... per set.

... No special forms for tenders will be ...ed, tenderers should tender on their own ...s, or by letter, and envelopes contain... the tender should be clear... marked "Tender for the sup... of wooden fittings for coaching ...k."

... A sum of Rs. 1,000 must be deposited ...h and sent direct to the Cashier G. I. P. ..., Victoria Terminus, Bombay, as earn... money, at the time of submitting ten..., without which no tender will be consi...ed. This deposit must be in cash or ...rency notes only on which no interest will ...allowed.

... The successful tenderer will be re...red to enter into an agreement and de...it as security a sum equal to 10 per cent ...the value of the order (subject to a maxi...m of Rs. 10,000/-). This deposit must be ...olly in cash (on which no interest will be ...owed) or wholly in Government paper the ...rket value of which is equal to deposit ...uired and it will be liable to forfeiture ...case of failure to fulfil the terms and con...ions of the agreement.

... The result of the tender will be pub...hed in the Indian Trade Journal ...lcutta.

... The undersigned does not bind him... to accept the lowest tender, the whole ... tender, or any tender.

R. MCLEAN,
Agent.
Victoria Terminus,
G. I. P. R. Bombay.
C23515.

...MBAY BARODA AND CENTRAL INDIA RAILWAY.

...TENDERS FOR THE SUPPLY OF ...AIL-BORNE COAL REQUIRED FOR ...E BOMBAY BARODA AND CENTRAL INDIA RAILWAY.

...ENDERS ARE INVITED for the supply ... of 7,20,000 tons of Steam Coal from ...gal, Bihar and Orissa and Pench ...ley Coalfields to the Bombay Baroda ... Central India Railway to be deli...ed during the twelve months April, 1926 ... March, 1927, into wagons at pitsmouth.

... The Tenders will be considered ordi...ily as for approximately equal monthly ...plies, but Tenderers may also, if they ...desire, specify deliveries other than in ...roximately equal monthly quantities.

... Deliveries shall be made as directed ...m time to time by notice in writing by ... Locomotive Superintendent concerned.

... The coal must be of the best quality, ...ler hand-picked or screened and be free ...m shale or other deleterious matter. It ...st be fresh coal. "Weathered" coal ... not be accepted. Only coal actually ...ed by the contracting firm to be sup...d. No "bought" coal will be allowed.

... Forms of Tender may be obtained ...m the Office of the Chief Mining Engi..., Railway Board, 1, Council House ...et, Calcutta, on payment of Rs. 2 per ...y.

... No Tender will be considered unless ...is submitted on the prescribed Form.

... Tenders from Colliery Proprietors or ...ognised Managing Agents only will be ...sidered.

... The Tenders which may be submitted ... the whole or any portion of the ...antities noted above should be addressed ... sealed covers to the "AGENT, Bombay ...roda and Central India Railway, Bom..., c/o The Chief Mining Engineer, Rail... Board, Calcutta", superscribed ...Tenders for the supply of coal" and will ... received up to the forenoon of the ... July, 1925.

... Successful Tenderers will be expected ... execute the Bombay Baroda and Central ...dia Railway Contract Form and no alte...tion in the same will be permitted.

... The Agent does not bind himself to ...cept the lowest or any Tender or to assign ... reason for non-acceptance, he further ...serves the right to accept any Tender ...olly or in part at his option.

C23513

CLASSIFIED ADVTS.

Readers Private Short Advertisements are inserted in these columns at the following rates:—

HALF ANNA PER WORD.

CASH MUST ACCOMPANY ORDER.

The full name and address of the arvertiser is required, not necessarily for publication.

Advertisers who do not wish their names and addresses published will be given a Box number. The words, Apply Box No..... Advertisement Department, "Bombay Chronicle," to be paid for.

Replies to advertisements cannot be forwarded, but can be obtained at the office on production of the voucher.

Answers to advertisements should be addressed as follows:—Box Number..... Advertisement Department, "Bombay Chronicle" Office, Bombay.

Unclaimed replies to advertisements, are destroyed after one month.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—Two TYPISTS, experienced in attorneys line. Pay according to qualifications. Apply Box No. 838, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
A R1313

WANTED—AN EDITOR for a Gujarati Weekly paper "Shri Swetamber Jain Sthanakwasi Conference Prakash." Only experienced in modern and up-to-date papers need apply to Box No. 829, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
A R1292

WANTED—Sanskrit-knowing GRADUATE or UNDERGRADUATE to teach in High School in Rajputana. Salary Rs. 70-80. Apply with copies of certificates to Box No. 837, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
A R1312

WANTED— WHOLE STAFF for the branches of a limited concern going to be newly started at many places in the Bombay Presidency. Apply with testimonials to:— THE INTERNATIONAL SERVICE SECURING AGENCY, BENARES.
A R1309

WANTED:—Respectable SPARE TIME WORKERS all over Bombay and suburbs and mofussil. Opportunity to add substantially to monthly income. Apply to Box No. 823, Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle."
A 23497

WANTED— Some TRAVELLING and LOCAL AGENTS for different parts of India on pay and commission basis. Two Clerks are also needed. No guaranteed business. Apply with one anna stamp to: Box No. 836, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
A R1310

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—TRAVELLING AGENTS on Rs. 40 plus 10 out-station allowance 2 per cent. Commission and III Class Railway fare. Cash security 500 essential. Apply with one anna stamp to SYAL HOSIERY STORES, 351, Thakurdwar, Bombay.
A 23522

WANTED—A respectable man with very good references for a respectable family to read literature, etc., in Ahmedabad for full time. A Literature loving M.A. of long standing with Sanskrit as second language or an experienced educationist or retired professor might apply personally with testimonials and references for three days from 8 a.m. to 2 p.m. and then by letter only to:—SHETH NARSIDAS JEKISANDAS, Nepeansea Road, Near Kashinath's Bungalow.
A. R314.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED—AGENCY to sell Mill Cloth by a cloth merchant, having experience of 30 years standing Can influence good sales. Apply Box No. 826 Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle."
B R1286

FIFTEEN YEARS Jeitha experienced Cotton Salesman open to ENGAGEMENT. Communicate Box No. 825, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
B R1285

HOUSES & FLATS TO LET.

GODOWN or WORKSHOP—At 426, Girgaum Road, Thakordwar, Area 900 sq. ft. Rent very moderate. Apply DEVKARAN NANJEE, 17, Elphinstone Circle.
C R1282

FOR UP-TO-DATE and well ventilated Offices at reasonable rents. Apply to THE ASIAN COMMERCIAL ASSURANCE CO. LD., Asian Buildings, Ballard Estate, Fort, Bombay.
C 23498

MOTOR GARAGES—At 426, Girgaum Road, Thakordwar. All convenience including Telephone. Rent very moderate. Apply DEVKARAN NANJEE, 17, Elphinstone Circle, Telephone No. 24001.
C1281

TRADE ANNOUNCEMENTS.

DO YOU WANT NILGIRI TEA? Please communicate immediately with MANOHAR COMPANY, Dadar.
T R1315

PUNJAB PRODUCE SUPPLIERS—Order for the following:—Indian Drugs, Pulses, Soap-nuts, Liquorice, Gums, Walnuts, Atits, Rice, Myrabollams and other products of the Punjab. From Messrs. BISHEN DAS BAL KISHEN DAS, Rang Mahal, LAHORE.
T 23500

MOTOR AND ACCESSORIES.

GOOD OPPORTUNITY for Motor Hirers. Private Motors on hire, for Office use. For Exchange and share brokers, from 11 to 5, or any convenient time. Charges extremely moderate. Apply Box No. 828, advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
JA R1291

FOR SALE—Seven seater 15 H.P. FIAT LANDAULETTE, fitted with spare rim, Carbide lights, Speedometer, Alluminum foot-boards, tool-box and luggage trellis on top. Newly painted, Lining and Hood in excellent condition. Price Rs. 4,000 or nearest offer.

Two seater MAXWELL, with dicky seat for two, fitted with Carbide lamps, Speedometer, horn, alluminum footboards. Engine in perfect running order. Price Rs. 1,000 or nearest offer.

Two seater SCRIPPSBOOTH, complete with Speedometer, dickyseat, carbide lamps, horn, footrester and spare detachable wheel. Paint and upholstery in excellent condition. Price Rs. 1,200 or nearest offer.

Above Motors are open to inspection and trials can be arranged on appointment. Apply to DIWAN, PALITANA STATE, Palitana.
JA 23544

EDUCATIONAL.

THE KALKADEVI SHORTHAND AND TYPEWRITING INSTITUTION—Established 1898.—The most successful and therefore the best. Testimonials from Member of Parliament and other Europeans, etc., etc., Subjects:—Book-keeping and Accountancy, Typewriting, Shorthand and Shorthand speed classes and all other commercial subjects Excellent results every year. Special arrangements for Ladies. Managing Proprietor, GOPALDAS LALDAS Princess Street Corner, Kalkadevi Road, Bombay.

ALEXANDRA COLLEGE OF COMMERCE, (Estd. 1905).—New Session for Corporation of Accountants, Special Banking, Incorporated Secretaries, London Chamber of Commerce and other Courses begins from 11th June. Guarantee to coach until successful. Moderate fees payable by instalments. Staff of Professional Experts. Prospectus from PRINCIPAL, Bhesania Building, 172, Hornby Road, Bombay.
M

PROPERTIES FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—Two BUNGALOWS at BANGALORE, one large and one small, with extensive open ground, suitable for further building, containing accommodation for a large family, including Stables, Garages, etc. For price and particulars apply to Mr. PATEL, Engineer 33, Medows Street, Bombay.
R1218

MACHINERY, TOOLS, ETC.

WANTED—One Compound Non-condensing STEAM ENGINE 100 I.H.P. Apply with lowest prices and full particulars to Box No. 835, Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle."
N R1308

FOR SALE—TWO Combined A. C. Pumping Sets, comprising Centrifugal Pump, 2½" suction, 1½" delivery, direct coupled to a 3 phase squirrel cage A. C. Motor 208/360 volts R. P. M. 2850. Price Rs. 355 each nett, F. O. R. Bombay. Apply to LONGOVICA LTD., 102, Clive Street, Calcutta.
K 23543

FOR SALE—5 Spans of W. I. N. Girders, complete with Flooring Plates, Hand Rails and Piles. Offers will be accepted by the STATE ENGINEER, BHAVNAGAR (Kathiawar), only upto the 1st. August, 1925, if accompanied with a deposit of Rs. 5,000.
K 23547

PERSONAL.

WANTED—FULL ADDRESS and whereabouts of Mr. NARIMAN FRAMROZ LIMBUWALA, B.A., who was our Canvasser for getting orders for Water-Lifts manufactured by us and who then absconded with our order-books and advance-money received from some customers. A prize of ten rupees will be awarded to one who gives exact information. Write to CHHOTUBHAI DAHYABHAI MISTRY, Rahat Factory, Bulsar (Dt. Surat).
P 2416

FRUITS, FLOWERS, SEEDS.

MANGOES AND LICHIS.

ROSE LICHI 400 Rs. 3/8, 800 Rs. 6 MANGOES—LANGRA Rs. 20; BOMBAY and KISHUNBHOG at Rs. 15 per 100. Pkg. and freight extra. Price with order. N. B.—Mangoes rare, book your orders with cash immediately. Ask for price list for our healthiest mango and Lichi grafts with 1 anna stamp. SUPERINTENDENT, BEHAR GARDEN, No. 3, Darbhanga.
23322

MANGOES AND LICHIES GRAFTS

MANGOES and LICHIES GRAFTS five years old Rs. 30/- three years Rs. 25/-; two years Rs. 20; one year Rs. 13 per dozen. Packing freight extra, price with order. Send one anna stamp for a catalogue of the grafts. SUPERINTENDENT, Estate Garden, Darbhanga.
F 23440

FINEST DESERT PEARS—from the middle of July APPLES in August, sent to any part of India carefully packed by V. P. Post at Rs. 5-10 for 9-lbs. of fruit. Apply to A. H. LEE, Bundrole Orchards, KULU, Punjab.
R 1169.

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

TYPEWRITERS:—We offer New Fox Standard Typewriters, list price Rs. 450, for Rs. 290 Net. Unique opportunity to secure a highgrade typewriter with many exclusive features at such a low price. Call or write for demonstration. Corona latest Improved Model Rs. 195, Corona Four (Four-bank Standard Keyboard) Rs. 225, Remington Portable Rs. 234, Factory Rebuilt Remingtons 10 and 11 and Olivers 9 and 11 at exceptionally low prices. Secondhand Typewriters from Rs. 80 and upwards. Repairs to All Makes. A visit will pay you. THE GLOBE TYPE WRITING CO., 24, Churchgate St. Fort Bombay.
N W

TYPEWRITERS FOR SALE—New Yost No. 20, Foolscap or Brief Size, Rs. 200; Oliver 3, Rs. 60, Brief 70, Empire 1, Rs. 75-Remington 10, Rs. 125 to 200, Brief Rs. 140 to 200; Gujerati Rem. 120, Mahrati 125, Visible, Rs. 190; Corona 3, Rs. 85 to 125, Rem. Portable, Rs. 145; Corona, Improved, New, 195, Corona Four, Rs. 225; NICOLLS & COMPANY, Typewriter Experts, opposite Petit Institute, Hornby Road, Bombay. Telephone No. 21223.
N Ws

PROFESSION

GUINEAWORM and RINGWORM.—First class infallible medicine for above for external use can be had at Re. 1 per phial from K. JAGANNATHAN, Santa Cruz, Packing and Postage Extra.
P R1245

AUCTION SALES.

GANDHI & CO.
Auctioneers & Commission Agents.
No. 72, Medows Street, Fort.
Telephone No. 24927.

GOOD OPPORTUNITY TO BUY IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY.

AUCTION SALE OF A VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY (SITA VILLA) SITUATE NEAR LABOURNUM ROAD, GAMDEVI, WITHOUT THE FORT OF BOMBAY.

Messrs. GANDHI AND CO., Auctioneers, will under instructions from Messrs. Malvi Mody Ranchhoddas and Co., Attorneys for Messrs. Hariram Bhimji Sons and Co., the Mortgagees and on account and at the risk of Anandrao Ramchandra Vinayak Ranjit, the Mortgagor in pursuance of the power of sale contained in the Indenture of Mortgage dated 3rd December, 1923, made between the Mortgagor of the one part and the Mortgagees of the other part sell by Public Auction the undermentioned Immoveable Property on SATURDAY, the 27th June, 1925, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) on the premises.

SCHEDULE.

All that piece or parcel of leasehold land, containing an area of four hundred and fifty-two square yards or thereabouts situate lying and being Plot No. 50 of the Gamdevi Estate of the Improvement Trust Board in the City and Island and Sub-Registration District of Bombay together with all and singular the buildings courts, compounds, yards, areas, ways, paths, passages, common gullies, sewers drains, threes, plants shrubs, wells, watercourses, lights, liberties privileges easements, advantages, and appertenances whatsoever to the said hereditaments and premises or any part thereof belonging to in anywise appartaining or usually held or enjoyed or occupied therewith or reputed to belong or be appertenance thereto and bounded on the North-East and on the South-East by Pot No. 50-A of the said Estate to be leased to Mankandrai Girjaprasad Desai, on the South-West by Labournum Road and on the North-West by Plot No. 49A of the said Estate agreed to be leased to Sir Vithaldas Thakersey and Lallubhai Shamaldas Mehta which piece of land forms portion of lands bearing New S. No. 7335 and Cadastral S. No. 492, Malabar and Cumballa Hill Division.

For further particulars and conditions of sale please apply to Messrs. MALVI MODY RANCHHODDAS & CO., Attorneys for the Mortgagees at their Office at Meadows Street, Fort, or to the undersigned.

GANDHI & CO.,
Auctioneers.

AUCTION SALES.

BENNETT & CO.
120, Apollo Street, Fort.

AUCTION SALE OF A LARGE AREA OF AGRICULTURE LAND AND A LARGE TILE AND BRICK FACTORY WITH MACHINERY FOR MAKING BRICKS AND TILES AT KALYAN.

Under constructions from Mr. James Stott Receiver in Suit No. 93 of 1923 Messrs. BENNETT and CO., will on SATURDAY the 4th July 1925 sell by Public Auction at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.) at Kalyan Stores near Kalyan Railway Station, the following:—

All these piece sor parcels of land or ground with the messuage factory, Drying Shed, Pug Mill Engine and Boiler House, Kiln, Chimneys, office buildings, godowns and chawls standing thereon, properties marked 134 situate at village Umbarda and property marked 35 at village Manoa Sub-Division and Taluka Kalyan and District Thana admeasuring 24 acres and 28 3/4 Gunthas or thereabouts be the same little more or less (bearing various entry and Survey numbers and area.)

VASOONDRI PROPERTY (KALYAN.)

All that piece or parcel of land or ground with the messuage or shed or structure standing thereon situate lying and being in the Village of Vasoondri near the Titwala Station in Kalyan Taluka Zilla Thana in the Registration Sub-District of Vasoondri containing by admeasurement 107 acres and 26 Gunthas or thereabouts which bears various entry numbers survey numbers Hissa number, and area of productive and unproductive land with assessment.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, list of Machinery and for Entry and Survey numbers and the area with assessment apply to Messrs. Craigie Blunt and Caroe Solicitors at "Standard Building" Hornby Road or to the undersigned.

On SATURDAY, the 27th June at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will sell by Public Auction at their rooms the quantity of grey and coloured piecegoods, etc.

By order of the Chief Presidency Magistrate, one lot unclaimed and proclaimed articles, wearing apparels, time pieces, watches, gold and silver ornaments, silk sarees, dhotees, one cycle, copper utensils, glassware, etc.

AT 2-30 P.M. (S.T.)

1 secondhand rubber-tyred victoria.
1 secondhand rubber-tyred vis-a-vis.
1 secondhand rubber-tyred brougham.
1 secondhand rubber-tyred office shigram.
1 Bay Arab horse in harness.
1 Waler horse in harness.

Under instructions from Mr. Framroz Ardesir Vakil, Executor of the late Mr. Elias Soloman Sassoon.

1 "Willys-Knight" 21 H.P. touring car 7 seater, 4 cylinder in perfect order.

AUCTION SALE OF 80 BUNDLES MILD STEEL SHEETS 235 FLAT IRON BARS AND 11 ROUND BARS.

Under instructions from N. H. Moos, Esqr., the Receiver in Suit No. 1017 of 1923 (Shantilal vs. Peermahomed), Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will on TUESDAY the 30th June, 1925, sell by Public Auction at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.) at No. 43-A Carnac Siding Road, Carnac Bunder.

80 Bundles Mild Steel Sheets.
235 Flat Iron Bars.
11 Round Bars (4 loose and 1 bundle).

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

BENNETT & CO.

MENESSE & CO.
GREAT WESTERN BUILDING, APOLLO STREET.

NOTICE OF AUCTION SALE.

The Auction Sale of Cotton Mill Machinery made by Messrs. Howard and Bullough, Ltd., and others to take place on Wednesday, the 24th June, 1925, at Messrs. MENESSE and Co. Auction Sale Room on account and at the risk of the Sree Meenakshi Mills Ltd., of Madura is postponed.

MENESSE AND CO.,

AMUSEMENTS.

IMPERIAL
presents
TO-NIGHT AND THIS WEEK
KOHINOOR'S SUPER PICTURE
RAMBHA OF RAJNAGAR
featuring
Miss ZUBEDA and Miss YEKBAL
and other known stars.
DAILY FOUR SHOWS:—
At 5, 7, 9 & 11 P. M.
EXTRA SHOWS
On Saturdays, Sundays and Bank Holidays at 3 P. M.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

KATNI
"CASTLE" BRAND
AND
JUBBULPORE
"LOTUS" BRAND
Portland Cements
ALSO
KATNI
FIRE BRICKS,
FIRE CLAY,
BOILER SEATING BLOCKS
FLUE COVERS
All available for
IMMEDIATE DELIVERY EX-
BOMBAY STOCK.
THE KATNI CEMENT AND INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD.
THE JUBBULPORE PORTLAND CEMENT CO., LTD.
C. MACDONALD & CO.,
AGENTS
Laxmi Building, Ballard Road, Fort, BOMBAY.
Tel. No. 20418.

AUCTION SALES.

J. S. MODY & CO.
APOLLO STREET.
Telephone No. 23409.

RARE OPPORTUNITY TO TIMBER MERCHANTS, HOUSE BUILDERS AND BUILDING CONTRACTORS.

AUCTION SALE OF A BIG LOT OF VARIOUS SORTS OF TIMBER SQUARES, LOGS AND SCANTLINGS.

Under instructions from the Turkish Red Crescent Society, Messrs. J. S. MODY & Co., will sell by Auction this day, WEDNESDAY, 24th day of June, 1925, at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the Sewree Pond and in the compound of the Chottani Saw Mills, Sewree, the undermentioned lots of Timber which were handed over to the said Society by the Central Khilafat Committee of India comprising of Burmah Teak wood squares (mixed marks), Maiyang and Eng. wood squares, Sesum wood, Karwar Teak, Bentick and Pine Wood Round Logs, Planks, Scantlings and Remnants of Oregon Pine Wood, Deal Wood, Japanese Pine Wood, Jungle Wood, Teakwood, Golden Teakwood, Sesum Wood, silky wood and Maiyang wood, Jungle wood sleepers, etc., etc.

The above lots are now on view at the Sewree Pond and in the compound of the Chottani Saw Mills.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

AUCTION SALE ON SUNDAY 28th June 1925 at 2-30 P. M. (S.T.)

AUCTION SALE OF THE STOCK IN TRADE OF THE FURNITURE SHOP OF MR. JAFFER SOMJEE NATHOO AT CHUCKLA STREET, FURNITURE BAZAR.

Messrs. J. S. MODY and Co. Auctioneers will sell by Public Auction on SUNDAY the 28th day of June, 1925, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the shop in Chuckla Street, Furniture Bazar, by order of the owner Mr. Jaffer Somjee Nathoo, who is closing his furniture business, valuable made to order household furniture comprising dining tables, arm and armless chairs, meatsafes, sideboard, dinner and dumbwaiters, marble and plain top tables, tile and plain top teapoys, Paris pattern plush lined drawing room suite, corner cabinets, plain top writing tables, roll top writing tables, American roll top typewriting table, mirror and plain top single and double almyrahs, clothes and gown presses, chest of drawers, marble top dressing and wash-hand tables, hat-stands, glass door book cases, wooden bedsteads, towel horses etc.

The above will be on view 4 days before the date of sale.

J. S. MODY & CO.,
Auctioneers.

GLOBE CINEMA
SANDHURST ROAD
PRESENTS
FUNERAL PROCESSION OF
DESHBANDHU DAS.
SEE THIS UNIQUE EVENT WITHOUT FAIL.
Time: 5-30, 7, 8-45 and 10-30.

AMUSEMENTS.

PATHE' CINEMA
ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

PATHE PICTORIAL PATHE COMEDY AND PATHE GAZETTE
SHOWING ALL THIS WEEK AT 6, 8 and 10 P. M.
POPULAR PRICES.

WEST-END
TO-NIGHT—THIS WEEK !
A Roaring Comedy Drama in 6 Reels
Starring the world-famed Comedian
MAX LINDER
IN
"CIRCUSMANIA"
Superb Circus Scenes—an hour and half's continuous roars of laughter—
MAX LINDER
as a lion-tamer, but when confronted with a real lion—
The programme includes the international News
TO-NIGHT : 5-30; 7; 8-45 and 10-30 P. M. (S. T.)
WEST-END
CINEMA—New Churni Road.

WELLINGTON
TO-NIGHT—THIS WEEK!
A GREAT DRAMA OF LOVE & WEALTH
A Magnificent Universal-Jewal Drama from the famous stage play by Owen Davis
"UP THE LADDER"
with the wonderfully sublime star. Are Husbands Worth Fighting For ? Do you know what the latest scientific miracle—the wonderfull invention.
TELEVISION PHONE
is ! This apparatus allows one to actually see the person to whom one is speaking over the telephone.
The Programme includes a 2-Reel century comedy.
To-Night : 5-15; 7; 8-45 and 10-30 P. M. (S. T.)
WELLINGTON
CINEMA—DHOBI TALAO.

GLOBE CINEMA Sandhurst Road
5-30, 7, 8-45 & 10-30 P.M. Daily.
Sat. Sun. & Bank Holidays at 3-30.
Prices :—Rs. 2, Re. 1. As. 12 As. 8, As. 4 and As. 3 including Tax.
6th Week. Episodes Nos. 16, 17 and 18.
"FANTOMAS"
"FANTOMAS"
featuring : Edna Murphy, Johnnie Walker, Eve Balfour and Edward Roseman.
Have you heard of Bawla Murder Case? :—It is just like the same. The capture of Ruth by chloroform.
Also 2-Reels Comedy
FLOOR WALKER
featuring :—
CHARLIE CHAPLIN.

Cinema Majestic
Presents THIS WEEK
HINDOOSTAN FILM CO'S.
Hedamb Bakasur Vadha
Hedamb Bakasur Vadha
TIME AND RATES AS USUAL.

BOMBAY COTTON MARKET.

BOMBAY MARKET.

COTTON.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

June 23.

To-day Reuter reported 13 points lower in old crop and 8 to 14 points lower in new crop in New York futures. At the opening the market advanced on short covering but later the prices gave way on long liquidation on reports of rains in Central Texas. Liverpool has been reported 20 points up. The market improved on short covering.

Messrs. Umrigar and Vesugars' New York friends Messrs. A. Norden and Co. cable under date 22nd Inst. as under :—

"Market declined on July liquidation. South Texas continues dry."

Both the American as well as the local markets indicate a steadier feeling latterly. The steadiness on the other side is due principally to continuance of lack of rains in several parts of Texas, and unless the weather within a few days change for the better it will create a serious outlook.

Locally there has been an increased activity since last few days both in forward and ready markets, and unless the American markets suddenly collapse we look for a still upward tendency of prices here.

Following a slight set-back being reported in New-York futures the Marwadi Bazar opened this morning at Rs. 458 i. e. half a rupee less than yesterday's closing rate for fully good m. g. Broach July/August. At the opening Commission Houses were buyers and the values advanced to Rs. 461. Selling by Shroffs caused a set-back and the prices gave way to Rs. 459 but again improved to Rs. 460 on scattered buying and closed at Rs. 459 1/2 at 4 p. m. At Cotton Green the market opened at Rs. 460 and closed quiet at Rs. 456 on free selling by Marwari Shroffs.

New fully good m. g. Broach April/May opened at Rs. 423 and gradually improved to Rs. 436 on Commission Houses and general buying and closed at Rs. 425 at 4 p. m. Fine m. g. Oomra December/January opened at Rs. 393 1/2 and steadily advanced to Rs. 398 on Commission Houses buying and closed at Rs. 397 fully good m. g. Bengal July and December/January was nominally quoted at Rs. 388 and and Rs. 358 respectively.

Our market for ready cotton remained steady yesterday and the demand from Japan shippers and mills was better, and about 9,000 bales were reported to have changed hands.

COTTON.

Cotton Green Closing quotations (6-30 p.m.)

Bombay, June 23.

Fully Good Broach April/May	422½
Fully Good Broach July/Aug.	456
Fully Good Bengal Dec/Jan.	355
Fully Good Bengal July	385
Fine Oomra Dec/Jan.	394½

SPOT QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, June 23.

Description, Superfine, Fine, F. Good, Good.				
M.G. Bengal and Sindh				
Punjab	416	406	391	381
M.G. Kadi-Viramgaon	473	463	453	443
M.G. Dhollera	463	453	443	433
M.G. Junjab-American	500	490	480	470
M.G. Broach	490	480	470	460
M.G. Southerns			443	433
			F.G. Fair	423

EAST INDIAN COTTON ASSOCIATION.

Bombay, June 23.

Fully Good Broach April/May	425
Fully Good Broach July/Aug.	460
Fully Good Bengal Dec/Jan.	357
Fully Good Bengal July	387
Fine Oomra Dec/Jan.	396
Good Southerns June	435

READY APPROXIMATE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, June 23.

	Ready average quality	Ready Fine
Bengal Superfine M.G.	.....	.....
Bengal Fine M.G.	.....	395
Sindh-Punjab F.G.M.G.	380	.....
Sindh-Punjab Fine M.G.	.....	395
Sindh-Punjab F.G.M.G.	380	.....
Punjab-Americans M.G.	450/60	470/80
Wardha-Hingt. Fine M.G.	400/430	450/60
Nagpur	400/430	450/60
Yeotmal Fine M.G.	390/410	440
Pulgaon Fine M.G.	400/420	440/45
Dhamangaon Fine M.G.	390/400	430/35
Amraoti Fine M.G.	340/85	430
Khamgaon-Akola Fine M.G.	350/85	400/415
Mulkapur Fine M.G.	350/70	380/400
Khandesh Fine M.G.	345/55	375/90
Khandesh F.G.M.G.	.....	.....
Broach Fine M.G.	.....	470/80
Broach Fully Good M.G.	.....	455/65
Muthia Fine M.G.	.....	.....
Muthia F.G.M.G.	.....	.....
Dharwar S.G.	.....	450/60
Coompta M.G.	.....	450/60
Westerns M.G.	.....	380/425
Westerns H.G.	.....	.....
Miraj M.G.	.....	440/50
Cambodia M.G.	.....	475/95

WIRE OF MESSRS. A. NORDEN & CO.

Messrs. Ratilal and Co., Cotton Brokers and Commission Agents, Bombay, received on Tuesday the following cable from their Friends Messrs. A. Norden and Co., of New York :—dated 22nd.

"Market influenced by July liquidation."

NEW YORK AND LIVERPOOL QUOTATIONS.

MESSRS, PATEL BROTHERS' REPORT

June 23.

New York Market 22nd June.

Previous Close.	Delivery.	Last known prices in Liverpool.	Closing Prices.	Since previous Close.
23.50	July.	23.63+13	23.37	—13
23.36	Oct.		23.28	—08
23.08	Jan.	23.18+10	22.94	—14
23.34	Mar.		23.22	—11

Telegraphic market advices :—Featureless market.

July highest 23.75 (10.11 a.m.), lowest 23.46 (2.32 p.m.). range .30 points.

Liverpool Market 22nd June

12.72	Jul.	12.86+13	12.85+12	12.93+20
12.33	Oct.	12.47+14		12.53+20
12.21	Jan.			12.41+20
12.24	Mar.			12.44+20
Egyptian				
23.10	Nov.			23.80+70
21.95	Jan.			22.60+85

Egyptian,

Telegraphic market advices :—(1) Cabled 21-6-1925 :

"Heavy rains Jackson and Mississippi district, light to heavy showers over Central Texas, will check deterioration."

(2) Cabled 22-6-1925. 10.15 a.m. : "Light to moderate rainfall New Orleans district and Galveston (Texas) district. Western belt partly cloudy, all balance entirely fair.

(3) American cross rate on Saturday 4.86 1/4; Monday 4.86 1/4.

BREUL & CO.'S MARKET REPORT.

EAST INDIAN COTTON.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.

Bombay, June 23.

In full-pressed Bales	2 Days	Since 1st September This year	Last year
Khandesh ..	114	290,165	338,840
Central India	615	328,940	300,819
Barsi and Nagar	212	200,182	202,128
Hyderabad-Gaorani	..	96,053	103,341
Berar	85	559,686	644,364
Central Provinces ..	28	253,286	264,938
Total Oomras ..	1,054	1,728,012	1,854,460
Dholera	1,004	285,630	178,343
N.W. Provinces	..	130,529	121,363
Rajputana ..	301	73,322	87,348
Sind-Punjab	8	356,088	306,201
Broach ..	..	477,617	307,241
Coompta & Dharwar	2,295	146,048	174,084
Westerns-Northerns	841	77,477	81,333
Coconada ..	381	1,638	510
Tinnevelly and Cambodia ..	..	30,589	27,671
Persian	10	4,703	8,177
American ..	..	9,649	2
Egyptian and African	566	53,967	50,401
Comilla, Burma & other sorts ..	..	3,487	819
Total ..	6,460	33,78,556	31,98,223

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY.

In full-pressed Bales	Yesterday	1st Sept. to 18th June This year.	Last year
Europe	2,723	605,339	1,031,614
Japan & China ..	8,551	1,677,961	1,411,110
Coast Ports ..	280	29,301	48,123
Upcountry by Rail. ..	..	14,044	19,731
Afloat in harbour for Europe, China and Japan	..	89,067	16,815
Total ..	11,554	2,415,712	2,527,393

P. CHRYSTAL & CO.

DAILY COTTON REPORT.

Bombay, June 23.

Bombay Quotations at 2-30 p. m.

Description.	Ready	J/Aug. 1925.	A/May 1926.
1924/1925 Crop			
Broach M. G. F. G.	480/85	459 1/2	424 1/2 D/Jan
Oomra M. G. Fine	415/25		397
„ M. G. Black leaf.	400/410		
Bengal M. G. Fine	410/15		
„ M. G. F. G.	395/400	388	357
Khandesh Black leaf*	370/385		
Khandwa/Sanawad	400/410		
Jalna/Aurangabad	390/410		
Harda	400/430		
Ujjain	375/430		
Parbhani Purna*	400/10		
Nander*	400/10		
Wardha/Warora	445/50		
Nagpur	450/52		
Katol	460/62		
Adoni*	425/30		
Sindh/American	480/90		
Sangli/Miraj	445/55		
Bagalkot*	430/40		
Coompta	445/65		
Tirupur	500, 10		
Kadi Viramgam M.G	460, 55		
Dhollera* M.G.F.G	445/50		

*No demand.

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES.

F. P. Bales	1924-25	1923-24
Receipts to date 22-6-25	9271000	6744000
„ Yesterday do	4000	8000
Exports to date do	7904000	5513000
Stock at Ports 19-6-25	396000	318000
„ Interior Towns. do	245000	275000
„ Liverpool do	844000	484000
Visible Supply 20-6-25	1848000	1310000
Quantity in Sight do	14348000	11259000

Receipts at Bombay.

Yesterday.	1924-25	1923-24	1922-23
6460	3378556	3198223	3456422

Exports by rail from 1st Sept. to 18th June

1924-25	1923-24
14044	19874

Total Stock in Bombay on 18-6-25 7,79,587 B/s. last year—7,85,878 B/s.

Total Shipments from 1st, Sept, to 18th June.

	1924-1925	1923-1924	1922-1923
Europe ..	605339	1031614	718337
China ..	316552	209891	359799
Japan ..	1361309	1201219	1562191
Coast-Ports ..	29301	48123	45413
Total ..	2312601	2490847	2685740
Afloat in harbour			
Europe ..	11738	3887	1910
China Japan & Coast ports ..	77329	31699	65502

Silver	Gold	Govt Paper.
72-1-0	21-6-6	69-4-0

Remarks :—1-0 p. m. Yesterday New York closed 13 to 11 down and Liverpool 20 up.

Here the local market opened at Rs. 457 1/2 for old Broach and has since advanced to Rs. 460 for this Contract, with New Broach at Rs. 423 1/2, Oomras at Rs. 394 1/2, and Bengals Rs. 388 and Rs. 357. We have nothing to add to what we have written recently regarding our opinion as to the future course of prices.

Sampin closed this morning at 318,00, 315,10 and 308,40 for June, September and December, these rates being unchanged, .80 and .90 down.

Ready Cotton. There was a very good demand yesterday Japanese Houses being keen buyers.

Marwadi Bazaar Tues. 3-30 p. m. Market :—Steady.

Broach July/August. Rs. 460. A/May 1926 Rs. 425 1/2. Oomra D/January Rs. 398..

Bengal July. Rs. 389. D/January Rs. 359.

RECEIPTS.

Bombay, June 23.

The following are the receipts of cotton produce etc., for the 48 hours ending 6 p.m. on 22nd June, 1925.

Cotton	6460 Bales
Wheat	10244 Cwts.
Linseed	21728 „
Rape, etc.	4705 „
Gingellyseed	2342 „
Poppyseed	332 „
Groundnuts	1123 „
Castorseed	3180 „
Rice	629 „
Myrabollams	146 „
Cottenseed	38770 „
Mowraseed	nil
Gram	6441 „
Juwar	nil
Masur	nil
Barley	471 „
Bajri	839 „
Coal	3857 Tons.

COTTON.

Liverpool, June 23.

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES :—

July	12.79	—.14
September	12.54	—.14
October	12.40	—.13
January	12.29	—.12
March	12.31	—.13
May	12.32	—.13
EGYPTIANS :—		
November	23.50	—.30
January	22.50	—.10

London, June 22.

Belgium Exchange	10520
Athens „	29700
Cuban Sugar June/July sellers	12/9.

CLOSING PRICES

Liverpool, June 22.

June	13.00+.19
July	12.93+.20
Aug	12.81+.19
Sep	12.68+.19
Oct	12.53+.20
Nov	12.45+.20
Dec	12.43+.20
Jan	12.41+.20
Feb	12.42+.20
March	12.44+.20
April	12.44+.20
May	12.45+.20
June	12.42+.20

Tone :—Steady.

COTTON

Liverpool, June 22.

Total Day's Sales at Liverpool 6,000.
Total Day's Sales on Spec. & for Exp 500
Total Day's Sales of East Indian 50.
Mid American Spot
Universal Standard 1359 quiet.
Egyptian F.G.F. Sakellaridis 3110.
New York 11 a.m. (As known in Liverpool at closing time).

July	23.61
Oct	23.47
Jan	23.17
New York Noon Call	
July	23.58
Oct	23.43
Jan	23.12
New Orlans 10 a.m.	
July	23.67
Oct	23.12

CLOSING PRICES

AMERICAN COTTON MARKET

New York, June 22.

Futures at New York :—	
July	23.37—.13
Oct	23.28—.08
Jan	22.94—.14
March	23.23—.11

Liverpool, June 22.

Cotton Delivery Mid Uplands G.O.C. Liverpool.

July	12.93+.20
Oct	12.53+.20
Jan	12.41+.20
March	12.44+.20

EGYPTIAN COTTON CLOSING PRICES

Liverpool, June 22.

June	29.10+.75
July	28.50+.75
Aug	28.00+.75
Sep	26.70+.75
Oct	25.75+.75
Nov	23.80+.70
Dec	23.35+.70
Jan	22.60+.65
Feb	22.45+.70
March	22.40+.70
April	22.35+.70
May	22.30+.70

INDIAN COTTON

Liverpool, June 22.

Scinde Good 9.55
Scinde Fully Good 9.95
Scinde Fine 10.35
Bengal Good 9 60
Bengal Fully Good 10.05
Bengal Fine 10.45
Oomra Good 10.35
Oomra Fully Good 10.75
Oorma Fine 11.15
Broach Good 11.10
Broach Fully Good 11.50
Broach Fine 11.90

AMERICAN MARKETS

New York, June 22.

Cotton :—
Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports 4,000.
Day's Exports to Great Britain 3,000.
Day's Exports to Continent 5,000.
Futures at New York :—

July	23.37—.13
Oct	23.28—.08
Jan	22.94—.14
March	23.23—.11
Spot Cotton at New York	24.10—.15
Spot Cotton at New Orleans	23.75—.20

Tone of Spot Cotton :—
Futures at New Orleans :—

July	23.40—.18
Oct	22.90—.09

Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality) 21 3/4.
Demand Bills 48575.
Silver Commercial Bars Foreigned min 69 3/8.

THE EAST INDIA COTTON ASSOCIATION LIMITED.

COTTON STATISTICS.

Bombay, 23rd June 1925.

	1924-25	1923-24	Difference
Receipts for the bi-week from 19th June to 22nd June, 1925 ..	24020	22898	+1122
Receipts from 1st September 1924 to 22nd June, 1925	3378556	3198223	+180333
Shipments for the bi-week from 19th June to 22nd June, 1925.—			
United Kingdom	25	..	+25
Continent	15465	640	+14825
China, Japan and Coast Ports	77292	1262	+76035
Total	92787	1902	+90885
Total shipments rom 1st Sept. 1924 to 22nd June 1925			
Europe :—			
United Kingdom	57250	144931	—87681
Continent ..	562509	987323	—324814
China	337224	209891	+127333
Japan	1414434	1201219	+213215
Coast Ports ..	29301x	49385	—20084
Total	2400719	2492749	—92031
Afloat in harbour:—			
Europe ..	1100	6326	—5226
China, Japan & Coast Ports ..	38203	27285	+10918

xIncluding 9679 bales for U. S.of America

FRENCH PATENT MEDICINES.
FACTORIES DEPOT FOR :
PAIN VANQUISHED WITH
KALMINE (MADE IN FRANCE.)
ONE CACHET for the RELIEF OF PAIN, in 5 minutes. Indispensable in cases of Headache, Neuralgia, Toothache, Rheumatism, Lumbago, Stiffness in the back and Limbs, etc. ONE ONLY MEDICINE CURES HUNDREDS OF DIFFERENT PAINS
Ask KALMINE to your Chemist.
Sold in tin Boxes of 1, 2, 6, and 12 cachets.

METASPIRINE (MADE IN FRANCE.)
TWO TIMES MORE ACTIVE AS ORDINARY ASPIRINE
Owing to a small dose of Caffein mixed to these tablets, METASPIRINE acts as a HEART TONIC, a diuretic. gives no troubles of kidneys and has no bad after-effects as common Aspirine. It is without equal against influenza.

METASPIRINE is a vigorous medicine for FEVER, and excites the body to strong PERSPIRATION without making the patient weak.

FRUCTINES-VICHY (MADE IN FRANCE.)
A mild and kind laxative or purgative. Real sweets, made with juice o fruit, and with the MINERAL SALTS, EXTRACTED FROM THE FAMOUS MINERAL WATERS OF VICHY, (France)

NEUTROSES-VICHY (MADE IN FRANCE.)
Alkaline tablets, with pepermint taste, for any kind of STOMACH DISORDER These Alkalines are neutralisers of stomachal acids, and ACT AT ONCE. Extracted from the celebrated MINERAL WATERS OF VICHY, (France)

CHATEL-GUYON-MIRATON.
LAXATIVE AND DEPURATIVE TABLETS WITH CHOCOLATE FLAVOUR. THESE TABLETS ARE MADE WITH THE SALTS CONTAINED BY THE FAMOUS PURGATIVE MINERAL WATERS OF CHATEL-GUYON, (France)
OBTAINABLE BY ALL CHEMISTS.
All these medicines are always kept in stock by the FACTORIES DEPOT IN INDIA Dealers are invited to write, for further inquiries, to
MENASCHÉ, BOCHNER & Co.,
KANTA BLDG., KALBADEVI : : : : : : BOMBAY.

METALS.

London, June 22.

English best Selected Copper £62 3/4.
Standard Copper G.M.B. 60 1/16.
Copper Braziers 77 1/2.
Yellow Metal 7 1/2.
Hard Spelter 30 1/4.
Corrugated Sheets 16 1/8.

London, June 22.

Tin Block £252 5/8.

THE METAL MERCHANTS CO.

Issued Rates for Brass and Copper. Daily Quotations.

BRASS.

	Bombay, June 23. Per md.	Rs.	a.	p.
Brass, English	¾	55	12	0
Brass, English	1	55	12	0
Brass, English	1¼	55	12	0
Brass, English	1½	55	12	0
Brass, English	1¾	55	12	0
Brass, English	2	55	12	0

COPPER.

	Bombay, June 23. Per md.	Rs.	a.	p.
Copper, German	¾	61	8	0
Copper, German	1	61	8	0
Copper, German	1¼	61	8	0
Copper, American	1½	61	8	0
Copper, American	1¾	61	8	0
Copper, American	2	61	8	0
Japanese Copper Bars		62	0	0
Panchteka joint		28	0	0
Copper, English Bars		61	0	0
Brass Bars		40	0	0
Pat Klai		67	0	0
Lead, country		26	0	0
Koger Brass, Metal ¾ to 1		53	0	0
Koger Brass, 1¼ to 1½, 1¾ to 2		53	0	0
German Copper 1½ to 1¾ to 2		61	8	0
American Copper ¾ to 1, 1¼		61	8	0

BOMBAY-CHINA YARN MARKETS.

Daily Quotations.

	Bombay, June 23. Per lb.	Rs.	a.	p.
Kilachand	No. 14½	0	11	9
Kilachand	No. 20½	0	13	6
Currimbhai	No. 12½	0	11	6
Elphinstone	No. 12½	0	11	3
David	No. 10½	0	11	0
Shapurji	No. 10½	0	10	9
Trikamdas	No. 10½	0	11	3
Sattara	No. 10½	0	11	0
Shapurji	No. 6½	0	9	9
Light-house	No. 6½	0	9	6
Japan	No. 40-2	1	3	6
Japan	No. 42-2	1	4	3
Japan	No. 20	0	14	6
Japan	No. 32	1	1	3

RUBBER

London, June 22.

Para Up River Fine, Spot 31 June/July sellers.
Tone :—Very firm.
Plantation First Latex Crepe, Spot 35 June paid.
Tone :—Firm on American and Continental orders with good business done.
Ribbed Smoked Sheets 37 1/2 June paid.

(For other commercial see page 10.)

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

TO-DAY.

Standing Committee Meeting, 1-40 p.m.

Harwood League: G.I.P. *vs.* Army, Details, Cooperage, 5-45 p.m.—Police vs. Bombay Gymkhana Oval, 5.45 p.m.

Public meeting at De Luxe Theatre, Bandra re: Deshbandhu Das, 9 p.m.

THURSDAY, June 25.

Bombay Municipal Corporation, 3-40 p.m.

Harwood League:—West Yorks vs. B.B.A., F.I. Cooperage, 5-45 p.m.

FRIDAY, June 26.

Harwood League: Colaba United vs. G.I.P., Cooperage, 5-45 p.m.

SATURDAY, June 28.

Harwood League: B.B.R.A., vs. West Yorks, Cooperage, 5-45 p.m.

SUNDAY, June 28.

Public meeting of the Parsis in honour of memory of late Mr. C. R. Das and Mrs. Hodgkinson, Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall, 5-30 p.m. (S.T.). Shams-ul-Ulema Dastoor Darab Sanjana to preside.

	Sunrise a.m.	Sunset. p.m.
June 24 (Wed.)	6h.3m.	7h.19m.
June 25 (Thu.)	6h.3m.	7h.19m.
June 26 (Fri.)	6h. 3m.	7h. 19m.
June 27 (Sat.)	6h. 4m.	7h. 19m.
June 28 (Sun.)	6h. 4m.	7h. 20m.
June 29 (Mon.)	6h. 4m.	7h. 20m.
June 30 (Tue.)	6h. 5m.	7h. 20m.

PUBLIC MEETING AT BANDRA.—Under the joint auspices of the Bombay Suburban District Congress Committee, the Bandra Village Congress Committee, the Local Boards Congress Party, the Bandra Hindu Association, and the Gujarati Seva Mandal, a condolence meeting of the citizens, will be held to-day (Wednesday) at 9 p.m. (S.T.) in the De Luxe Theatre, Turner and Khar Road junction, Bandra, in honour of late Deshbandhu C. R. Das. Messrs. V. J. Patel, J. K. Mehta, G. B. Trivedi, G. M. Gupte, Leo Rodriques, Peter D'Souza, Joseph Dais, Yakub Hussein, B. Kotwal, and others will speak on the occasion. Seats will be reserved for ladies.

DEVELOPEMENT CHAWLS FOR THE POOR.—Mr. Jhabvala writes as under:—

The Development Chawls at Warli, Naigaon Road, and Dadar Road were primarily built with the object of housing the poor people especially labouring classes in Bombay at low rates. Much discussion has been made and good deal of criticism has been pronounced upon the working of the Development Department as regards the wastage of money and extravagance caused in various direction. In spite of heavy expenses the structures themselves lacked so much in workmanship as well as in other architectural details that the workmen and other poor classes have not easily taken to these chawls, the consequence having been that a large number of residential quarters in the chawls at Warli, Naigaon and DeLisle Road have remained unoccupied down till the present days. Thus what was primarily intended for the benefit of the poor has remained down to the present day a great source of trouble and anxiety to the people and the Government. After continual agitation and repeated request made to the department a better sense appears to have come over it and I am glad to inform the public that a notice has been fixed on the walls at principal localities in the labour area which runs to the following effect:—

	Warli	Naigaon Road	DeLisle Road
1st Floor	Rs. 6-8-0	8-8-0	9-8-0
2nd Floor	,, 7-0-0	9-0-0	10-0-0
3rd Floor	,, 7-8-0	9-8-0	10-8-0

rupee in addition for corner room.

(Charges in that rent to be effected from 1-5-25).

It is to be sincerely hoped that the department will now try to make slight architectural alterations so as to permit more air and light into these uninhabitable places so as to attract the masses to take advantage of them.

BENARES HINDU UNIVERSITY.—List of candidates who have passed the B.A. Examination held in the month of April, 1925:—

N.B.—The names of candidates who have passed in the 1st and 2nd divisions are mentioned in order of merit.

R C G Siras, T P Bajpai, M L B Desai, K L Mishra, S Adhikari, B D Mishra, K N Naik, N D Swami, R N Raina, B P Singh, K Sahai, R S Pandya, S R Shukla, V Chaube, R U Singh, B L Sanyal, B N Sinha, R N Agrawala, R J Singh, G C Shukla, B Das, M S Patankar, P D Tandon, M Misra, A S Patwardan, G P Srivastava, R S Misra, S P Dwivedi, R Prasad, S Sharma, *M B Kelkar* (Private), P L Sharma, D Singh, G P Shukla, R K Singh, T D Singh, A N Singh, B Misra, S N Singh, A N Misra, A S Ojha, B P Gupta, B D Misra, B D Bhattacharya, B D Tesari, B B Bhate, B P Verma, B D Bahukhandi, B S Khare, D P Sanyal, G S Jadav, G Paranjape, G Singh, H Kumar, H N Roy, I D Tripathi, I Sahai, I Saran, J Rai, J Mishra, J Prasad I, J Prasad III, J P Sharma, K N Sharma, K N Rai, K G Mukhopadhyaya, L Singh, M M Mehrotra M Ahmad, M Lal, N K Singh, N N Singh, O Prasad, P M Umre, P N Singh, P Chaturanju, P N Gaur, P L Misra, R Shyam R Prasad, R R R Sharma, R B Singh, R Chandra, R C Prasad, R D Trivedi, R N Lal, R N Choube, R R Dube, S N Chaube, S R G R Pathak, S B Singh, S L Sharma, S N Singh, S Singh, S R Singh, T M De, T Sharan, U N Pandeya, V Prasad, A P Pandeya, B B Singh, B N R Sharma, B N Pandeya, G Singh, H P Gupta, J D Bhatacharya, J Singh, L Gupta, M P Singh, M M Hasan, N B Mehrotra, P L Srivastava, R N Singh, R R Singh, S L Tewari, S Prasad, S N Singh II, S P Srivastava, S N Singh, T K Das, J Pathak, R Lahiry, *G D Asthana*.

EXAM. UNDER REGULATION 8.

The following candidates are declared to have passed the B.A. Examination under Regulation 8 of Chapter XXIX of the University Regulations on having obtained at least 40 per cent. marks in the subject noted against their names.

B B Tandon (Philosophy), D N Upadhya Economics), H C Khanna (Economics), K Prasad (Economics), K D Dutta (Philosophy), N S Jakate (Marathi), R C De (Economics), R C R Sharma (Economics), S P Srivastava (Philosophy), Sitarama (Sanskrit), S R Kumar (History), L N Singh (Sanskrit), B B Prasad (Philosophy), J P Misra (Economics), L P Saksena (Economics), N K Basu (Economics), S L Dvivedi (Philosophy).

THE MAHIM BLUES.—Under the auspices of the Mahim Blues, a dinner was held on Saturday the 20th instant at 8-30 p.m. in the Club premises opposite the Mahim Police Station. It was largely attended by the members and was an enjoyable function. The dinner terminated with short speeches by the vice-president, the president and the secretary.

CORONER'S COURT.

ACCIDENTLY BURNT TO DEATH.

On the 9th instant information was received at the Nagpada Police Station that Sophie Fernandez (25) residing at Bellasis Road, was cooking in her kitchen when her sari accidentally caught fire and that she was burnt over her right leg and thigh. The police removed her to J. J. Hospital where she died on Sunday last.

At the Coroner's inquest the jury returned verdict of accidental death.

MILL-WORKER'S DEATH FROM HEART FAILURE.

The Coroner concluded an inquest on Monday touching te death of Maruti Bhaoo aged 30 years residing at Worli. The deceased was a mill-worker and came home on the 6th instant in a drunken condition. He vomitted in the *Nahani* and subsequently died. The Coroner sent the vicera to the Chemical Analyser who reported that no poison was detected. Death was due to heart failure. The jury returned a verdict of death by heart failure.

REPORTED THEFT OF PEARLS.

Mandil Haji Ebrahim, a pearl merchant, residing on the second floor of a house on Grant Road, reports to the police that at about 12-30 a.m. on Monday on returning home, he hung his coat containing five pearls, and keys, etc., on a peg in his room. Shortly afterwards his brother returned and at 1 a.m. the door was fastened and they retired for the night. When he got up at 8-30 a.m. the coat and its contents were still there. He had his breakfast and then went to answer a call of nature closing the door behind him. When he returned a few minutes later he found the door open and the coat and its contents valued at Rs. 1015 missing. These pearls belonged to a client, who is now in the Persian Gulf with whom he has had dealings for the past 12 years, and they were for sale on commission.

FATAL FALL FROM 3RD FLOOR.

On the 20th ultimo Nagar Uka, a Hindu, aged 20 years, residing on the third floor of a chawl at Vilhal Wadi accidentally fell down from the roof of his house to the ground and smashed his head and limbs. He was removed to the G. T. Hospital where he died on Tuesday morning.

At an inquest held by the Coroner, the jury returned a verdict of accidental death.

BUOYANT VITALITY

can now be enjoyed by everyone through the discovery of RADIOSAN, the most marvellous result of modern medical research.

RADIOSAN—the vital force of life—purifies and enriches the blood, cleanses the system of all impurities, tones up flaccid muscles, strengthens and calms the tired irritable nerves, and ensures clear mental vision.

RADIOSAN is a real rejuvenator; unlike the mineral and poisonous alkaloidal tonics. RADIOSAN does not cause a temporary stimulus resulting in reaction and depression. It builds new blood, brain and nerve cells, resulting in permanent restoration of the natural powers of vigorous manhood. No purging, no special diet, no interference with the normal occupation are entailed.

RADIOSAN is nature's remedy, and its wonderful effects are obvious in a few days when used in the treatment of—

NEURASTHENIA	PROSTRATION
NERVOUS DEBILITY	MALNUTRITION
BRAIN FAG	JAGGED NERVES
DEPRESSION	OVER WORK
ANÆMIA	MENTAL AND
LOST VITALITY	PHYSICAL FATIGUE

RADIOSAN is sold in two sizes. The small size gives 10 days and the large package a full course of 50 days' treatment; obtainable from Chemists in Bombay.

RADIOSAN

THE GREAT REJUVENATOR

is beneficial to all over ten years of age, to both sexes, and when body or mind, or both, cry out for help

WILL GIVE NEW LIFE

RADIOSAN Ltd.,

81, Lambe Conduit Street, London, W.C. 1, England.

HIGH COURT.

AN IRREGULAR PROCEDURE

PROCEEDINGS ORDERED TO BE QUASHED.

Gulabchand Bapuji vs. Damodardas Ganpatram.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice Mirza and Mr. Justice Percival).

This was a criminal application in revision on behalf of the accused against an order of the First Class Magistrate, Nadiad, who rejected the accused's application to quash certain criminal proceedings pending in his Court on a charge of abetment of forgery under sections 467 and 109 of the Indian Penal Code.

The contention of the accused was that the document in respect of which the charge was made in those proceedings was "produced" before the First Class Sub-Judge of Surat in a civil suit filed against him, and that any prosecution against him in respect of this document could be instituted only on a written complaint of the subjudge, as provided in section 195, clause (c), of the Criminal Procedure Code.

It appears that the plaintiff in the civil suit who had obtained a decree against the accused had filed a "darkhast" in the sub-judge's court for execution of that decree. In answer to that "darkhast," the accused had produced the document in question, which purported to show that the decree had been compromised for a certain sum. The sub-judge did not take the document on the file on the ground that the date it bore showed that it was out of time for the purpose of evidencing any compromise of the decree. It was now alleged by the prosecution that that document is being suppressed by the accused and was therefore not forthcoming.

Thir Lordships in the course of their judgment observed that under these circumstances the question before them was whether what happened before the judge was tantamount to the "production" of the document in his Court within the meaning of section 195 Cr. Pro. Code. In this connection, their Lordships referred to the judgment of Justices Chandavarkar and Pratt who held that the section applied to a document which was alleged to be forged, and was produced in Court. They were further of opinion that "production" of a document in Court was not the same thing as "giving it in evidence." A document produced in Court, continued their Lordships, meant according to this decision one which was produced for the purpose of being tendered in evidence or for some other purposes. Their Lordships thought that this interpretation of the section was binding upon them. They therefore quashed the Magistrate's proceedings in the matter of the complaint against the applicants. This order, they added, would not preclude fresh proceedings being instituted after a complaint was made in writing by the subjudge which in his discretion he was competent to do.

BOMBAY POLICE COURTS.

SERVANT'S ALLEGED BREACH OF TRUST.

Before Mr. D. N. D. Khandallawalla, Acting Third Presidency Magistrate, (1) Shamlal Manohar Prasad, (2) Burjor Singh Fatesingh and (3) Bisheshwar Dayashankar were charged with criminal breach of trust as servant and abetment in respect of Rs. 10,400.

Mr. H B Spencer prosecuted while Mr. Cocho, pleader appeared for the first accused. Mr. Vijayakar, pleader, represented accused No. 2 while the third accused was defended by Mr. A. T. Janai, pleader. Mr. R. Soloman, pleader, watched on behalf of the complainant Bhogilal Nantal.

The facts of the case were that the first accused was a servant of the complainant engaged to carry and to pay hundies. On May 5, the first accused was given Rs. 10,400 to pay hundies to sixteen different constituents of the complainant. On the way the first accused met accused No. 2 and No. 3 at a *pan* shop at Null Bazar where it was alleged accused No. 1 handed over the money to the accused No 2 and No. 3. Accused No. 1 then went to Janjira Street and there raised an alarm that he was robbed of his money by three Mahomedans. He then went to Pydhownie Police Station and narrated the story of the alleged bogus robbing. Police investigations showed that accused No. 1 was never robbed, but that he gave the money to accused No. 2 and No. 3. No money was yet recovered from any one of the accused.

The case is proceeding.

WADIA FIRM AFFAIRS

SUSPECT REMANDED FOR A WEEK.

Bomanji D. Lowji, head cashier of Messrs. N. N. Wadia and Sons, who is charged with theft as a servant, criminal breach of trust and falsification of accounts in respect of certain shares of Bombay Dyeing valued at Rs. 97,000, was again put up before Mr. S. S. Rangnekar, Chief Presidency Magistrate by Deputy Inspector Malpas.

Deputy Inspector Malpas stated that the accused was arrested on June 15 and put up before the Chief Presidency Magistrate and a remand for a week obtained. Uptill now property worth Rs. 57,000 had been recovered. As police investigations were incomplete Mr. Malpas applied for a week's remand which was granted.

FINED FOR IMPORTING OPIUM.

Mr. D N. D. Khandallawalla, Acting Third Presidency Magistrate disposed of the case in which Mahomed Kassam Kazrani and Abdul Kassam Kazrani, two Moghul Iranis, stood charged with importing Bushire opium into Bombay without a license. The opium was valued at Rs. 7,800.

The facts of the case were that both the accused traded between Bombay and Bushire in rose water and other articles. On one occasion two cases of rose water bottles addressed to the accused, were examined by the Customs Officials, when they discovered eight packets of opium worth nearly Rs 7,800.

The accused pleaded not guilty and said that they did not know that the cases contained opium.

His Worship on evidence found the accused guilty and sentenced them to two months' rigorous imprisonment each and a fine of Rs. 150 or in default two months more.

ARRESTED ON CHARGE OF BURGLARY.

Sub-Inspector D'Costa put up Manilal Keshavlal and Jaisingh Kushalsing before Mr. D. N. D. Khandallawalla, Acting Third Presidency Magistrate and applied for a remand.

The accused were arrested in connection with a burglary in the house of one Jaising Rana in th Holi Chakla Street on the 1st instant. The accused it was alleged, went to the complainant's house. Complainant's boy who was the only inmate in the house at the time was forced by the accused under threats of stabbing and killing to lift a box containing jewellery and cash to the extent of Rs. 942. The accused then took the boy to Charni Road Garden where they examined the loot. They then took the boy to Parel and from thence to Colaba Station where they got a ticket for the boy to go to Ahmedabad and send him off. A friend of the complainant met the boy on the journey when the whole story was revealed to him. The boy was sent to Bombay, and the police were communicated with.

As police investigations were not complete, the Magistrate granted a remand for eight days.

ALLEGED THEFT AT MARCKS'.

CHINAMEN REMANDED.

Chunk Chinghon and Ablee Tipoo, two Chinamen who were arrested in connection with the theft of diamonds at Messrs. Marcks and Co., were again put up before Mr. S. S. Rangnekar, Chief Presidency Magistrate by Sergeant Hyde and again remanded into police custody. The diamonds have not yet been traced nor is the third Chinaman yet arrested.

AMERICAN COTTON FUTURES.

TUESDAY'S CLOSING RATE

+7

A cable received from New York at 2 a.m. to-day stated:

Tuesday's opening rate	—8
Tuesday's closing rate	+7
Liverpool opening	—14
Liverpool closing	—11

EUROPEAN CHARGED WITH CHEATING.

Sergeant Hyde put up Harold Skinner, a European, before Mr. S. S. Rangnekar, Chief Presidency Magistrate, on a charge of cheating Madame Rose and Co. Milliners of Esplanade Road, in respect of Rs. 290, the value of two pieces of dress.

Sergeant Hyde stated that Skinner went to Madame Rose's on June 15 and asked for two pieces of dress on approval for his sister Mrs. Webb. Madame Rose, recollecting that Mrs. Webb was one of her customers she handed him over the garments asked for. The accused later on did not turn up and the police were communicated with. Skinner was traced to Poona and the goods recovered. As police inquiries were incomplete, the remand asked for by Mr. Hyde, was granted.

OBSCENE PICTURE SELLERS CONVICTED.

Shankerlal Gangadhar, a Hindu, was sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 30 or, in default, to suffer 3 weeks' rigorous imprisonment by Mr. S. S. Rangnekar, Chief Presidency Magistrate, for selling obscene pictures.

Mr. R. P. Thanawalla, prosecuted while Mr. Joglekar, pleader, defended the accused.

Inspector R. B. Smith said that he sent a man with marked currency notes to the accused for purchasing pictures. As soon as the bargain was struck, the accused was arrested, his shop at Kalbadevi Road raided and obscene pictures, lithographs and photographs were recovered.

The accused pleaded guilty technically but said that he was a servant of another man who used to pay him Rs. 30 a month.

The accused was found guilty and sentenced as above.

ALLEGED USE OF FORGED DOCUMENT.

Before Mr. D. N. D. Khandalawalla, Acting Third Presidency Magistrate the notice issued against Felixe DeSouza, a seaman, at the instance of Mr. H. M. Robottam, Deputy Shipping Master, Bombay, for using as genuine a forged document was argued and a summons issued against De'Souza.

Mr. Kirke Smith, Public Prosecutor represented the Crown while Mr. A. M. DeCruz, pleader, appeared for Felix DeSouza.

Mr. Robottam stated that the Felix DeSouza was a seaman holding a certificate of service issued at the Port of Bombay in 1914. Felix De'Souza fraudulently altered the report of character for the last voyages per S. S. "Moldavia" and S. S. "China" which stated his character "G" good' and ability "V. G." 'very good'. When questioned by Mr. Robottam why he made those false entries in the certificate, De'Souza admitted having done them as he could not get job on a bad discharge.

Mr. DeCruz, pleader for De'Souza also admitted having forged the certificate but submitted that his client was driven to do so.

His worship ordered the Summons to be issued.

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET.

CALCUTTA, June 23.

In the share market very little business in jutes took place to-day at rates which showed hardly any variations though sellers were in the majority. In coals with more enquiry in evidence a fair number of transactions were effected at better prices. Teas exhibited a weaker tone in the absence of support. In miscellaneous nothing of special importance was recorded. Government securities continued in demand at firm rates.

The following were the closing quotations at the share market to-day:—

Government securities:—3½ per cent Government paper Rs. 70/4, 6 per cent bonds 1926 101/4, do. 1930 104/5, do. 1932 105/10, 6½ per cent Punjab bonds 1923-33 102/4.

Cottons:—Agra United annas 11.

Jutes:—Anglo-India 409/8, Auckland 250, Birla 7/8, Cheviot 249, Clive 37, Hooghly pref. 14/8, Howrah 38/14, Lansdowne 267/8, Reliance 59.

Coals:—Amalgamated Coal-fields 221/12, East Indian 24/12, Equitable 14/4, Ghusick and Muslia 12, Gopalichuck 7/14, Jainty Central 4/4, Samla and Kendra 8, Sendra 15/4, Union 15/4.

Tea Companies:—Betjan 31/4, Naga Hills 18/8, Titagur 30.

Exchange bank telegraphic transfer was one shilling six and one sixteenth pence and demand bills were one shilling six and three thirty-second pence.—A.P.

(Continued from Column 6.)

diesex 127 Notts 461 for nine and declared (Whysall 82, Carr 123, Payton 126 not out). Middlesex 64 for three.

Yorkshire vs. Leicestershire.—Yorkshire 445 for three and declared, Leyland 59 not out) Licester 85 (Macaulay taking six for 34), and followed on 190 for seven).

Warwickshird vs. Kent.—Warwick 137, Kent 42. Warwick 246 (Santall 71). Kent 343 for three wickets (Hardinge 114, Woolley 136 not out). Kent won by seven wickets.

Northamptonshire vs. Glamorganshire.—Northampton 135 and 457 (Wright 83, Bellamy 94 Murdin 90 not out). Glamorgan 107 and 53 for 5 wickets.

Lancashire vs. Hampshire.—Lancashire 400 (Watson 91, Green 61, Jameson 7 for 92) Hampshire 166 (Mad 55, Tunyson 53 not out, Parkin 4 for 78, Macdonald 4 for 31 and followed on 89 for 4.

Derbyshire vs. Worcestershire.—Worcester 153, Derby 264 (Hutchinson 79, Cadman 60, Root 5 for 92). Worcestershire 208 (Cadman 4 for 37). Derby 16 for 2.)

Sussex vs. Cambridge University.—Cambridge 542, Sussex 208 (Parks 65, Enthoven four for 65, Meyer four for 48) and followed on 228 for six (Bowley 121).

Essex vs. Oxford University.—Essex 399 (Freeman 139, Perrin 85). Oxford 344 (Gilliatt 70, Hewetson 66) Essex nil for no wickets.—Reuter's Special.

BOXING IN LONDON.

LONDON, June 22.

At Holland Park Hall, London, in a 20 round contest for the British and European light-weight Championship, Harry Mason, the European champion, beat Ernie Izzard, the British champion, in the ninth round.

DETAILS.

Abandoning his usual tactics of fighting on retreat, Mason was very aggressive and forced the fight from the start. Izzard who is six inches taller had a longer reach but he could not keep Mason out. The latter had the better of the opening rounds, but Izzard improved in the fourth and fifth, and there was not much in the next two. In the eighth Mason floored Izzard by a smashing left to the jaw. There was a terrific uproar, and Mason thinking that Izzard had taken the full count went to assist him to rise. The referee then told them to box on. Mason attacked fiercely and floored his staggering opponent several times before the bell sounded. When the bell went for the ninth round Izzard still remained seated in his corner and the referee awarded the fight to Mason.—Reuter's Special.

ADDITIONS TO 1ST ROUND RESULTS.

LONDON, June 22.

The following are additions to the first round results:—Doctor Fyzee beat J. Hillyard 6/4, 6/4, 6/3.

Barclay beat Mavrogordato 12/14, 7/5, 6/1, 3/6, 6/3. Barclay won a gruelling battle chiefly on account of his splendid back-hand cross-driving.—Reuter's Special.

LONDON, June 22.

Australian Anderson beat Doctor Andreae 2/6, 6/3, 6/8, 6/3, 6/3.

Lycett beat ex-boy champion Latchford 6/1, 6/1, 6/1.

Frenchman Lacoste beat Englishman Higgs 6/4, 6/2, 6/2.

Borotra beat Australian Davis Cup player Heath 6/1, 6/3 6/1.

ANDERSON-ANDREAE CONTEST.

The most interesting match of the first day was the centre court one between Anderson and Andreae, a battle which the Indian had all but won. Andreae was superior with his back hand, more steady and his retrieves were magnificent. Anderson did not give a glimpse of his true form till the second set in which he placed finely. Then after the loss of the third set he rallied and volleyed spectacularly, while in the fifth when Andreae was leading by three games to one he hit devastatingly winning the next five games for the match. Anderson is a strong favourite for the final along with Borotra and Lacoste. The faint British hopes rest with Gilbert.—Reuter's Special.

SPORTING NEWS

HARWOOD LEAGUE.

R. A. "B" AND G. I. P. DRAW.

Y. M. C. A. "B" WIN AT LAST.

There were two matches in the second division decided on Tuesday evening, the one on the Cooperage resulting in a goalless draw while on the Oval the Y.M.C.A. were able to register their first victory when they met the Colaba United. The R. A. seemed to be off colour and not one of the forwards could shoot with any degree of certainly. They certainly had all the game but could not gain anything decisive. Hands against Shanon the G.I.P. back gave the gunners a chance, but the penalty kick went wide Gilman and Shanon did well for the G.I.P. defence.

R.A. "B":—Lawrence; Massey and Addison; Bould, Petrie and Daniels; Acomb, Yates, James, Mason and Lithorne.

G.I.P. "B":—Woods; Shannon and Murray; Gilman, Carter and Bottomley; Major, Corr, Henderson, Carey and Ferandez.

Referee:—W. H. Cummings.

Y. M. C. A. BEAT COLABA UNITED 3—2.

The game on Oval was better contested. The Colaba United made a game effort to pull the match out of the fire, but luck—and Ernst—was against them. On several occasions the forwards had only to push the ball in, but, somehow, Ernst's bulk would come between and the ball would be cleared. For the first part of the game the United were somewhat at sea on account of an unusual formation, but an adjustment later on amended matters. Bagri opened the score for the Young Men early in the first half. Soon after the interval Ramchander of the United equalised with a pretty angle shot. However the Young Men were not to be denied and H. Turner scored with a long one, Hodgkinson pushing through a third a little later on. Turner was chiefly responsible for the aggressiveness of the Young Men his passes being both brainy and well-timed. The United bucked up a little towards the end of the game and Vishwanath scored the second goal for his side.

Y.M.C.A. "B":—Ernst; Mahar and Barnes; Brash, Moss and H. Turner; Latchford, Spilling, Hodgkinson, Bagri and Lynn.

Colaba United:—Kishen; Gani and Balanna; Dadu, Mohmad and Adam; Ramchander, Ramji, Vishwanath, Ramkrishna and Krishna.

Referee:—Sgt. Kelly, R.A.

GOLF IN POONA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, June 22.

The following is the result of the Mixed Handicap Foursomes played on Saturday evening at the Rangers Golf Club, Wanouri:—

Robinson and Mrs. Taylor 42—10 eq. 32
Ellerton and Mrs. Hirtes 45—10 eq. 35
Taylor and Mrs. Woodham 47—10 eq. 37
Woodham and Mrs. Malher 44—5 eq. 39
Malher and Mrs. Mekenzie 45—6 eq. 39
Mekenzie and Mrs. Tolpurst 50—9 eq. 41

GOLF AT TROON.

LONDON, June 22.

The qualifying round of the Open Golf Championship was played at Troon in sunshine and with light north-westerly wind blowing. The half of the competitors played on the old course of 18 holes, while the other half pdayed on the Portland course of a similar number of holes. The order will be reserved to-morrow. Leaders in to-day's matches were:—Dick May (Denton Park) 70; M. O'Neill (Robin Hood) 71; J. Stuart (Brough), J. Milner (Portheawl), and Percy Allis (Wanstead) 72; Gegadd (Roehampton) 73. Americans Jim Barnes and Macdonald Smith tied with 77. Australian Joe Kirkwood 79.—Reuter's Special.

WIMBLEDON TOURNAMENT.

LONDON, June 23.

The attendance on the second day of the Wimbledon tournament was smaller than yesterday. The sky was grey and cold wind blew. Overcoats were again the order of the day. In the first round of the British Championships tournament the Indian Jacob beat G. Thomas by 6/0, 6/1, 6/1. In the second round Doctor Fyzee beat Alderson by 6/1, 4/6, 6/3, 6/2.—Reuter.

TENNIS AT WIMBLEDON.

LONDON, June 22.

There was large attandance for the opening day of the Wimbledon Tournament. The weather was chilly and cloudy. North-east wind affected the play. Most of the spectators concentrated on the centre court. Only men's singles were played to-day. Courts were in perfect condition. The first prominent Britisher to be eliminated was the Davis Cup player, Godfree, who was beaten by Englishman Sharpe by 2/6 6/4 5/1 6/2. Gilbert beat the Indian Davis Cup player. Hadi, by 6/3 6/3 6/4. Frenchman Cochet beat the Yorkshire Champion, Gregory, 6/4 6/2 6/0. American Hennessey beat Dutchman Vanderfeen 6/3 4/6 6/1 6/2. Tindall-Green beat A. A. Fyzee 6/3 6/3 4/6 6/3.—Reuter.

COUNTY CRICKET.

LONDON, June 22.

The following are the closing scores in county matches that began on Saturday:—

Surrey vs. Somerset.—Somerset 206 Surrey 477 (Hobbs 111, Ducat 128, Shepherd 133, Greswell taking five wickets for 153) Somerset 91 for two.

Notts vs. Middlesex.—Notts 167, Mid-

Continued in Col. 5.

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The Bombay Chronicle

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 24, 1925

A GREAT TASK.

There are many writers and speakers who have dwelt on the overcrowding in our cities with horror. There are others who have drawn the picture, in dark colours, of increasing unemployment bringing in its wake ployment bringing in its wake poverty, want and disease. There are still others, who have been engulfed in the intricacies of problems offered by modern towns and by local administration and who find an absorbing interest in working out the mechanism which controls humanity in its ultra-gregarious condition. But we have not yet come across any recondite analysis of the ultimate causes which lead to these conditions. Why is it that men will leave the healthy surroundings in their villages and will flock to the large cities, among the vice and squalor of which they have been warned by the premature death and disappearance of many of their confreres? The temptation of a seamy side of life, which a town offers to a villager, does not provide sufficient explanation, though it is an important factor. Nor does the explanation about higher wages, which are earned, cover the whole problem, because against the higher wages must be set the inconvenience and the costliness of unfamiliar surroundings. To our mind a more precise answer will be found in the dearth of resources in the villages themselves. Water and fuel which were once free and within easy reach, have begun to cost something. Grazing is restricted and the soil has begun to yield less. Most of the things, which were at one time found in a self-sufficient village, have now got to be imported and paid for in hard cash, which reaches the cultivator in smaller amount and from which an ever-increasing share is taken not only by the ubiquitous moneylender, but also by the revenue collector. If India cannot afford to organize her towns on more healthy lines than at present—and all this will cost money,—then the task which devolves on her leaders is to render the villages more attractive and to increase the resources, in however small a measure, of the inhabitants of the village.

This is a task free from serious complications and yet it is one which is dictated by the highest requirements of national economy. It is in this scheme of things that the charka occupies a very important place. For the primary producer the elimination of middlemen has been regarded as a blessing. Hand-spinning and hand-weaving involve this elimination without stress or struggle. To reduce the cost of clothing for the poor masses, or with the same outlay to increase the quantity of clothing which they can secure is an object which will satisfy the highest ambitions of a social reformer as well as the most critical desiderata of domestic finance. To individuals, who will devote themselves to this programme, the reward will come direct without any intervention, but the larger national benefits involved in the boycott of the foreign cloth and the increased output of Indian textile, both through the mills and by hand-spinning and hand-weaving, cannot be secured except when this programme has become a mass movement. It is not unlikely that those whose pockets will be touched by the carrying out of this programme, may offer opposition. There will be an outcry across the waters in Manchester. There will be much underground diplomacy in the suave politico-industrial circles of Japan. There will be much heart-burning among the shipping interests which have their claws deep in the flesh of India. The anciliary activities of foreign banks and insurance companies, which profit from the foreign trade of India and which, in the absence of Indian enterprise, exploit the Indian market, will be strongly inflamed against what will be regarded as a rebellion in this country, and all the while it will be nothing else except the most ordinary and logical activity of a people immersed in great poverty to reduce that poverty to some extent; an effort on the part of a people economically dependent on foreign supplies to reduce their dependence a little; and the highest expression of patriotism, which seeks, even at a slight sacrifice, to help the activities of the different sections which form part of a nation. We would not be very much concerned about the steps taken to counteract such a mass movement, if we did not know that the entire governmental machinery of this country is at present more ready to serve these alien interests than those of India herself.

Even a powerful Government cannot, however, interfere with the peaceful spinning of cotton and the subsequent processes by which it is turned into cloth. But there is, unfortunately, a section of the community, which is misguided enough to accept any logic or any programme which emanates from certain quarters or is likely to please them. It is to this section of our countrymen that we would ask in the first instance to understand the simple programme of increased cloth production, which we have outlined in these columns If, after understanding it, they do not accept it we would request them to stand aside, but not to oppose, as they have done on more occasion than one, every expedient, which has been put forward on national grounds. Has the community fallen so low that it cannot muster public opinion strong enough to shame into acquiescence interested men and groups of men who have at all times offered unseemly resistance to every effort calculated to reduce the poverty of the country, which is on the increase, or to secure self-respecting conditions in the political sphere? We have no desire to discuss this programme with reference to any particular part of the country, but we are constrained to remark that poverty is in few parts of the country so grinding as in those inhabited by the Marathi-speaking population. Is this community, with its great and proud traditions, going to be prevented from making its contributions to a legitimate activity for want of enterprise or for want of courage? Or will it offer an example to the rest of India to emulate? We know that some of the leaders of thought in Maharashtra have hitherto declared themselves against the spinning franchise and against spinning being made an emblematic pursuit, but let them examine it on purely economic grounds and if it meets with the most severe test, will they be ready to keep the wolf from the door of millions of poor peasants, who share their tradition and to whom the teachings of Tukaram and Dnyandeo offer them spiritual solace in their sufferings?

CHINA FOR THE POWERS.

China is making one of her periodical efforts to shake off the foreign vultures who have dug their talons into her side. Though China has been a nominal republic, the territory remains partitioned by the foreign Powers and the real meaning of the Chinese disorders is that the stress of exploitation has reached the convulsive point. When the foreign exploiters realise they have gone too far, they combine to restore "order" and extort more concessions as a penalty from China for her having felt hurt. Cables about China are not consecutive or graphic. There is the selective hand of propaganda magnifying individual disasters to Europeans and suppressing the toll of outrages inflicted upon the Chinese. Sir Reginald Stubbs, Governor of Hong-Kong, in announcing his intention to "see it through" is inclined to join the fray like any Chinese Tuchun or war-lord. The strike has prevented his retirement this week and he vindictively remarks that his overstay "will not be comfortable" for those who delayed his departure. As the Governor is inclined to strike terror into the heart of the "rioters" as the price of his detention, we should expert a few brutal episodes by mail, if not by cable. The strike was due to the consciousness of the Chinese that they were being ground down by the foreign Powers; the consciousness is always smouldering in subject-countries treated as alien booty, but it flares up when the exploiter betrays his ravenous appetite. The Chinese strike, which has been manipulated by foreign provocation to disorder, was clearly a protest against the excessive oppression by foreign settlers who acting as the medium of trade with the word's largest population, are fully aware of the causes of internecine disorder in China. To the foreigner the patriotic spasms of the Chinese look like the expressions of anti-foreign petulance, and the entire movement is tinted by propagandists with allegations of moral turpitude. If the Chinese are able to get rid of the foreign concessionaires, they may have a chance of national consolidations, but as long as rival countries bribe the participants of civil war, the Chinese people can have no hope of redemption. The war-lords are in turn secretly subsidised by foreign agents, a fact which in passing suggests a reflection regarding India. The Chinese people have common traits; they are not divided into Hindus and Mussulmans, but the commercial freebooters find other excuse for suppressing China. In India, the chief difficulty professed by the opponents of freedom, is the discord between Hindus and Mussulmans, but if common nationality existed, as in China, the cult of imperial domination would create wirepulled embroilments as is the case with China and her warlords.

That is, however, a reflection in passing; the chief characteristic of the Chinese strike is its passionate motive of "China for the Chinese." When we speak of India for the Indians, it is viewed as a monstrous lapse from good taste and morality, since "India for the Empire" ought to be the cardinal faith. The only alternative to the cry of "China for the Chinese" is "China for the Powers" since all of them have a marauding grip on China. The root-cause of the present disorders in China is the yearning of intelligent Chinese that some way should be found for relaxing the strangle-hold of the foreigner. It may be called an anti-foreign movement, just as the effort of France to expel the Germans may be called an anti-foreign movement. China has been heavily despoiled by foreigners and the movement should even in the probability of failure be understood as a natural remonstrance by a wronged nation. Two missionaries are killed in a fracas, and the Kaiser annexes part of China. The seizure of the Sudan in pious memory of Sir Lee Stack is not a novel precedent in the plunder of weak nations. During the war, Japan imitated her Western models and rammed twenty-one demands down the throat of China. If China is not swiftly gobbled up it is because of the tension among the aggrandising Powers settled on her Eastern border The spirit of revolt and independence which is conveniently construed as presumption, was bound to assert itself in response to looting pressure from outside. China is so weak and disunited under foreign influence that protests develop into uproar which is easily quelled. In the present disturbance, which flows from the decision of workers to declare a strike, has however been connected by propagandists with Moscow and the Bolshevik. The London "Times" representative in Peking writes: "Foreign attention is concentrated on the student-troubles in Shanghai which are plainly a direct consequence of Bolshevik propaganda and have been encouraged by Bolshevik money." The Bolshevik is a mighty convenient explanation for the hyena-policy of foreign Powers. Bolshevik influence must be present in all subject countries in the sense that they realise that the impulse of the Russian revolution was the repugnance of despotism among the people; but it is too late in the day to attempt the ridicule of a movement by tarring and feathering it with fables about the Bolshevist.

The students have joined the strike, but to appreciate whether the movement is animated by genuine grievances or sheer cussedness, let us look at the demands of the strikers. Though Reuter has not sympathetically discussed them the claim of the strikers and the motive inspiring their activities may be summed up as follows:—(1) Enforced treaties and concessionary bargains should be abolished, (2) Pacts for the economic subordination of China should be annulled, (3) Laws maintaining racial discrimination should be repealed. There are other demands, but the claims mentioned illustrate the free rights claimed by the Chinese. The foreign trade of China is in the grip of the Powers who prefer law and order to the liberation of China. Indians may well wonder if exploitation by one nation is preferable to loot by several nations; the first facilitates leisurely grind, while the second is hindered by mutual jealousy but on the issue of escape to the victim both schools are united. China is being bullied and robbed by a number of brigands who can unite only when their "common mission" is threatened. But China though swindled and opiated, is a nation of five hundred millions with powers of awakening. Until she awakens, Western nations and their imitators will ravenously brood over her wealth, their greed being checked only by mutual jealousy.

Notes of the Day.

A Thought for the Day.

"If I were asked under what sky the human mind has mostly developed some of its choicest gifts, has most deeply pondered on the greatest problems of life, and has found solutions of some of them which will deserve the attention even of those who have studied Plato and Kant—I should point to India. And if I were to ask myself from what literature we, here in Europe, we who have been nurtured almost exclusively on the thought of Greeks and Romans, and of one Semitic race, the Jewish, may draw that corrective which is most wanted in order to make our inner life more perfect, more comprehensive, more universal, in fact, more truly human—a life not for this life only but a transfigured and eternal life—again I should point to India".

—PROFESSOR MAX MULLER.

Corporation and Commissioner.

During the discussion on the recommendations of the Municipal Corporation regarding the Deputy Commissioner's salary, Mr. K. F. Nariman rightly pointed out the most grotesque anomaly of the existing municipal constitution, namely, the independent position of the Municipal Commissioner *vis-a-vis* the Corporation. If local self-government is to be made a reality and not an elaborate stalemate, the power of the appointment of the Commissioner should be transferred from the Government to the Corporation. On his retirement, Mr. Patel emphasised the fact that the Commissioner and neither the President nor the Corporation had all the power and he urged the revision of the Act so as to grant real powers to the Executive Committees. The late Deshbandhu altered the character of the Calcutta Corporation and nationalised a civic institution and civic life to the chagrin of vested interests and Surendranath obscurantists; but he could do so because he selected Subhash Bose, his able lieutenant, as the Chief Executive Officer to be a vehicle of Swarajist policy. The Municipal Commissioner in Bombay, on the other hand, being appointed by the Government is neither responsible to the Corporation nor amenable to its will. Such a situation is not in consonance with democracy and hampers municipal efficiency at every point; it leads to constant tug-of-war between the Corporation and the municipal executive, generates friction and prevents the evolution of a coherent and continuous policy acceptable to the public. This quixotic arrangement should not be permitted to continue.

The Anglo-Indian.

We have repeatedly pointed out that the Anglo-Indian cannot have it both ways: he cannot insist on preferences and priority rights as a member of the white aristocracy and also claim a share in the scheme of Indianisation. Col. Gidney and his chosen followers are proceeding to England next Saturday but whatever special concessions and favours they may obtain through secret bargains with Whitehall, will only serve to diminish the sympathy of their fellow-countrymen owing to their endeavour to steal a march on other communities on the strength of the colour of their skin. Already there are inspired questions in the commons regarding the dire state of Anglo-Indian unemployment as though it were confined to them alone. Some Anglo-Indians realise this as will be apparent from the following comment of the "New Outlook"!

"We cannot see why we should keep on begging for communal preferences while neglecting the factors which would make us independent of charity. Instead of wasting time and money on personal grievances and Parliamentary representations why do not our leaders do something constructive?

Let the Anglo-Indian community make up its mind, once and for all, that its natural home is India, and that its interests are inseparably bound up with those of the country. Let it accept the fact that life is becoming more and more competitive for everybody in the country; and let it, therefore, equip itself with the education necessary for admittance to the country's public services. Let it lay the "prestige" bogey, and cease to claim special privileges. And, Sir, it needs no prophetic powers to predict that, given these better conditions, the interests of the Anglo-Indian community will be perfectly safe. There is no reason to fear that in the greater India which we are all endeavouring to create, any class of the nation will tolerate the submergence of a useful and honoured section like the Anglo-Indian community."

We agree.

Police Scandals and Current Rumours.

We have received the following letter from Mr. P. A. Kelly, the Commissioner of Police dated 22nd instant.—

"Sir,—Under the heading "City Police Scandals" I notice a report in your issue of to-day which ends as follows: "It is rumoured that another very high police officer is also involved in the scandal and the Commissioner of Police is making further inquiries." And in your "Notes of the Day" column 6 of page 6, I notice you conclude your comments as follows: "Already it is current rumour that a mighty Police officer has signified his discontent and hinted at resignation. Officials who cannot co-operate in the purification of the police will confer a benefit on the country by leaving it." No other high Police officer is involved as far as I am aware in the case which I have just decided and I am not making any further inquiries. As the remarks I have quoted above are liable to mislead the public I would suggest that in fairness you should either withdraw them or boldly mention who "another very high officer" and "a mighty police officer" is and I shall see that he gives you an opportunity of proving the truth of your report."

It is obvious that we merely referred to a rumour current in the City which we are naturally not in a position either to confirm or refute. We gladly publish the Commissioner's letter to remove any misunderstanding that may have been created. We note that, so far as the Commissioner is aware, no other high police official is involved and that he is not making any further enquiries. The Commissioner, however, does not refer to our suggestion that the situation demands judicial proceedings.

OUR CURRENCY PROBLEM.

(BY B. F. MADON.)

VII*

(A detailed examination of the defence officially put forward of Government's Currency policy.)

In my last article I have shown why the claim of the Finance Member that he was making a saving in the re-payment of our Sterling liabilities through the manipulation of the rupee was entirely unfounded and that India had to part with the same amount of goods and services in the payment of a given amount of Sterling debt whether the rupee stood at 16d. or 18d. or 24d. Therefore while he is wrong in thinking that he has made any saving, the position really is that he has by this manipulation of the rupee immensely increased the *real* burden of India's internal *rupee debt* and in that way has put the country to an enormous unnecessary loss and *forced the taxpayer to find additional goods and services* to enable the Government to meet this loss. The Budget speech gives the total amount of rupee debt as on 31st March, 1925 at a little over 500 crores (501.93 to be exact). At 15 to the pound, this 500 crores would mean a total debt of £333 millions in gold. At the present rate of exchange of 18d., this same debt of 500 crores is expanded into a debt of £375 millions in gold. So far as regards the principal of the debt. Let us now consider the interest payments. Taking an average rate of 5 per cent. we get an annual liability of Rs. 25 crores for payment of interest on our internal rupee debt. At 15 to the pound it would have meant an annual liability for £16.66 millions in gold or commodities of equivalent value, but at the present exchange of 18d. to the rupee, it means that £18.75 millions in gold or equivalent commodities has to be found by the country to meet the same interest charge. It will, therefore, be seen that while the exchange manipulations of Government do not save a single farthing to the country in the payment of either the interest or the principal of its *foreign* debt, these manipulations actually increase the burden of our *internal* debt by as much as £42 millions for principal and £2.10 millions year by year for interest. This takes no count of the re-payments of our short-period debt, of which there are very large amounts outstanding, and the re-payment of which at the present appreciated rate of the rupee will mean an unnecessary additional burden on the country of some £15 millions in respect of the 175 crores of debt that mature within the next 10 years only. Therefore all talk of savings being effected for the country by means of the manipulation of the rupee is entirely incorrect and misleading.

A Misleading Claim.

I shall now take up another equally misleading claim made by the Finance Member in his Budget speech to show how India was being benefited by Government's manipulation of the rupee. He said in para 43 of his Budget speech:

"In so far as India takes gold in payment of her exports therefore a man who has had a given quantity of Cotton or of wheat for export has been able to get in exchange a larger amount in gold than previously..... when the producer has been getting a considerably larger amount of gold for his produce, how can it be maintained that the rise in Exchange has been robbing him of 40 crores a year?"

This statement shows an entire ignorance of the conditions of our foreign trade. The buyer in Europe, America or Japan gives us a given amount of gold for our Cotton or our wheat, and the amount of money he so tenders for our produce does not depend on the rate of exchange, which the Indian Government may be pleased to keep at the moment. The price tendered in the foreign markets wholly and solely depends on the comparative value in gold of our own produce as against similar produce of other countries, and it makes no difference to the buyer whether our exchange is 12d. or 16d. or 20d. To put it in other words, if X tons of wheat or X bales of Cotton were worth £1,000 to-day in Liverpool, we shall get £1,000 to-day even if the exchange is 16d. or 14d. No more and no less. That such a preposterous claim could be put forward

(Continued on page 8.)

*Previous articles appeared on 12th, 18th, 20th, 26th May and 6th, and 16th instant.

IRON RULE IN ITALY

CLEAR OUT NON-FASCISTS

MUSSOLINI DECLARES WAR.

ROME, June 13.

Sgr. Mussolini in a speech to-day at the National Fascist Congress defended the bill excluding non-Fascists from the Civil Service and declared his ruthless determination to establish discipline. He said concentration of all power in the hands of the Fascist should be the order of the day. Amid frenzied cheers, he declared he was ready to defend with his life-blood the banner of the Fascist revolution. — Reuter.

RAID ON CHINESE LEGATION

NON-CHINESE ELEMENTS BEHIND COUP?

PARIS, June 22.

Raiders on the Chinese Legation are apparently nearly all workmen respectably dressed and seeming to hail from all provinces of China. The Legation expresses opinion that the motives of the raiders were patriotic on the ground that Chinese Diplomatic representatives were not taking active enough steps to submit the Chinese demands for the emancipation from foreign control to Governments to which they were accredited. Legation officers deprecate the methods adopted as harmful to the Chinese cause, and emphasise that the raiders in no way represent the whole of the Chinese Colony in Paris but rather the extremist group affiliated to the extremists in China. The Legation suspects that non-Chinese elements are behind the coup which was evidently very carefully planned. It is hinted that possibly the hand of Moscow is again working. The French police are inquiring into matter. Interesting revelations are possible.—Reuter's Special.

PROTECTION TO LIFE & PROPERTY.

CHINESE GOVT'S. GUARANTEE.

HONG KONG June 22.

Government has issued a notification guaranteeing full protection to life and property and announcing that the family of anyone losing his life as a direct consequence of being engaged in carrying on the customary work of Government will be paid 4,000 dollars.—Reuter.

ANTI-BRITISH FEELING WANES.

GENERAL BOYCOTT OF FOREIGN GOODS LIKELY.

LONDON, June 22.

Latest British telegrams from China indicate that affairs have entered a new phase. Anti-British feeling is at present less violent, but a general boycott of foreign goods seems to be under preparation.

CHINESE BANK GUARDED.

HONG KONG, June 23.

Armed guards have been placed at the doors of Chinese banks which have been closed with the object of preventing a run on them.—Reuter.

MEANING OF SHANGHAI REVOLT.

A PEOPLE'S RISING.

Describing how China is dominated and controlled by alien capitalism a Chinese correspondent writes as follows in the 'Daily Harold":—

By far the most important part of the trade with the interior of China passes through the bottle-neck of Shanghai, and British trade also passes largely through Hong-Kong, the island guarded by the British Fleet, which forms a sort of guarded warehouse for British traders.

In 1923 the total value of the foreign trade of China was 1,701,551,336 Haikwan taels. Of this amount 694,708,685 passed through Shanghai, the next port receiving only 182,000,000—a good illustration of the dominance of Shanghai.

Of the foreign trade in 1923, 423,879,705 Hk. Tls. was with Hongkong, Japan running up a close second, and all other countries being nowhere.

CHINESE DEMAND.

The Chinese have had the audacity publicly to proclaim that they want "China for the Chinese.' What cause have they for complaint? China is more a British colony than is Canada. If the U.S.A. sent American policemen to Lombard-street in order to get her debts paid, there would be diplomatic ructions.

But Britain has sent policemen in the shape of armoured cars, tanks and artillery to Shanghai; and the result has really been to reduce any chance of the interest being paid on those British loans and investments whose interest is long overdue.

Shanghai is really three cities, the Chinese City, the French Concession and the International Concession. This latter is really the British and American Concession—and certainly not international so far as China is concerned.

SLUMS FOR "NATIVES."

The Chinese City is a densely populated quarter of crooked ten-foot streets and restless yellow people—the exploited as usual living in dank and sordid slums. The French Concession (sometimes called the Paris of the East) and the International Concession together make up a very modern and luxurious city—the residential area of the exploiters, of course.

How is this extraordinarily incongruous situation maintained? The Chinese do not willingly work for their alien masters. The alien settlers who forced the iniquotous Treaty Port system on the Chinese have planted in Shanghai a volunteer corps of 1,533 men, with heavy equipment, including tanks, maintained at the expense of the ratepayers, some of whom are Chinese.

No Chinese ever expected that the Nine-Power Treaty signed at Washington in February, 1922, in which the Great Powers agreed to respect the sovereignty and independence of China, would be acted on. But slowly and surely the 436,000,000 souls who comprise the great Chinese Republic are deciding to be masters in their own house.

EVACUATION OF RUHR.

TO COMMENCE SHORTLY.

FRENCH CABINET'S DECISION

PARIS, June 23.

The Cabinet has approved of the measures decided by M. Painleve and M. Briand with a view to carrying out the engagements entered into with regard to the evacuation of the Ruhr and their operation will commence shortly.—Reuter.

SHAH OF PERSIA.

TO RETURN HOME VIA SYRIA.

MARSEILLES, June 23.

Colonel Riazi Khan, head of the Persian Military Mission to France, has arrived here. In an interview he said that the Shah would return to Persia in two months via Syria declining the Soviet suggestion that he should return via Caucasus.—Reuter

UNEMPLOYMENT OF EUROPEANS.

QUESTION IN COMMONS.

LONDON June 22.

In the House of Commons, Mr. Wardlaw Milne drew attention to the "grave conditions" arising out of unemployment of Europeans and Anglo-Indians in India and asked whether the Government of India was taking any action to create employment by means of public works or otherwise to meet the situation.

Lord Winterton replied that Lord Birkenhead had no recent detailed information but would ask the Indian Government to report.

PILGRIMS TO HEDJAZ.

Mr. Wardlaw Milne further drew attention to the letter of Ibn Saud of 7th March to the Central Khilafat Committee promising the pilgrims to the Hedjaz security and peace, and asked whether the Government of India had received any direct communication from Ibn Saud.

Earl Winterton said he was not aware whether the Government of India have received one or not.

LEE RECOMMENDATIONS AND PENSIONS.

Replying to Mr. Ernest Evans, Lord Winterton stated that consequent on the recommendations of the Lee Commission, the Secretary of State in Council had recently decided that the members of All-India Services and certain other persons not yet finally determined should be entitled to commute upto half their pension subject to medical examination and retention of the minimum uncommuted portion. It was also proposed to delegate to the Government of India and local Governments in respect of persons not covered by this decision power to allow commutation up to half, subject to any conditions they thought it right to impose.

PASSAGES "HOME" AND BACK.

Replying to Mr. Harmsworth who suggested that free passages home and back should be granted to warrant officers in the Indian Army on leave as a matter of right and not indulgence, Lord Winterton said that the question whether passages should be provided under rules for such officers was at present under consideration.

MILITARY CAREER FOR INDIAN YOUTHS.

Replying to Commander Kenworthy, Lord Winterton said that with Lord Birkenhead's concurrence, the Government of India had decided to appoint a committee to examine the means of attracting the best qualified Indian youths to military career. The Chairman would be Sir Andrew Skeen. The Government of India was not yet in a position to announce further details, but the committee would include non-official members representing both the military classes of population and Indian political opinion.

INDIA'S AIRWAY.

Replying to Sir Harry Britain, Lord Winterton said that the Government of India was collaborating fully with the Air Ministry in connection with the establishment of air communications with India.

CINEMA FILMS IN INDIA.

Replying to Commander Kenworthy, Lord Winterton said he believed it was the case that in India as elsewhere a large majority of films exhibited were not British. He understood that exhibitors had to take what was available, was desired by customers and was passed by censors, but film theatres were under close observation, and as recent debate in the Council of State showed there was informed Indian opinion on it. He had also information, which, however, was not very definite that the production of films in India itself was increasing.—Reuter.

OFF TO MECCA?

WAHABIS RETIRE.

JEDDAH EVACUATED.

PORT SUDAN, June 23.

A message from Jeddah says that the Wahabis besieging Jeddah evacuated their positions on the night of 20th June without giving any warning and without fighting.

It is now supposed that they are retiring to Mecca.—Reuter.

INDIANS' HAJ VENTURE.

APPRECIATED IN HEDJAZ.

The following cable has been received by Maulana Shaukat Ali from Maulvi Mohamad Shafi Daudi, M. L. A., from Port Sudan which was despatched on Tuesday and received here at 3 p.m. the same day. "Husain migrated Cyprus. Medina release shortly expected. Mecca route safe. Living conditions improving. Indias' venture appreciated. Shafi".

"THANK GOD !"

Maulana Shaukatali writes under date 23rd, June:—

"Last night about 12 o'clock I received the following very welcome radio message from S. S. "Akber," despatched by Molvi Mohammad Shafi Daudi, M. L. A. from Portsudan Radio Office, dated 22nd June 1925, at 12.45 p.m.

'Previous pilgrims starting Mecca tonight. "Akber" arived safe. Arrangements reported satisfactory. Shafi'.

Thank God all pilgrims have landed Rabigh safely. Their baggage and foodstuffs were also landed safely. Finally S. S. "Akber" also reached Rabigh on Monday at midday, and by this time the last batch of pilgrims must be on their way to Holy Mecca. God has looked after their safety and in His care we leave them. Well-done "Akber". Messrs. Turner Morrison and Co., certainly deserve praise for punctuality. Inshaallah! Molvi Shafi Daudi, Abdulmajid, Molvi Abdulhalim, Molvi Mohammad Irfhan. Sheikh Alauddin and Hafiz Usman will all reach the Holy Kaba by 26th. inst. well before the Haj".

PRESS AND READING'S MISSION.

INDIA OFFICE DENIAL

LONDON, June 22.

The India Office now refutes the Press reports regarding the Reading-Birkenhead conversations, and points out that no decisions can be reached till His Majesty's Government have considered the policy to be adopted.—Reuter.

PROPOSED ROUND TABLE CONFERENCE.

BERAR SWARAJISTS' ATTITUDE

YEOTMAL, June 22.

The Berar Swarajist councillors, who met last evening, to consider their attitude towards the proposed Round Table Conference for considering the political situation in the Province, dispersed without recording any decision, but it is understood that they are resolved not to participate in it and are determined to stand by Bengal at any cost. They are again meeting at Amraoti on 12th July to consider the draft of the Berar Land Revenue Code.—A. P.

FRANCO-SPANISH AGREEMENT.

MADRID, June 23.

An agreement has been signed at Franco-Spanish Conference regarding the naval patrol of the Moroccan Coast.

This coincides with the report that a Spanish offensive has opened in Morocco, though official circles are reticent.—Reuter.

INTERNATIONAL RLY. CONGRESS.

LONDON, June 22.

The International Railway Congress, attended by over 100 delegates representing almost every country in the world, including the Dominions and India but excluding Germany and Russia, was opened in London by the Duke of York.—Reuter's Special.

CIVIL RESEARCH COMMITTEE.

LONDON, June 23.

The Committee of Civil Research will be presided over by the Prime Minister and in his absence a Minister will be nominated by him. The Committee will consist of persons summoned by the Premier and will be an advisory body charged with giving centralised attention to the development of economic, scientific and statistical research in relation to the civil policy and administration and define new areas wherein an enquiry is valuable.—Reuter.

DAS' MEMORIAL.

WANTED RS. 10 LAKHS

MAHATMA'S APPEAL.

CALCUTTA, June 23.

Mahatma Gandhi, Lord Sinha, Sir Surendranath Banerjee and other prominent residents of the city have issued an appeal for a sum of rupees ten lakhs for the erection of a memorial to Mr. C. R. Das. It is suggested that the memorial should take the form of a hospital for women irrespective of caste or creed and an institution for the training of nurses. Whilst the required rupees ten lakhs may come from ten millionaires Mr. Gandhi thinks it desirable that the amount should be made up chiefly from the poor who can afford even a few pice. Mr. Gandhi suggests that the collections for the Memorial Fund should be finished before July 1st next.—A.P.

BENGAL'S DUTY.

TO FULFIL DESHBANDHU'S CHERISHED IDEA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, June 23.

Only eight days Mahatmaji has assigned, from to-day till June 21, for the collection of ten lakhs of rupees to perpetuate the memory of Deshbandhu by the erection of a hospital for women irrespective of caste and creed and an institution for the training of nurses. Sjt. Das had all along cherished this idea, and particularly at the time of bequeathing his property he had mentioned that his idea among others was to establish a hospital for women.

The appeal for ten lakhs which is being issued under the signatures of Mahatma Gandhi, Lord S. P. Sinha, Sir P. C. Roy, Sir Surendranath Banerjee, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, Sir Nilratan Sircar and others will be magnificiently responded to for the fitting memorial of one to whom the poor were Gods (Daridranarayan) and who made Himalayan sacrifices for the country.

Rupees two lakhs have been already promised.

Mahatmaji appeals: I hope the ten lakhs would be made up by contributions from all the Bengalis and all those who have made Bengal their domicile and are earning their livelihood of making money in Bengal. Above all my appeal is to young Bengal which perhaps more than any other class is indebted to Deshbandhu.

The lacs of men who made the mourning procession in Calcutta on the 18th instant, can and should, pay their quota. It should be remembered that ten lacs is the minimum required and by no means the maximum since after paying as Rs. 2,20,000 for the debts due on the property, there will be available only Rs. 780,000—not a large sum for a hospital and a training school for nurses.

As a somewhat experienced collector of funds, let me say to the public that they must not pay to any but the collectors whom they know and trust. There is not a moment to spare if we are to finish the collection in eight days. It is possible only (1) if all who can give and induce others to give, (2) if all give now, (3) if all give the utmost they can, (4) if the mofussil centres take up the work at once. The public should remember that (2) this is an All-Bengal memorial without distinction of race, creed, caste or party. (2) that it is intended to perpetuate the memory of one of the greatest of India's sons. (3) that it is to be for a purely humanitarian purpose.

I understand too that a private hospital exclusively for women and an institution for training nurses are badly wanted in Calcutta. I need hardly point out that the names of trustees are a guarantee of a proper use of the monies that might be given by donors.

COMMUNISTS IN MOURNING.

LONDON, June 19.

"Forward" of Calcutta publishes the following messages:—

The Communist Party of Great Britain joins India in mouring over her great leader Mr. C. R. Das who inspired her to a new fight and trusts the younger generation will further push forward the anti-Imperialistic struggle for freedom of workers and peasants. The Communist Party pledges fullest possible support and co-operation in the struggle.

—SAKLATVALA, M.P.
—Mc MANUS
—INKPIN, Secretary.

DEEPLY GRIEVED.

OOTACAMUND, June 19.

Deeply grieved. Sincerest condolences.

—KRISHNA GUPTA

YOUR LOSS IS COUNTRY'S LOSS.

JODHPUR, June 19.

Distressed to hear of your sad bereavment. Your loss is country's loss. It's national calamity. Your esteemed husband has passed away at a time when his services were most needed. May God comfort you and yours in your just sorrow.

—MADAN MOHAN MALAVIA

KASIMBAZAR'S CONDOLENCE.

PURI, June 19.

Please accept my sincere heartfelt con-

(Continued on next page.

TROUBLE AT GOOTY.

RIOT AND ARSON.

POLICE OPEN FIRE.

MADRAS, June 23.

A report of serious riot and arson reaches from Gooty Taluq. When the police were investigating into the cases of the trouble between two fighting sections the men belonging to Dorgal Reddy faction and those of the opposite side came into open conflict, which from abuses developed into throwing of stones. Papi Reddy, the leader of one faction was hit by a big stone and he fell unconscious. At this his men attacked the house of Royappa Reddy, supporter of the rival faction and beseiged it. Thereupon the police opened fire with buckshot, which, while hurting none, ended the fight temporarily. When these happenings reached Dorgal Reddy's followers in the neighbouring villages they turned out in force and marched towards Morthad with a view to sack the village but the police, consisting of one head constable, two constables and two extra constables seeing a big mob coming up opened fire which made the mob retreat.

The Sub-Divisional Magistrate and assistant superintendent of police have now arrived at the scene of trouble to investigate the whole case.—A.P.

ALLIANCE BANK PENSION FUND.

LIQUIDATORS' APPEAL UPHELD.

CALCUTTA, June 23.

At the High Court, to-day, the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Buckland delivered judgement in the appeal preferred by the Alliance Bank of Simla Ltd., in liquidation against the decision of Mr. Justice C. C. Ghose.

The liquidators of the bank applied for directions as to a certain pension fund as they were in doubt as to the persons to whom and the extent to which the bank was liable under the Pension scheme. In August 1919, a scheme for the establishment of a pension fund was approved by both the shareholders and directors and a scheme was drawn up on May 8th 1923. The amount standing to the credit of the pension fund was Rs. 345,886. Mr. Justice Ghose was of opinion that the relationship was not that of a creditor and a debtor and that the amount standing to the credit of the Pension Fund at the date of liquidation was distributable among the persons who were entitled to the benefits of the scheme and he appointed the present liquidators trustees for such distribution.

Against that decision the liquidators appealed.

The Chief Justice in delivering judgment said that the money standing to the credit of the Pension Fund was in deposit with the bank in accordance with the arrangement made when the trustees were appointed. In His Lordship's judgment the relationship between the trustees and the bank was that of a creditor and a debtor for the amount standing to the credit of the fund. His Lordship differed with respect from Mr. Justice Ghose that the bank were trustees of the fund. In the opinion of the Chief Justice the persons appointed by the board were the trustees of the fund and they had a deposit account with the bank which was called the Pension Fund. The trustees were entitled to rank as ordinary creditors of the bank and entitled to a divident in respect of the amount standing to credit of the Pension Fund.—A.P.

MISCHIEF-MONGERS CAUGHT RED-HANDED.

SITUATION AT DERA.

LAHORE, June 23.

Mr. B. F. Bharucha wires:—

In Lahore the railway strike has collapsed, but outstations are holding on. Trains are arriving late. Workmen are suffering badly.

At Dera Ismailkhan a few Muslim mischief-makers attempted setting fire to 35 Hindu houses in 13 days. The Hindu Seva Samiti duly organised, kept regular watch and caught red-handed the mischief-makers. Inquiry is proceeding in camera. All is quiet at Dera Ismailkhan and Hindu-Muslim relations are harmonious.

Deshabandhu's death is deplored by all persons and parties in Lahore.—Free Press of India.

UNANI & AYURVEDIC DISPENSARIES IN AHMEDABAD.

AHMEDABAD, June 22.

The local Vaidsabha having written to the Ahmedabad Municipality to open Unani and Ayurvedic dispensaries in different wards of the city, the Sanitary Committee of the Municipality asked the Vaidsabha to open a dispensary as an experimental measure, stating that if it was found satisfactory, the Committee would recommend the giving of a grant. In order to protest against this reply of the Sanitary Committee, the Vaidsabha convened a public meeting this evening and passed a resolution requesting the General Board of the Municipality to take this matter into consideration.—A. P.

Calcutta June 22.—There has been a big rush of people for Puri this year to witness the Rath Jatra.—A. P.

VAIKOM SATYAGRAHA.

GANDHI-PITT PACT BROKEN.

ADVANCE TOWARDS TEMPLE

TRIVANDRUM, June 23.

The Satyagraha volunteers at Vaikom have broken the Gandhi-Pitt pact and advanced towards the temple. Consequently the police piquets have been restored at points where the barricades stood. Mr. Gandhi has telegraphed to the Police Commissioner that he will not permit the Satyagrahis to advance without consulting him. The local leaders ordered Satyagrahis to stand fast, but they are apparently out of control. The Police Commissioner has proceeded to Vaikom and no disturbance is apprehended.—A. P.

MR. C. Y. CHINTAMANI.

TO EDIT "INDIAN DAILY MAIL."

ALLAHABAD, June 23.

Mr. C. Y. Chintamani, in this morning's issue of the "Leader" announces that with the concurrence of the Board of Directors of the Newspapers Limited and other friends he has consented to edit the "Indian Daily Mail" of Bombay for five months or a shorter period as the case may be and Mr. Krishna Ram will be in Editorial charge of the "Leader" during his absence.—A.P.

PROPOSAL FOR GENERAL RAILWAY STRIKE.

The Secretary, Railway Union, Sukkur wires under date June 23rd:—

Resolved Federation be requested to call a general strike of all Indian railways in sympathy with the North Western Railway strikers who are continuing the fight even through starvation till an honourable settlement is arrived at.

ALL MUSLIM PARTIES CONFERENCE.

The General Secretary, Central Jamait-Tabligh-ul-Islam, Ambala City wires:—

As already announced the All Muslim Parties Conference comes off at Amritsar on 16th to 19th July Nawab Ismail Khan, M. L. A., will preside Dr. Saifuddin Kitchlew has formed a strong Reception Committee which has commenced work in right earnest. About 300 invitations have been issued. Inviters are hereby requested to send draft resolutions to the General secretary, Central Jamiat-Tabligh-ul-Islam, Ambala City by 5th July.

BENCH OF SUPREME COURT OF CEYLON.

LONDON, June 22.

In the House of Commons, replying to Mr. Lansbury, Mr. Amery said he had no record of any advice from Sir Anton Bertram that there should not be more than two Ceylonese on the Bench of the Supreme Court of Ceylon. The Governor in reporting the recent vacancies had asked that appointments previously filled by Europeans should continue to be so filled. Mr. Amery saw no reason at present for altering the existing arrangement of three European and two Ceylonese judges.—Reuter's Special.

JOHANNESBURG'S UNIQUE WELCOME TO PRINCE.

JOHANNESBURG, June 23.

Unparalleled enthusiasm hitherto evinced during the Prince of Wales's tour broke all bounds on the occasion of his arrival at Johannesburg where measures taken to accord His Royal Highness a cordial welcome were unsurpassed. The Prince was greeted with deafening cheers of the whole populace rendering the Prince's speech inaudible notwithstanding the installation of a dozen loud speakers. Nurses stormed the press cars and stood on their steps to get a glimpse of the Prince. Subsequently, elaborate police arrangements were put to a severe test by the surging tide of humanity, particularly women attempting to break through the cordons of cavalry assisted by boy scouts. The Prince's visit to Johannesburg promises to be a climax of his tour. Authorities have made arrangements which admittedly dwarf everything done elsewhere, while the presents to be made to the Prince represent a fortune. The Indian community is presenting a cunningly carved massive gold replica of the Hindu temple.—Reuter.

WOMEN'S TEMPERANCE CONVENTION.

LONDON, June 23.

The World Women's Christian Temperance Convention which was opened yesterday at Edinburgh has approved of a memorial to the women throughout world declaring that that alcohol is poisonous and urging them to unite in a voluntary abstinence from alcohol and all well-considered efforts to limit and prohibit the manufacture and the sale of alcohol and also unite in efforts to protect home and promote purity.—Reuter.

IMPERIAL WIRELESS SERVICES COMMITTEE.

LONDON, June 23.

The Imperial Wireless Services Committee met to-day for the first time under the presidency of Viscount Wolmer, Assistant Post-Master General.—Reuter.

TERMINAL TAX RECOMMENDATION.

BOMBAY CHAMBER'S OPPOSITION.

A meeting of the Municipal Corporation was held on Tuesday, Mr. V. J. Patel presiding.

The Corporation considered the report of the Committee for imposing a Terminal Tax for the town duty now obtaining. The recommendations of the Committee were:

"That the Terminal Tax for imports by Sea or by Road of Gunnies including Hessian cloth, (gunny, pieces, bags, cloth and Hessians) be levied at the rate of annas 12 per bale; that the tax for imports by Sea or by Road of Gunny bags (old) be levied at the rate of 3 annas per package, and that the tax for imports by Rail of the same be levied at the rate of one anna and six pies per Bengal maund instead of Re. 1, annas 4 and annas 2 respectively as originally proposed.

That Bangles be separated from the group of "Glass, window sheet, plate, beads and tubes" and a tax of annas 8 per package be levied thereon for imports by Sea or by Road and annas 6 per Bengal maund for imports by Rail instead of Re. 1 and annas 12 respectively as originally proposed.

That the Terminal Tax for imports by Sea or by Road of Machinery and Mill work (Machinery and parts of machinery, steam, electric, etc.) and the machinery and parts of machinery worked by manual or animal power (when weight is known) be levied at the rate of annas 4 per ton or 40 c. ft. ton; that the package rate for the same, when weight is not known, be levied at the rate of annas 2 per package and that the tax for imports by Rail of the same be levied at the rate of 2 pies per Bengal maund instead of annas 12 annas 6 and pies 6 respectively as originally proposed.

The Committee beg to recommend that the schedule as revised be now submitted to Government with a request that they will be pleased to undertake the necessary legislation in the matter at an early date."

Mr. J. B. Boman-Behram moved that the report be adopted and that Government be approached to make the necessary amendments in the Municipal Act to give effect to the recommendations.

Mr. A. K. Pai complained that the Chamber of Commerce had brought forward most flimsy arguments against the Tax, but they must bear in mind that the liabilities of the Corporation particularly in regard to primary education was increasing, and its income also must increase proportionately.

Mr. Ishverdas Lakhmidas moved that the report be adopted and that the following articles be taxed as under: Coal.—One anna per ton; Gunnies.—Ten annas per bale and two annas per package; Fuel Oil.—Three annas per ton; Petrol.—Six annas per 100 gallons; Cement.—Two annas per ton and Sugar.—Nine pies per Bengal maund.

Mr. Fazal Rahimtoola seconding explained the amendment was really that of the Indian Merchants' Chamber, which the mover had been asked to propose in the Corporation.

Mr. A. J. Raymond opposed both the proposition and the amendment. The Port Trust had a prior claim to the tax than the Municipality he said.

Dr. A. G. Viegas thought they should ask the Port Trust for their views.

Mr. Mathuradas Tricumji moved an amendment: That the report be adopted subject to the following modification; that the rates mentioned in the schedule be maximum and that they should be levied in respect of the several articles mentioned in the schedule or of so many of them as the Corporation shall from year to year determine.

PREFERENTIAL TREATMENT TO INDIGENOUS GOODS.

Mr. K. F. Nariman seconding the amendment said although it did not meet with his entire approval, it went as far as it could. He did not want their hands to be tied down by anybody as to what tax should be levied by them on particular goods. The tax was going to affect the whole commercial class and they must, therefore, consider the matter carefully. His point was that there should be some discrimination used between indigenous and foreign articles.

Mr. L. R. Tairsee said all bodies except the Bombay Chamber were agreed that a terminal tax should be levied. The Bombay Chamber was, however, changing its opinion from time to time. He agreed that Indian made goods should be given preferential treatment and that could only be done if they had a free hand in the imposition of these taxes.

Mr. Jamnadas Mehta agreed with Mr. Tairsee.

The amendment of Mr. Mathuradas mad provision for every necessity and occasion, said Mr. Jamnadas.

COMMISSIONER OPPOSES AMENDMENT.

The Commissioner said Mr. Mathuradas' amendment was unnecessary as the original proposition contained everything that was essential to vary the rate of the tax whenever necessary. Section 192 was quite clear on the point. The present town duties were uneconomical and most clear on the point. The present and most troublesome and everybody found fault with them. They would, however, levy only such taxes as were absolutely necessary for them, and no more. The recommendations were reasonable and should be agreeable to all. Even the Chairman of the Port Trust had agreed to the principle, but not the Chamber of Commerce which had said "no". They must remember that it would take them two years to get the sanction of the Government of India to the imposition of the tax and he would have agreed to the delaying of the matter for another three years, if there were any reasonable hopes of an agreement. But the Chamber of Commerce would not agree to it on any account. The Corporation was as keen as anybody that not a single ton of cargo should be diverted from this port to another. As for discrimination in levying the tax, he said, that was a matter for Imperial Government to decide which was already giving preference to certain Indian goods and the Corporation had nothing to do with it. They were merely concerned with a terminal tax on all goods, and it was not their business to impose these discriminating duties. It was impossible for them to arrive at a unanimous agreement in such a matter, and there was no difference to speak of between the original proposition and the amendment of Mr. Mathuradas. He asked them to go forward at once without any further delay.

Mr. Mathuradas' amendment was adopted as a substantive proposition.

The Corporation then adjourned till 3-40 p.m. to-day.

MILLS AND WAGES.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Will you kindly publish the following in your widely read daily and oblige?

"To-day I find notices posted at every Cotton mill gate that the Mill Agents are losing money, are unable to sell their goods, and hence have to decide in the near future whether to shut down the mills for some time, or cut the wages by 10 or 20 per cent., in the alternative work short time. It is pity that mill-owners are reduced to such poverty, and the Government sphinx-like are still fiddling when Rome is burning. They do not think of cancelling the Excise duty, nor do they think of stabilising the Exchange. What have the workers to do now? I would appeal to the workers to co-operate with the Agents, and agitate for stopping completely all the imported cloth from outside India, whether from Japan or from other places. The workers should even go the length of pursuading the dockers not to unload imported cloth or yarn. The owners who are now importing large quantities of foreign yarn for weaving cloth in India, should pledge themselves not to do so, and try to produce more yarn, and convert the yarn that is already produced in their mill isto cloth, however coarse it may be, rather than exporting it to China, Rangoon and other places. Unless this is done, and done immediately, lakhs of people in Bombay and other places will suffer for want of food, crimes will increase and there will prevail general chaos. Statistics have proved the fact that 60 crores worth of cloth is imported every year into India and all the cloth that is required by India for normal consumption is not produced by the Indian mills and hand looms put together. So it goes without saying that it is the cheap imported cloth that kills the Indian mills, and the workers in turn. If that is stopped, all be well. Will the mill-owners and mill workers take note of this vital point, and act immediately?—Yours truly,

"A MILL HAND".

June 22.

BORAHS AND WAKFS ACT.

A public meeting of the Dawoodi Bohra community of Bombay was held on Tuesday at 4 p.m. in Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall, under the presidency of Janab Nomanbhai Nooruddin, Amil Saheb of Bombay to express the community's deep appreciation of the action of the Governor-General-in-Council in exempting them from the operation of the Wakf Act.

Mr. S. C. Barodawalla at the outset explained the object of the meeting and said meetings of the members of the community were held in different parts of the country who passed resolutions with one accord that the Wakf Act should not be applied to the Dawoodi Bohra community. This view was supported by the late Advocate-General Sir Thomas Strangman, the Bombay Bar Association, the Hon. Judges of the Bombay High Court, and the Judicial Commissioner, Sind, etc.

A resolution appreciating the action of the Government of Bombay, in exempting the Dawoodi Bohra Community from the provisions of the Wakf Act for a period of three years from the 1st of June, 1925, at which date the said Act came into operation, was passed.

Another resolution declared that it was the desire of the Dawoodi Bohra Community that permanent exemption from the provisions of the said Act should be accorded to the Community and to its Wakfs and requested Government to give early effect to such desire.

The meeting terminated with a vote of thanks to the Chairman.

THE ANAVIL SAMAJ.

We have received several letters about the Anavil Samaj meeting which was held at Navsari on the 14th instant. Some of these letters including those signed by G. M. Desai and "Non-Party Man" question the accuracy of the version of the proceedings by our representative which was published in "The Chronicle". From inquiries we have made we see no reason to doubt the accuracy of the version published by us of the proceedings of the meeting.

Yeotmal, June 22.—Presiding over a crowded meeting last evening, Mr. M. S. Aney, M. L. A., dilated at some length on the present political situation. Referring to the recent action of Government with regard to Reforms in Bengal, he observed that Mr. Das's death at this juncture had created a position of unusual difficulty for the Swarajists. A step similar to that taken in Bengal was likely to be taken in C. P. but the contemplated move would put the Liberals also on their trial.—A. P.

DAS MEMORIAL.

(Continued from previous page.)

dolence at your sad bereavement.

—MAHARAJA, KASIMBAZAR

ONE OF INDIA'S GREATEST SONS.

NAINITAL June 19.

Shocked to hear your husband's untimely death. Kindly accept my heartfelt sympathy in your bereavement. India mourns in him the loss of one of her greatest sons.

—RAJA OF MAHMUDABAD.

LOSS TOO GREAT FOR WORDS.

TIRUCHENGODU, June 19.

Could not believe my eyes when papers bought the tragic announcement. National loss too great for words. Pray accept depest sympathy.

C. RAJAGOPALLACHAR

STUPENDOUS NATIONAL LOSS.

MADRAS, June 18.

It is a stupendous national loss to India and Bengal. The Madras Swarajya Party and Congress Committee and myself join Bengal in expressing the profoundest grief of the loss of one of India's greatest and most heroic sons.

S. SRINIVASA IYENGAR

CONDOLENCES FROM ABROAD.

BERLIN HALESNSEE, June 19.

Condolence.

—HINDUSTAN ASSOCIATION

CHICAGO, June 18.

Heartfelt condolence for bereaved leader.

HINDUSTAN ASSOCIATION

KHILAFAT COMMITTEE'S CONDOLENCE.

CALCUTTA, June 22.

At a special meeting of the Calcutta Khilafat Committee held to-day under th presidency of Dr. A Suhrawardy a resolution was passed placing on record its sense of irreparable loss and profound sorrow at the sudden and untimely death of Deshbandhu Chitta Ranjan Das and expressing its heartfelt sympathy and offering its sincerest condolences to Mrs. Basanti Devi and other members of the bereaved family in the great calamity which they in common with the rest of India have sustained.—A. P.

CONDOLENCE MEETINGS ALL OVER INDIA.

Messages are still pouring in describing the condolence meetings which are being held all over India to mourn the loss the country has sustained at the death of Deshbandhu Das. Such meetings were held among other places at Amalner, Gandevi, Malad, Khamgaon, Jamnagar, Athri, Dayapur, Hubli, Sirsi, Bhusawal, Deolali, Akot, Raipur, Honanar, Gaya Panch Mahals, Biswanath Ghat, Raikot, Dharwar, Jalgaon, Amritsar, Rajamundri and Hughli where condolence resolutions were passed.

The Wardha Taluka Board, Nagpur Marwadi Seva Sangh, Gujarat Journalists' Association, Bengali community of Nagpur, Dhulia City Municipality passed condolence resolutions.

CONDOLENCE RESOLUTION IN PUNJAB COUNCIL.

PROTEST AGAINST PRESIDENT'S ATTITUDE.

(From our Correspondent.)

SIMLA, June 23.

Prof. Ruchi Ram Sahni and Mr. Sabhsingh, Swarajists members, the Punjab Legislative Council have sent the following letter to Sheikh Abdul Sadir, President of the Council:—"We regret that inspite of our special request to you, you did not see your way to allow us to say a few words on the resolution moved in the Council this morning expressing the Council's sorrow at the death of late Deshbandhu Das. We considered it our duty to associate ourselves and the Swaraj Party in the Council directly in the Council's tribute of respect and reverence to our great and lamented leader and as our silence on the occasion is apt to be misunderstood we hope you will have no objection to our communicating this letter to the press.

SJT. AUROBINDO GHOSE.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I have read Sjt. Ghose's tribute to the late Deshbandhu. Now that Mr. Das is no more, will Sjt. Ghose com out of his retirement and lead the nation. If there is any man who is fit to do so, it is Sjt. Ghose. It will please the soul of the departed hero, because a worthy successor will continue the work inaugurated by him. This is not the time for men like him to pass in retirement. He must take an active part in the struggle for freedom.

I hope I shall not appeal to him in vain.—Yours, etc.,

PARSI.

June 21.

Presiding over the tenth anniversary meeting of the Yeotmal Districts Association Mr. R. M. Deshmukh M.L.C., outlined in brief the present political situation paid an eloquent tribute to the patrioitc services of the late Mr. C.R. Das and adverting to provincial topics emphasised the urgent need of organising an agitation for the expenditure of Berar revenues exclusively over Administration in Berar.—A.P.

Calcutta, June 22.—At a meeting of the Bengal Congress Committee a resolution was passed mourning the death of Mr. C. R. Das.—A.P.

OUR CURRENCY PROBLEM.

(Continued from page 6.)

by the present Finance Member who is reputed to have such a close grasp of the Exchange question, passes by comprehension.

In the same paragraph he claims credit for another thing. He says:—

"The price of gold has come down so much in terms of rupees.....that gold has looked very cheap."

This again is an attempt to mislead the layman by making him think that the Government was getting gold cheaply for India by its manipulation of Exchange. But this cheapness is illusory. This country cannot and does not buy gold from overseas with the pieces of paper or metal that we call rupees. The real payment is made by India in commodities. To take again the example that I gave in the last article:

X bales of Cotton eq. Rs. 15,000 eq. 1,000 Sovereigns.

X bales of Cotton eq. Rs. 13,000 eq. 1,000 Sovereigns.

in which the first equation is on the basis of 16d., and the second on the basis of 18d. and a little reflection will show my readers that the 1,000 sovereigns imported cost this country the same amount of commodities in both cases, viz., X bales of cotton. They should further remember that even according to Sir Basil Blackett himself our rupee is now of the nature of a currency notes. They will then see that in both cass the 1,000 sovereigns were paid for with a certain number of notes *but in the second case it was notes of a larger denomination (eighteen-penny Notes) that were used*, and they will then understand that there was really no saving whatsoever to the country in the import of these 1,000 sovereigns. That Government should have to resort to such misleading arguments to win over the layman shows how weak their case really is from a scientific point of view.

Mischievous Manipulations.

Another equally extraordinary claim made in the Finance Member's speech is the following:—

"The imprter (in overseas markets) has been forced by India to pay the increased price represented by the increase in the sterling value of the rupee."

This once more shows an entire ignorance of how prices are made in world markets. India cannot compel the foreign buyer to pay any price it asks, but has to take such price as the foreign buyer is prepared to give on a parity of similar produce then on sale in the same markets from other countries. A case in point is cotton. In October-December 1923 all interested in the cotton trade somehow got the conviction that there would be a world shortage for the 1923-24 season, and that there would not be enough cotton to go round. Active buying began and there was a soon a stampede on the part of all buyers to secure the cotton they thought they needed, and very fancy prices were paid. As much as 22d. was paid in Liverpool for American middling and the stapled varieties of cotton fetched more than Rs. 800 per candy in December 1923. To-day the position is reversed. Consumers have come to the conclusion for the past 12 months that there was quite enough cotton to go round and prices in India are half or less than half what they were in December 1923. If India were in any position to force the foreign buyer to pay the price that India wanted we should be able to get much higher prices to-day for our Cotton. But every merchant knows that this is absurd. It might be imagined that their claim might hold good at least for such articles as are India's monopolies, such as Jute Tea, or Shellac. But even here it does not hold good. Prices are so absolutely controlled by the position of supply and demand even in these monopoly articles that the market goes down to very low levels as soon as the world demand falls off for any reason. This was the case with both Jute and Tea some years ago. It is the case with Shellac to-day. Nothing is, therefore, more preposterous than this claim that India can compel the foreign buyer to pay its own prices. The mischief of the present manipulations is that while the foreign demand is week and foreign prices are already poor for both Shellac and Cotton, the raising of the rate of exchange *makes these prices still poorer to the producer* by Rs. 13-15 in the case of Shellac or Rs. 50 to 60 in the case of cotton and so on.

The argument of India forcing the foreign buyer to pay India's price has only been put forward to mislead the layman, and to make him think that a rise in Exchange would not matter, because India could always force the foreign consumer to pay a proportionately higher price, but this is absolutely incorrect except for a commodity of which a world shortage is feared. Even then the higher price India gets would be due not to Exchange, not to India's own will, but to the shortage and consequent high prices asked by other countries for similar products.

(To be continued.)

Yeotmal, June 22.—Presiding yesterday morning over the 10th anniversary meeting of the Yeotmal District Association, Mr. R. M. Deshmukh, outlined in brief the present political situation. He paid an eloquent tribute to the patriotic services of the late Mr. C. R. Das and adverting to provincial topics emphasised the urgent need of organising an agitation for the expenditure of Berar revenues exclusively over administration in Berar.—A. P.

MR. CADELL ON LEAVE AGAIN.

APPRECIATION BY PORT TRUSTEES.

At yesterday's meeting of the Board of Trustees of the Bombay Port Trust Mr. Cadell informed the Board that owing to the weak state of his health he was advised by his doctors to proceed to Europe, and that he was going that being the last meeting he would attend.

Sir Lawless Hepper moved a cordial vote of thanks recording Mr. Cadell's numerous and able services in fitting words. Sir Purshottamdas seconded and the proposition was carried with acclamation. Mr. Cadell was seen to be very much moved.

The Board considered the following, among other, subjects.

An estimate of Rs. 20,000 for repairs to Pilot Schooner "Dolphin" (Relief Pilot Vessel), proposed engagement of an Engineer and Dredging Master for the new Rockcutter "Nautilus", proposed lease of land to the G. I. P. Railway for Liquid Fuel tanks at Wari Bunder, to consider the question of provision of additional facilities for shipment of manganese ore from the Docks; proposed amendment of the scale of hire charges for the use of the Oil Tank Barge; proposed Municipal Terminal Tax.

With reference to the question of provision of additional facilities for shipment of manganese ore from the docks, the Chairman has submitted a Note in the course of which he said:—

"I now recommend for the Committee's approval

(a) that the schemes for additional railway sidings in Prince's and Victoria Docks and special extra loading facilities at No. 17 Alexandra Dock should be abandoned, as these sidings would only afford limited facilities and the expenditure would not be justified by results;

(b) that the Manganese Ore Companies should be informed that the Malet Bunder railway sidings would require immediate renewal, if the Companies were allowed to retain their plots, but that the Trustees are not prepared to incure this expenditure and that bookings to Liquid Fuel Depot (Malet Bunder plots) will accordingly cease from 1st October 1925, after which date manganese ore will only be booked to the Ore Depots, Mazagon Sewri Reclamation;

(c) the Companies should be given the option of (1) a 4 anna rebate per ton off the wharfage charges for ore brought by them to the Prince's and Victoria Docks for shopment from a non-siding berth i.e. a berth not served with rail sidings on the quay or (2) of handing over such ore to the Docks Department at the Railway siding nearest the loading berth instead of at the quay, in which case the Docks Department will undertake the loading without extra charges over and above the ordmary wharfage fees.

AHMEDABAD LETTER.

BAD ROADS.

(From our Correspondent.)

AHMEDABAD, June 17.

One of the results of the last cyclonic rains was that deep wholes were carved along many of the main roads of the city particularly in those parts where the drainage works were in progress. Now Ahmedabad roads have never been ideal and there have always been complaints on this score. But this fresh development gave a point to them and when it was followed by accidents like the upturning of carriages and consequent damage to person and property, there was naturally aroused a certain keenness of feeling on the matter. The Secretary of the Sanitary Association who is also a member of the Municipality had tabled a motion for the suspension of those officers and servants of the Municipality who might be responsible for this state of affairs, but the President explained that the holes that were carved during the last rains were not the result of negligence but of the unexpected break of the monsoon which upturned all the plans, of the Municipality. The Chief Engineer had so prepared his plans as to close up the drainage works and even repair the roads along which they were carried out before June 20th, before which the monsoon never sets in in Ahmedabad. This explanation changed the feelings of the house and an amendment was moved, and eventually carried, asking the Managing Committee to enquire whether there was any negligence in the matter at all.

MUD AND MUNICIPALITY.

More important than the above, however, was a motion asking the Municipality to remove the mud from the streets within a definite period of its being collected in heaps by the side of the roads. Roads here are so dusty and the absence of drainage facilities so general that the slightest shower of rain makes the streets practically impassable and the Municipality is compelled to collect the mud by the sides. But unless the mud so collected is immediately removed it will be washed down again along the streets by the next shower of rain and the time and expense involved in collecting it will be wasted. The resolution in question, therefore, simply asked that it should be removed within twenty-four hours of its collection and the Chief Engineer agreed. Mr. Kalidas Jhaveri, however, led the opposition and the resolution was eventually thrown out.

LABOUR NOTES.

Mr. Jhabwala writes:—

The other day His Excellency the Governor laid the foundation stone of the Wadia Maternity Hospital at Parel for the women of the poor working classes. This Hospital has a Managing Board on which all interests are represented except Labour. Is it not an irony of fate that what is intended for labourers should not be for labourers? In Bombay there has been given sufficient impetus to Trade Unionism by some of the ardent labourites and as a result of their effort there is sufficient organisation among the labourers who could be asked to send a representative to help in the deliberations of the Board. But, that is not to be for Labour is permitted to grow even by its well-wishers under slavish environments. But that cannot last long.

LIQUOR SHOPS NEAR SCHOOLS.

Three years ago the Government of Bombay appointed an Excise Inquiry Committee with a view to investigate the possibility of prohibition and evidence from Bombay Labour went to show that there was a general feeling among the labouring communities to vote for prohibition to be arrived at by gradual and speedy stages. But the revenues of the Government are bound to suffer as they are even suffering now as a result of the adoption of this particular policy and the Legislative Council not having been till to-day able to suggest other measures of recoupling the loss the opening of the liquor shops at different places in the town has still not been restricted by the Excise Department. Accordingly shops happen to be opened even near schools of children producing a corresponding disastrous effect upon the youthful population. A just protest has been raised by the people of the localities and the Corporation are now faced with a situation which has demanded of them an inquiry from the Government of Bombay.

BALA GOLIS.

Bala-golis are a kind of pills which are narcotic in their nature and as they are generally administrated to children to lull them to sleep are so termed by the poor among whom they are largely used. But they have a weakening influence as well upon the physical constitution of the young folk. Therefore, it is that social workers especially have raised a just protest against the use of the pills for children. But Government have not legislated against the use of the pills and, therefore, the sales cannot be prohibited by law. Till this is done social workers cannot take any restrictive measure as regards the sales. Moreover, on the other hand some physicians are of the opinion that the pills are not as obnoxious in their effect as reported and if they are not used in preference to any other which may be worse, the mothers of the children will not be able to stir out for work.

Official and Personal.

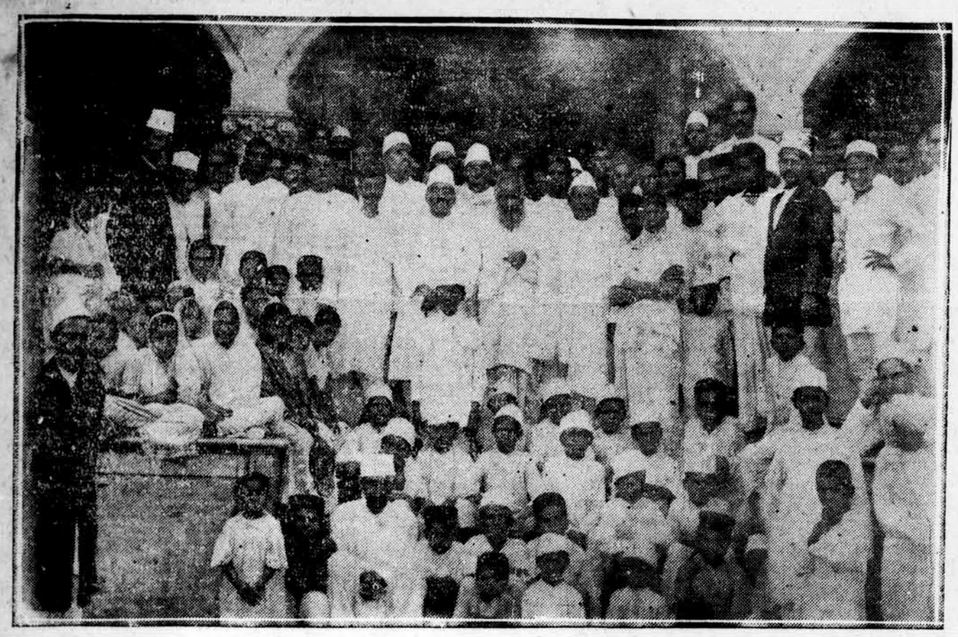
The Governor of Bombay and Lady Wilson gave a Dinner Party at Government House on Monday. The following had the honour of being invited:—Major and Mrs. E. Parbury, Major and Mrs. E. K. Fowler, Major and Mrs J. D. Kidd, Major and Mrs. C. J. S. LeCornu, Major and Mrs. A. S. N. Winder, Major the Hon: and Mrs. Nigel Somerset, Major J. Nethersole, Mr. P. L. Bowers, Mrs. A. K. MacEwan, Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Edwards, Captain and Mr. A. S. Bredon, Captain and Mrs. O. G. Body, Captain and Miss G. B. Harvey, Captain and Mrs. C. Southgate, Captain N. M. Hughes-Hallett, Captain H. B. Morkill, Mr. and Mrs. H. G. Parcell, Captain R. P. L. Ranking, Captain J. H. Souter, Captain J. M. L. Grover, Captain R. Tovey-Tuffin, Miss Casson, Miss Gale, Miss Hayward, Miss Hay, Miss Irwin, Miss Lancaster Miss Sewell, Mr. P. J. Cator, Mr. M. J. Hayward, Mr. H. L. Lendrum, Mr. A. C. Maynard, Mr. J. G. Maxwell-Gumbleton and Mr. V. M. Rees.

Her Highness the Maharani Regent has given the Commission of appointment called "neetu" to Mr. Watts, Barrister-at-Law, as Dewan of Travancore on Tuesday morning with other emblems of Dewanship. "Neetu" was read from public offices in the presence of officers.—A.P.

Mr. T. Prakasam, Bar-at-Law, Editor of "Swarajya" has joined the Swarajya Party.

Baliwalla & Homi
BOMBAY.
279, Hornby Road (Opp. Whiteaway) & 219, Kalbadevi Road.
SPECTACLES AND EYEGLASSES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION
MANUFACTURERS OF THE
KRYPTOK, TORIC, CROOKES AND OTHER COMPLICATED OPTHALMIC LENSES.
AWARDED SEVERAL GOLD MEDALS.

MATUNGA RESIDENTS' CONDOLENCE.



"Bombay Chronicle" Photo.

A view of the meeting of Matunga residents held on Sunday last at the local Gujarati Girls' School, Mr. V. J. Patel presiding, to express sorrow at the death of Deshbandhu Das.

VIZAGAPATAM HARBOUR.

Press Photo Bureau.

A view of the Vizagapatam harbour which was recently declared a major port. This harbour when completed will be one of the finest harbours in the world.

MADAN THEATRES LIMITED

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—In the interests of the Bombay shareholders of Madan Theatres Limited, will you very kindly publish this letter and further oblige them by commenting on the administration of the Company?

The report of the working of this company for the year 1924 has just been published. As a matter of fact it reached Bombay on the evening of the 15th instant, i.e. ten days before the date fixed for the meeting which is to be held in Calcutta. In point of numbers the shareholders in Bombay are more numerous than those in Calcutta and this is the consideration shown to them. This is the fourth year in succession—the company has worked for five years and seven months only—when the directors have shown very disappointing results and expressed their inability to declare a dividend.

REDUCTION.

After these few preliminary observations, I shall come to the report itself but before doing so it is necessary to point out that by a special resolution of the company at meetings held on the 8th and 25th August last the capital of the company was reduced from seventy lakhs to thirty-five lakhs. There is no call liability attached to the shares of this company, the entire amount being fully paid up. In all the four annual accounts issued prior to the calling of the extra-ordinary meetings to pass the "reduction of capital" resolution the directors had shown profits, for two years the managing agents had taken away handsome amounts as their commission and depreciation in large amounts was provided for. Yet within two and a half months after the last ordinary annual meeting was held, it was thought necessary to pass a resolution reducing the value of the assets by thirty-five lakhs. Why was this found necessary? In order to show profit—large or small—the managing agents made their own valuations of the company's films and of the "goods" of the theatrical companies under their charge Both these items, every one will agree, are "working expenses." There are other items also which go under that head. All these were over-valued in the balance-sheet and thus a profit was shown on paper. Concurrently with this, the managing agents cleared away large sums by way of commission for the first two years. I do grant that the landed properties of the company have depreciated in value. But not to the tune of 35 lakhs. The managing agents had paid excessive values when they went on buying the buildings but before the reduction resolution was passed over four and three-quarter lakhs were provided for their depreciation. Their total value; as originally paid by the company, is shown at Rs. 57,71,000 odd and assuming that their values has gone down by one-third in addition to the above amount, 19 lakhs may be allowed under that head. Is it not then that the remaining 16 lakhs of the 35 was a loss incurred by the company and that the managing agents were responsible for not representing the real facts to the shareholders? But what happens in connection with the present report? For the year's working after the accounts upto and inclusive of the 31st December are closed, a net profit of Rs. 2,85,604-11-6 is shown, out of which in the month of May, the directors decide to devote Rs. 2,63,582 to depreciation. Though in August they made up their minds as to the amount at which they should revalue their assets under different heads, they have done what will merely postpone by one year the disclosure of that scandalous position, and they shelter themselves behind the lame excuse that as the Court's order confirming the reduction resolution was passed on 2nd January the reduction of capital is not brought into effect in the audited accounts of 1924. We are not yet aware on what basis the assets were revalued in August and on what basis again the working expenses this year are calculated to be able to judge whether the profit shown to have been earned this year is real or is paper profit.

POOR EXCUSES.

What is the next important statement in the report? After regretting their inability to pay a dividend, the directors make a statement which, but for the tragic consequences to the shareholders is very amusing. They say the managing agents have foregone their commission on the year's profits. I wish they had added, as appears from the profits and loss account, "but they have realised Rs. 24,000 for their office allowance and Rs. 4,000 as directors' fees for four members of their firm who are serving on the Board." Even the directors are convinced that these results are very disappointing and for the last three years we are having the same excuses repeated *ad nauseam*—depression of trade, entertainments tax and heavy customs duty. Now let us examine the first two excuses first. The entertainments tax is levied in several places but we have a combined figure of the total tax collected in Bombay and Bengal, which throws a lurid light on the matter. As a matter of fact this figure need not have been given at all in the profit and loss account, as the entertainments tax need not at all have gone into the company's books. This tax is, as we know, to be paid by the public in addition to the company's price for tickets and is only to be collected by the company for the Government to be handed over to them. To include the tax in the gross revenue and deducting it from the net revenue in the profit and loss account is to mislead share-holders and others in thinking that the proportion of the tax to the revenue is unduly large The amount given for the two presidencies is Rs. 2,42,073-8. The towns affected by these figures are Bombay, Calcutta and Darjeeling. The tax is collected on the more expensive seats and the cheap seats are exempt. If, we work out the figures we find that over nineteen and a half lakhs were realised from three stations from the expensive seats alone. Add to this revenue from the cheap seats, which we all know, is very large and also income from "bar slide advertisements and other sundries." Then we have this fact that in Bombay at the present moment the company is running a picture for the sixth week, boldly announcing the very large audiences they are receiving. Further comment on this head is superfluous. save this, why do the directors not disclose their gross revenue in support of their contention? They are running as they say, over fifty theatres, either their own or in association and we can soon discover the real facts. The net revenue is arrived at after payment of income-tax even, as I find that it is not separately accounted for in the profit and loss account. I may mention that this method of omitting income tax figure from the Profit and Loss account has been adopted since last year only, when they gave for the first time the figures of the entertainments tax collected. The plea of heavy customs duty is hardly tenable. The facts about duty are these. It was first raised in 1921 from 7½ per cent to 20 per cent During that year the directors in their report for the first year's working have stated that the enhanced duty would not affect them. It was reduced to 15 per cent in 1922 and how is this company treated in the matter of assessment? The customs authorities not desiring to be bothered with the valuation of each film have fixed a tariff value of four annas per foot. Now the print of each film averages about 2½ annas per foot and 1½ per cent anna per foot therefore allowed for royalty. If one considers the enormous price paid by this company for royalty rights, one will see the fallacy of this excuse.

EXCESSES.

The real reason of the disastrous result of the company's working is to be found elsewhere. As I have said above excessive prices are paid for films, and in addition to that more than the required number of films are purchased. Excessive rents are paid for theatres. Things are not properly managed in almost every department. There is no properly organised circuit for the films to go a regular round. I have known a case where a film came to Simla from Calcutta and from Simla went to Burma and I believe from Burma it came back to a station in Northern India. There is no effective control or supervision of the branches. A very large portion of the staff is not very efficient. The directors do not seem to have looked into these facts at all. Only the other day the managing agents have bound themselves to take over a theatre in Poona from one party by agreeing to pay him Rs. 400 a month in addition to Rs. 1,900 monthly rent to be paid to the real owner. This transaction, sir, has a tale all its own. But the greater tragedy about this affair is that the company owns a building and a plot (for which they have paid a very large amount) just facing this theatre and for which they were given sanction by the military authorities as far back as 1922 to build a cinema theatre. If as the directors say, the depression in trade and the entertainments tax are hampering their business, is it wise to sanction a monthly rent of Rs. 2,300 in a town like Poona in addition to the interest on the money invested on the plot they posses? Take the case of Jubbulpore. For the theatre they are running at present they pay a monthly rent of Rs. 1200. The business there is such that they are compelled to show three different programmes a week. Yet they went and purchased the lease of another theatre for Rs. 40,000 plus a monthly ground rent of Rs. 200. Shortly after, this newly acquired theatre collapsed and a claim for Rs. 10,000 is pending against the company on the ground that the building was not kept in proper repairs. But apart from this liability see what is paid in this town? Rs. 1,400 rent plus interest on Rs. 40,000. The story of Lahore is still worse. There in the same locality they have three theatres and on the expiry of the lease of one of the three theatres, the managing agents renew the lease. Could anything be more wasteful than this? As this letter is becoming too long I refrain from giving here the detailed story of Lahore as well as of Cawnpore which also has a distressing history. For all these efforts—Simla and Allahabad are further instances—the shareholders have to foot the bill. The interest charges on the heavy loans show no sign of diminishing. In the profit and loss account they stand this year at Rs. 2,27,939 and the liabilities column of the balance-sheet informs us that Rs. 20,851-8-0 is the interest that has "accrued on mortgages etc." It is high time, sir, that the shareholders were awakened and a demand made for a thorough investigation. I am further emboldened to make this demand from a recent circumstance. On 2nd April last a disastrous fire occurred in the company's films stores at Calcutta. In the report the directors do not choose to inform the share-holders the actual amount of loss which they say is "fully covered by insurance." the total claim made by the company and at what stage their claim with the insurance company lies. I would not have referred to this incident but for the following facts that have come to my knowledge. The films were stored in a house in a residential quarter, a house formerly known as Mr. Madan's guest house. I am reliably informed that no license for storing films was taken from the licensing authority as provided by the Cinematographs Act. The Calcutta correspondent of the "Times of India" in reporting the fire alleged that chemicals were stored on the premises and that two deep and reverbrating explosions preceded the fire. The day after the fire the "Statesman," of Calcutta, which receives annually more than Rs. 50,000 from this company for their advertising, stated that records were destroyed in this fire and the actual amount of loss would not therefore be ascertained then. All these statements have not been hitherto contradicted. Does all this not call for an investigation? What are we to think of managing agents who store records with films?

In their first annual report issued after five months working of the second year the directors assured the share-holders that neither the enhanced customs duty nor the rise in exchange would have any effect on the company's business as they had received all their pictures during the cheap exchange period. Yet in the second year just these two causes were given as an excuse for poor results. In another report they promised the shareholders that they had decided not to add any more theatres but were determined to concentrate their energies on the existing theatres only. While this report was being circulated negotiations were proceeding for the taking up of the lease of the Picture House in Calcutta and it was as a matter of fact taken over soon after the annual meeting in connection with that report was held. Not only the Picture House but subsequently theatres in other centres were also taken up and frantic efforts were made to take up the G. C. Institute Cinema hall in Bombay.

There is one more point I wish to bring to your notice. The balance-sheet and profit and loss account have been signed among others by Mr. Ardeshir R. Bilimoria. The signature is dated 30th May. Now the reports are that Mr. Bilimoria is the paid manager of the company in Bombay. Why have the officers of the company not brought the terms of his contract to the notice of the shareholders as required by the latest amended Indian Companies Act? Under the company's articles a director other than the managing agents on acceptance of office for profit is to resign office as a director. Has Mr. Bilimoria done so? If he has, how does he come to sign the report on the 30th May, why has he been shown as a director on the front page of the report and why has no mention been made about it in the report itself?

If he has not resigned his office as a director, the shareholders are entitled to know under the Companies' Act the terms on which he works as a general manager of the Bombay business of the company. The section of the act is imperative in this matter and it attaches a penal liability on all officers of the company if they fail to intimate to the shareholders the terms of the contract.

I trust these facts will have convinced you, sir, of an immediate necessity for a thorough investigation by an independent party and I hope you will support such a demand by writings in your paper.—Yours, etc.,

ONE WHO KNOWS.

P.S.—At the proper time I shall be quite willing to disclose my identity.

June 19.

A NEW CRICKET STAR.

Courtesy—"Manchester Guardian".

K. S. Duleepsinhji, of Cambridge University, nephew of the incomparable "Ranji". He was given his "Blue" on May 27 after a fine innings of 53 against Yorkshire. The following day he made 70 in the second innings.

"THE MIDNIGHT EXPRESS."

A scene from the "The Midnight Express" now being shown at the Pathe Cinema, Bombay.

G. I. P.

COUPON-TICKETS AT REDUCED FARES.

:o:

To enable the joint holders of Coupon Books to travel in different directions on the same day, or on different days the existing arrangement of issuing Coupon Books containing 24 coupons in each is being altered to two half books containing 12 coupons in each and available to both the persons named therein.

Each half book must contain the signatures of both the holders on the inside cover and the two half books can only be purchased together that is to say not less than 24 coupons and multiples of that number of coupons can be purchased at one time. This arrangement will take effect on and from **SATURDAY, JUNE 27th, 1925** on which date the new Coupon Books will be available.

Present holders of Coupon Books desiring to take advantage of this new arrangement will be permitted to do so on presenting their Coupon Books, in person, to the Publicity Superintendent, G. I. P. Ry., Victoria Terminus, who will supply new books containing the same number of tickets as there are unused tickets in the Coupon Books returned.

A. E. TYLDEN-PATTENSON,
Ag. Chief Traffic Manager.
G. I. P. Railway,

Bombay, 23rd June, 1925.

PRIMAPHONE.

TABLE GRAND

Solid Teak Wood Cabinet, polished in Oak, Mahogany or Walnut polish, deep top cover with lock and key, all-wood floating horn, most reliable, powerful all-steel spring Motor of Swiss Make. Imperial sound-box giving clear and natural reproduction.

Price : Single spring, Rs. 75/-

Price : Double spring Rs. 90/-

delivered free at any Railway Station in India.

BOMBAY PHONO GENERAL AGENCY,

520-22, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay.
WI.

MONEY MARKET.

EXCHANGE QUOTATION.

Bombay, June 23.

B. C. RATE—
Bank's selling T T 1/6-1/32.
Bank's selling D D 1/6-1/16.

LONDON—
Bank's selling T T 1/6-1/32.
Bank's selling D D 1/6-1/32.
Bank's buying 3 M/st D A 1/6-11/32.
Bank's buying T T 1/6-3/32.
Bank's buying D D 1/6-1/8.

PARIS—
Bank's selling D D Frcs. 750.
Bank's buying 3 M/st D A Frcs. 815.
Bank's buying D D Frcs. 800.

JAPAN—
Bank's selling T T Rs. 111 1/2.
Bank's buying 60 D/st D P Rs. 107 1/2.

HANGKONG—
Bank's selling D D Rs. 159.

SHANGHAI—
Bank's selling D D Rs. 212 1/2.

SINGAPORE—
Bank's selling D D Rs. 157 3/4.

NEW YORK—
Bank's selling D D Rs. 274 1/2.

CROSS RATES—
London—New York Dol. 4.86-1/8.
London—Paris Frcs. 104.60.
London—Switzerland Frcs. 25.
London—Brussels Frcs. 105.
London—Rome Liras 130.
London—Berlin Marks 20.40.
Tone of Exchange—Steady Market.

London, June 22.

Tele. Transfers 1/63/32 firm.
Bar Gold £4-4-11 1/2 steady.
Bar Silver Spot 32 quiet.

London, June 22.

Rentes 3 per cent 43.
Bar Silver (Spot) 32
Bar Silvr 2 months hence 31 7/8.
Closing Tone of Silver:—
India and China Buying. Small offering Quiet.
Interest day to day loans 3 3/4.
Interest 7 days market loans 3 3/4.
Discount, Bank of England Rate 5 per cent since 5th March 1925.

BOMBAY EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, June 23.

	Market Rates.
Bank Telegraphic	1/6 1/32
Bank Demand	1/6 1/16
Doc Acceptance 3 m/s	1/6 11/32
Frs. Demand	742
American Dollars	274 1/2
Hongkong Dollars	159
Shanghai	212
Japan	111 3/4
Singapore	157 3/4

Tone:—Market steady.

EXCHANGE ON CONTINENTAL CENTRES—MIDDLE QUOTATIONS

London, June 22.

Stockholm 1816.
Christiania 2861
Amsterdam 1212
Switzrland 2503

London, June 22.

Exchange on London in Paris 10480.
Exchange on London in Germany 2042.
Exchange on London in Italy 13025.

New York, June 22.

Demand Bills 48575.

LONDON DISCOUNTS.

Three Months 4-3/8 per cent.
Six Months 4-5/8 per cent.
Bank of England rate 5 per cent.
Imperial Bank of India rate 5 per cent.
Call Money 4 per cent.
One month 3 1/2 per cent.
Three months 3 1/2 per cent.
Six months 3 1/2 per cent.
Tone of money market:—Quiet.

DISCOUNTS

London, June 22.

Discount Bank Bills 3 m/st 4 7/16
Discount Indian Bank Bills 6 m/st 4 5/8.
Discount Fine Trade Bills 3 m/st 5 3/8.
Discount Fine Trade Bills 6 m/st 5 3/4.
Rentes 5 per cent 14 7/8.

STOCKS ETC.

London, June 22.

Funding Loan 4 pera cent 1960/90 £86 1/8—1/8.
Victory Bonds 4 per cent 90 1/2—1/8.
War Loan 5 per cent 1929/47 90 1/2—1/16.
Conversion Loan 74 3/4—3/8.
Indian Loan 5 1/2 per cent 99 1/2—1/8.
Indian Loan 7 per cent 104 1/2 unchanged
Consols 2 1/2 per cent 55 1/2—1/8.
Rupee Paper 3 1/2 per cent 50 1/2 unchanged.
Indian Stock 3 1/2 per cent (Sterling Loan) 64—3/4
Government Securities 3 per cent 55—3/4.

BULLION

Bombay, June 23.

Sovereigns Ready, Rs. 13-7-9.
Sovereigns Forward Rs. 13-7-3.
Bar gold ready, Rs. 21-4-0.
Bar gold forward, Rs. 21-4-3.
Bar gold 2nd Settlement, Rs. 21-4-3.
Bar silver ready, Rs. 73-3-0.
Bar silver 1st settlement, Rs. 72-15-0.
Bar silver 2nd settlment, Rs. 72-11-0.

London, June 22.

Bar gold ready, 84s. 11 1/2d.
Silver ready, d. 32.
Silver forward, d. 31-14.
Tone of Silver:—Steady with uncertain tendency India and China bought and sold forward. Sellers scarce.

SHARES

London, June 22.

Hongkong Bank £131
Chartered Bank 19 3/4.
National Bank 46 1/2.
P. and O. Bank 10 5/8.
Eastern Bank 6 1/4.

SHARE BAZAR QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, June 23.

Market opened weaker than yesterday, owing to profit taking and weak holders selling. But later on it improved on account of bill operators having stepped in and caried away some scrips. The rumour of the declaration of war in china had an effect of accentuating the prices. Some operators covered their short sales, owing to the above rumour. Market closed steadier.

Fazal opened at Rs. 777.8 and closed at Rs. 787.8. Dyeings closed at Rs. 767.8. Centurys opened weak at Rs. 326.4 and closed at Rs. 336.4.

In the misellaneous there was demand for the Imperial Bank at Rs. 1417.8, and Partly paid at Rs. 367.8. The Indian Cements were sold at Rs. 26.4.

LOCAL BANKS.	Paid up Rs.	Last Divid.	Quotation Rs.
Bank of India.. ..	50	3	73
Baroda..	50	4	73
Central Co-operative..	50	7½	50
Central..	25	1¼	22-12
Eastern	£ 5	9 p.c.	82
Imperial	500	40	1417-8
Imperial Contributory	125	10	367-8
Union	7½	..	3-10
CEMENTS AND MANGANESE COMPANIES.			
Bundi Portland Cement Co.	10	..	7
Central India Mining..	10	4-8	25-8
Indian Cement O. ..	250	..	26-4
Katni Cement O. ..	100	..	45
Katni Cement D. ..	40	..	105
Punjab Cement O. ..	10	..	1-14
Shivrajpurs	10	8—0	45-8
RAILWAY COMPANIES.			
Ahmedabad Prantej ..	500	11 p.c.	820
Amritsar Pattis ..	100	10 p.c.	136
Central Provinces ..	100	7½ p.c.	119
Dhond Baramati ..	100	6 p.c.	86
Guzerat	100	5 p.c.	82
Hoshiarpur Doab ..	100	5 p.c.	75
Larkana	100	5 p.c.	74
Mandra Bhon ..	90	5 p.c.	69
Pachora Jammer ..	100	5 p.c.	76
Sara Sirajgunj ..	100	5 p.c.	76
Sialkot Narowal ..	100	5 p.c.	95
Sind Light	100	6 p.c.	153
Tapti Valley	500	8 p.c.	630
Upper Sind Light ..	100	4 p.c.	69
STEAMER COMPANIES.			
Bombay Steam Navigation O.	250	..	71-4
Bombay Steam Navigation P. ..	250	..	160
Scindia Steam ..	30	14-0	6-1
ELECTRIC UNDERTAKINGS.			
Ahmedabad Electricity	100	5 p.c.	81
Andhra Valley O.	1,000	2 p.c.	426-4
Andhra Valley P. ..	1,000	..	800
Bombay Tramways O.	50	4	95
Bombay Tramways P.	50	7 p.c.	59-8
Tata Hydro-Elec. O.	1,000	30	895
Tata Hydro-Elec. P...	1,000	7 p.c.	855
Karachi Electricity ..	100	6	93
Surat Electricity ..	100	..	80
Tata Power O. ..	1,000	..	355
Tata Power P. ..	1,000	..	505
PRESS COMPANIES.			
Akbar	500	..	510
Fort	475	..	200
Harvey & Sabapathy	500	90-135	975
Indian Cotton.. ..	125	20	195
Manmad Manufacturing	250	..	250
New Berar	500	80	750
New East India ..	1,000	..	2500
New Mofussil P. ..	400	40	660
New Prince of Wales..	500	61	630
Volkart U. P. ..	500	50	660
MISCELLANEOUS COMPANIES.			
Alcock Ashdown ..	100	..	140
Belapur Co. Ltd. ..	75	..	20
B. Burma T. Corporation Od.	125	12-8	325
B Burma T. Corporation New	50	5	77-8
Burma Corporation ..	10	0-6	8-12
Bombay Uganda ..	80	4-12	40
British Burma Petroleum	100 Sh. 8	6 ..	4-4
Indo-Burma Petroleum	100	17-8	235
Jost Engineering ..	50	7-8	100
Mekenzie	100	30 p.c.	335
New Union Flour Mills	100	..	35
Port Canning	1,000	50	645
Sardar Carbonic Gas	100	..	60
Tata Iron Pref. 2nd ..	100	..	25
Tata Iron Pref. 1st ..	150	..	92
Tata Iron Defd. ..	30	..	43-12
Tata Iron and Steel Co O.	75	..	11-8
Thacker	50	..	200
Telephone	50	1	23
INSURANCE COMPANIES.			
Empire of India Life..	50	22-8	420
Jupiter..	15	..	4-12
New India	25	1-0	12
Oriental Life	50	30 p.c.	500
Vulcan	10	..	2
MILLS.	Rs.		
Ahmedabad Advance	100	12	395
Alliance	100	..	65
Apollo	50	..	8
Assur Virjee	100	..	10
Berar Manfg.	200	30	300
Bombay Cotton C. ..	500	15	420
Bombay Cotton P. ..	10	5 p.c.	5-10
Bombay Dyeing, etc.	250	50	767-8
Bombay Industrial ..	100	..	15
Bombay Woollen ..	100	..	70
Bradbury	250	10	400
Bradbury P.	250	7 p.c.	..
Broach Fine Counts ..	250	..	45
Century	100	20	336-4
Central India O. ..	100	16	453-12
Central India P. ..	500	5 p.c.	405
Ceylon	100	..	47-8
Colaba Land & Mill ..	100	7-8	107-8
Coorla	100	3	145
Crescent	100	5	215
Currimbhoy	250	..	325
David	500	—	400
Dawn	250	..	575
Diamond O.	100	..	10
E.D.Sassoon United O.	10	..	1-1-
Ebrahimbhoy Pabaney	250	..	315
Edward Sassoon ..	200	..	115
Elphinstone O. ..	100	..	20
Emperor Edward ..	500	..	345
Fazulbhoy	250	20	787-8
Finlay	100	20	120
Framjee Petit ..	1,000	..	750
Globe	100	..	50
Gokak	100	7	102 8
Gold Mohur	100	..	18
Hindoostan	1,000	100	900
Indian Bleaching, etc.	100	10	201-4
Indian Manufacturing	1,000	200	..
Indore-Malwa United	100	10	377-8
Indian Woollen ..	50	..	8
Jamshed O.	250	..	90
Kastoorchand ..	500	..	100
Khandesh	1,000	200	2300
Khatau Makanjee ..	100	6	77-8
Kilachand	25	..	5
Kohinoor	500	..	1050
Lakshmi Cotton ..	1,000	350	4600
Madhorao Scindia ..	100	..	40
Madhowji Dharamsi..	100	..	250
Madras United ..	250	15	500
Manockjee Petit ..	1,000	100	2300
Mathradas	100	..	150
Meyer Sassoon ..	500	..	105
Morarjee Goculdas ..	1,000	60	2400
Model Mills, Nagpur..	250	..	150
Mysore	50	5	117-8
New City of Bombay	100	10	200
New Great Eastern ..	200	10	316-4
Osmanshahi (100) ..	50	..	51-4
Pearl	250	10	460
Phœnix	100	15	420
Planet	100	..	25
Premier	100	..	55
Sassoon Cotton ..	100	..	45
Sassoon Silk	500	..	560
Sholapore	1,000	1200	9000
Simplex	250	..	122-8
Sir Shapurji Broacha	100	..	95
Standard	500	100	1330
Swadeshi	100	18	437-8
Swan	100	50	160
Tata Mill O.	500	..	42-8
Vishnu Cotton O ..	500	90	1675
Vishnu P.	500	35	510
Western India Spng.	1,000	100	560

COTTON MILLS.

	Fluctuations			
Ahmedabad Advance				395
Bombay Cotton				420
Bombay Dyeing	745	747-8	750	760 767-8
Century ..	330	337-8	333-12	336-4
Central India ..	451-4	446-4	455-450	455-12
Colaba Land				107-8
Crescent				212-8
Edward Sassoon				115
Fazulbhoy ..	775	797-8	785	787-8
Finlay				120
Globe				50
Gokak				102-8
Indian Bleaching				201-4
Indore Malwa	376-4		376-4	377-8
Kohinoor				1050
Madhowjee				250
Mathuradas				130
Meyer Sassoon				105
Mysore				117-8
New Great ..			311-4	316-4
Pabaney				315
Pearl ..	457-8		460	460
Phonix				420
Simplex ..	121-4		..	.. 122-8
Swadeshi ..	437-8		435-440	437-8
Swan Mills				160
Tata Mill				42-8

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock	140
Bombay Steam	71-4
Bombay Tram Co., Ord.	95
Bundi Cement	7
Indian Cement	26-4
Central India Mining	25-8
Katni Cement Ord.	45
Shivrajpur	45-8
Tata Hydro 890	897-8 ..	895
Tata Iron & Steel, Ord.	11-8
Tata Iron & Steel, Def. 45	43-12

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

	Rs.	a.
3½ per cent. Rupee Paper	70	0
4 per cent. Conversion Loan 1931-36..	86	10
5 per cent. War Loan 1929-47.. ..	95	8
5 per cent. Loan (Tax Free) 1933 ..	100	1
5 per cent. Loan (Tax Free) 1945-55..	100	2
5½ per cent. War Bonds (Tax Free) 1925..	103	0
5½ per cent. War Bonds (Tax Free) 1928..	105	8
6 per cent. Bonds (Tax Free) 1926 ..	101	3
6 per cent. Bonds (Tax Free) 1927 ..	101	15
6 per cent. Bonds (Tax Free) 1930 ..	104	4
6 per cent. Bonds (Tax Free) 1931 ..	104	10
6 per cent. Bonds (Tax Free) 1932 ..	105	4
6½ per cent. Bombay Development Loan (Tax Free) 1935 ..	109	8
4 per cent. Port Trust due 1974 ..	74	8
4 per cent. Municipal due 1974 ..	75	0
4 per cent. Improvement Trust due 1974	74	8
6 per cent. Municipal due 1929-49 ..	99	8

percent. Paper and 5percent 1933 Brod were in demand.
6 per cent. Municipal due 1954 .. 101 8.

Market very firm Sellers Scarce 5 percent Tax Free Bonds and 6 1/2 percent B. D. Loan in Continuous demands 3 1/2% paper firmer.

GOLD.

Bombay, June 23.

Ready:—21-4-0.
Vaida—Asad, opening 21-4-4, Highest 21-5-0, at 6 p.m. 21-4-9.
Vaida—Sravan opening 21-4-0, highest 21-4-6, at 6 p.m. 21-4-3.
Teji Mandi—
Vaida—Asad opening 0-3-0.
Vaida—Sravan opening 0-5-0.
Tone:—Market steady.

SILVER.

Bombay, June 23.

Ready:—73-3-0.
Vaida—Asad opening 72-8-0, highest 73-1-0, at 6 p.m. 73-0-0.
Vaida—Sravan opening 72-4-0, highest 72-12-0, at 6 p.m. 72-11-0.
Teji Mandi—
Vaida—Asad opening 0-11-0.
Vaida—Sravan opening 1-3-0.
Tone of Market:—Very firm.

WHEAT

London, June 22.

Barletta Russo—63 1/2 lbs. 62/- lbs. 55/6 June/July sellers.
Rozario Santa Fe—64 lbs. 63 1/2 lbs. 57/- June/July sellers.
Australian 55/6 June/July sellers.
Choice White Karachi 56/6 June/July sellers.
Tone:—Indian wheat dull and inactive Calcutta Club No. 2 56/- affoat paid.

SEEDS

London, June 22.

Linseed Argentine (La Plata) Market was dull and inactive and on easy side—closed at £19 5/8 J/J sellers.
Cottonseed Bombay £9 5/8 June/July Nov value—slow demand.
Castorseed Bombay £22 5/8 J/J sellers.
Linseed Bombay £22 3/8 J/J sellers.
Rapeseed, Ferozepore, Usual Bold, per ton 21 1/2 J/J nominal.
Rapeseed Toria, per ton 21 3/4 J/J sellers.
Rapeseed, Yellow Gujerat, per ton 23 1/ J/J sellers.
Rapeseed, Brown Cawnpore, per ton 21 1/4 J/J sellers.
Tone of Rapeseed:
Rapeseed Yellow Cawnpore £23 J/J sellers

LINSEED

London, June 22.

Linseed Calcutta Pure Basis Bags £21 3/4 June/July sellers.
Linseed Tone:—Inactive and prices tending downwards.
Raw Linseed Oil Naked Spot Net:—
41 7/8 July/Aug sellers.
41 7/8 Sep/Oct paid.

JAVA SUGAR

London, June 22.

Fine White Java C. & F. Calcutta 16/- Jul/Sep sellers.
Fine White Java C. & F. Calcutta 16/- Oct/Dec sellers.
Fine White Java C. & F. Calcutta 16/3 Jan/Mar sellers.
Fine White Java C. & F. Bombay 16/5 Jan/Mar sellers.
Fine White Java C. & F. Karachi 16/6 1/4 Jan/Mar sellers.

BARLEY

London, June 22.

Karachi Barley 40/- June/Aug sellers.

BULLION

London, June 22.

Bars sold £22,000.

FREIGHT OF COAL

London, June 22.

Cardiff to Bombay 14/3 to 14/6.

QUOTATIONS OF LOCAL MILL CLOTHS

Issued by the Hindustani Native Merchants Association.)

Bombay, June 23.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Khadi:—			
Textile	1	0	9
Century	0	15	6
E. D. Sasson	0	15	0
Elphinstone	0	15	9
Long Cloth (Full weight)34-40 inches:—			
Standard per lb.	1	5	0
Century per lb.	1	5	6
Hindustan per lb.	1	6	3
Fazalbhai per lb.	1	5	6
Textile per lb.	1	6	0
Phoenix per lb.	1	5	0
Pearl per lb.	1	5	6
Manekji (Gau Mukh) per lb. ..	1	3	6
Swan per lb.	1	5	0
Finlay per lb.	1	5	9
Jacob (Four Minar) per lb. ..	1	5	9
Long Cloth (Light weight) No. 5202-5203—			
Rachael per lb.	1	5	9
Pearl per lb.	1	5	3
E. D. Sassoon per lb.	1	5	0
Long Cloth 3 Quality:—			
Rachael per lb.	1	5	9
Kohinoor per lb.	1	5	6
Swan Finlay per lb.	1	5	3
Long Cloth Satin Calender, 34-40—			
Textile (Hand) per lb.	1	6	0
Spring (Merchant) per lb... ..	1	5	0
Century (Bugle) per lb.	1	4	0
David per lb.	..	..	..
Tata per lb.	1	3	0
Edward Mohur per lb.	1	3	9
Sundari Brand per lb.	1	3	6
Dhooties 7, 8 and 9 yards:—			
Spring (Balance) per lb. ..	1	7	0
Jacob E. D. per lb.	1	5	0
Textile (Bicycle) per lb.	1	6	6
Dhooties 10 yards:—			
Spring (Balance) per lb. ..	1	6	0
Textiles (Bicycle) per lb.	1	5	6
Check Grey Drill:—			
Standard per piece	5	10	0
Phoenix per piece	5	10	0
Swan Finlay per piece	5	10	0
Pearl Pebaney per piece £ 5 ..	5	10	0
Hindustan No. 902 per piece ..	6	0	0
Bleached Check:—			
Kasturchand per piece	7	0	0
Bombay United per piece.. ..	6	8	0
Black Check:—			
Textile per piece	7	0	0
E. D. Rachael per piece	6	0	0
Gabrun No. 5124:—			
Pearl Pebaney	10	12	0
Hindustan	11	4	0
Salita:—			
Century per lb.	1	3	9
Textile per lb.	1	4	0
Spring (Merchant) per lb. ..	1	4	0

DEATH OF A COTTON MAGNATE

AHMEDABAD, June 22.

Seth Jamnabhai Bhagubhai, millowner and Agent of the Gujarat Spinning and Purshottam Mills died yesterday morning at Dumas of heart failure. Several mills were closed yesterday in his honour while all bazars will remain closed to-day. The deceased maintained two schools and a dispensary. He also contributed large sums to private charities.—A. P.

THE WEATHER.

SIMLA, June 23.

A depression has ormed off Konkan in connection with the strong revival of the monsoon on West Coast. The monsoon has also strengthened in the central parts of the country but remains weak in Burma.

Rainfall has been nearly general in Assam, Orissa, West United Provinces, Punjab Hills, Central India East, the West Central Provinces, Konkan, Malabar, Bombay Deccan. North Hyderabad and the North Madras Coast and local in Burma, Bengal, Bihar, East United Provinces, Central India West, East Central Provinces, and South Hyderabad.

A few falls have also occurred in Chota Nagpur, North Punjab East Baluchistan and Gujarat.

Chief amounts are:—Lashio one inch; Dibrugarh one and a half; Jalpaiguri four; Naya Dunka, Mainpuri and Mukteswar one and a half; Mussooree two; Dharampur one; Dalhousie, Indore, Akola. Amraoti, and Hoshangabad one and a half; Nagpur and Jagdalpur two; Pendra one and a half; Marmagoa, Karwar, Mangalore and Calicut four; Cochin three; and Aurangabad and Mercara one and a half.

Forecast:—Increase in North Konkan and along Northwest Frontier.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA
Bombay, June 22.

Means of observations taken at 6 a.m., 10 a.m 2 p.m., 4 p.m., and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected to 32 deg. Fahr		**29.528 inches.**
Temperature of Air	.. ..	**82.6 degrees.**
Wet Bulb Thermometer	..	**79.0 „**
Dew Point	.. .. ..	**77.4 „**
Relative humidity of Air	..	**84% „**
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky cloudy equal to 10)	..	**8.6 „**
Maximum temperature of Air	..	**87.3 „**
Minimum do. do.	..	**79.8 „**
General direction of Wind from midnight to midnight		**W.S, SW, SS, E,**
Movement of Wind from midnight to midnight	..	**201 miles**
Fall of Rain		0 4.8 inches
Total fall during month ..		20.98 „
Do, do year.. ..		24.81 „
Additional fall of rain up to 10 a m, of 23rd June. ..		0.00 „

SUN, MOON AND TIDES AT BOMBAY.

Day of Week.	Day of Month.	HIGH WATER. Bombay Mean Time.	Depth on Still.	Day of Month.	LOW WATER. Bombay Mean Time.	Depth on Still.
	Jan	h. m.	ft. in.	Jun	h. m.	ft in.
Tue.	23	4 13	24 2	23	9 46	19 9
		16 26	26 0		23 31	19 4
W.	24	13 48	28 2	24	5 22	16 2
		20 13			18 29	20 1
Th.	25	79 16	25 8	25	5 53	16 2
		57 12			18 56	19 1
Fri.	26	9 42	25 7	26	6 26	16 7
		13 31	28 0		19 32	19 6
Sat.	27	1 13	25 4	27	6 59	16 6
		13 59	27 6		20 10	19 1
Sun.	28	4 02	10 4	28	16 20	12 3
		9 35	15		23 51	58
M.	29	4 13	24 2	29	9 46	19 9
		16 26	26 0		23 13	19 4

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Tuesday, the 23rd June 1925, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Rawalpindi reports 0.20" of rain. Skies are clear over the south-west of the province and moderately to heavily clouded elsewhere. Humidity is generally in excess. Day temperature was lower than usual almost throughout the province; night temperature was below normal at Rawalpindi and Hissar.

The United Provinces.—Mainpuri has had 1.56" of rain, Jhansi 0.11" and Cawnpore 0.37". Skies are in general moderately to heavily clouded. Vapour in air is in considerable excess. Maximum and minimum temperatures were both below normal in the west of the province and the maximum alone in the east.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded over Sind and west Rajputana and in general lightly to moderately clouded over east Rajputana. Moisture in the air is in defeit in upper Sind and at Mount Abu and in excess generally in the rest of east Rajputana. Maximum temperature was lower than usual at Jaipur and higher at Jodhpur; the minmum was slightly above normal at Jacobabad only. The thermometer rose yesterday to 113 degrees at Jacobabad.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Ahmedabad reports 0.14" of rain and Indore 1.60". Skies are lightly clouded over Cutch and in general moderately to heavily clouded over the rest of the division. Humidity is in excess at Bhavnagar-Para and as usual elsewhere. Day temperature was above normal in Cutch and north Gujarat; night temperature did not differ much from the normal. The highest temperature in the division yesterday was 106 degrees at Deesa.

The Central Provinces.—Hoshangabad has had 1.35" of rain, Khandwa 0.10", Nagpur 1.90" Akola 1.55" and Amraoti 1.51". Skies are in general moderately to heavily clouded. The air is generally damper than usual in the west of the province. Temperature did not differ much from the normal.

The Konkan.—Marmagao reports 3.75" of rain and Karwar 4.07". Skies are in general heavily clouded Moisture in the air is in slight excess at Marmagao. Temperature was almost as usual in the division and attained at Bombay a maximum value of 87 degrees .3 (1 degree above normal) and a minimum value of 80 degrees .6 (1 degree above normal).

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Malegaon has had 0.87 in. of rain, Ahmednagar 0.16 in. Poona 0.74 in. Belgaum 0.16 in. and Aurangabad 1.25 in. Skies are moderately to heavily clouded. Humidity is locally in excess. Day temperature was lower than usual in Hyderabad and at Ahmednagar and higher at Poona; night temperature was almost normal throughout the division.

General Remarks:—The monsoon has again caused heavy rain on the west coast from Trivandrum to Marmagao and fairly widespread rain in the west Central Provinces and the north Bombay Deccan. Rainfall has been nearly general in the west Central Provinces, the south Konkan the Bombay Deccan and Malabar and local in the United Province, Gujarat, Central India West, Hyderabad and on the north Madras coast. A few falls have also occurred in the Punjab The chief amounts, besides those already mentioned, are 4.11 in. at Mangalore, 4.33 in. at Calicut, 3.00 in. at Cochin, 0.43 in. at Trivandrum and 2.07 in. at Masulipatam.

Forecast:—An increase of rainfall is probably in the South Bombay Deccan.

Daily Weather Telegram for the 22nd June 1925 issued from Simla.

The Arabian Sea monsoon has been vigorous on the west coast and active in the Deccan. The Bay monsoon is weak in Burma, but is causing fairly widespread rain from Assam to the Punjab. Rainfall has been nearly general in Assam, north Bengal, the west United Provinces, the Konkan, Malabar and Hyderabad, and local in Burma, Chota Nagpur, south Bengal, Orissa, the east United Provinces, the east and central Punjab, Rajputana, Central India, the Central Provinces, the Bombay Deccan, Coorg, the Madras Deccan and on the north Madras coast. A few falls have also occurred in Bihar, Baluchistan and Gujarat.

The chief amounts, not mentioned in the Bombay Report, were:—Port Blair one and a half inches; Bassein one; Myitkyina one and a half; Shilong one; Bogra two; Bareilly six; Mukteswar, Simla one; Ludhiana, Kalat one and a half; Pendra one; Parbhani, Mercara one and a half; Kurnool one; Nellore one and a half; Cocanada four.

OBSERVATIONS RECORDED AT 8 HOURS ON TUESDAY, THE 23RD OF JUNE 1925.

STATIONS.	RAINFALL. Past 24 hours.	Total 1st June to date.	Normal 1st June to date.	Departure 1st June to date.	Annual Normal
Baluchistan-Quetta	—	0	0.08	—0.08	9.75
Punjab—					
Multan	—	0.88	0.38	+0.50	7.20
Rawalpindi	0.20	1.45	1.23	+0.22	34.77
Lahore	—	3.78	1.04	+2.74	19.62
Hissar	—	3.27	1.09	+2.18	14.47
Ambala	—	5.71	1.45	+4.26	30.49
Delhi	—	2.50	1.61	+0.89	28.84
United Provinces	0.05	2.98	1.18	+1.83	26.90
Agra	1.59	6.72	0.79	+5.90	27.07
Mainpuri	0.11	6.70	1.91	+4.79	38.17
Jhansi	0.37	4.20	1.86	+2.34	35.92
Cawnpore	0.05	1.71	2.32	—0.61	29.06
Allahabad	—	0.30	0.11	+0.19	3.68
Sind—					
Jacobabad	—	0.17	0.44	—0.27	7.56
Karachi	—	2.92	0.94	+1.99	11.79
Rajputana-Bikaner	—	0.97	1.40	—0.43	20.65
Ajmer	—	3.18	1.32	+1.96	24.21
Jaipur	—	4.08	1.96	+2.12	28.23
Kotah	—	6.66	2.30	+4.36	60.76
Mount Abu	—	0.74	1.12	—0.38	14.39
Kathiawar—					
Bhuj	—	1.52	6.96	+0.56	13.52
Dwarka	—	10.24	4.19	+6.05	18.80
Veraval	—	4.80	2.89	+1.91	26.29
Rajkot	—	7.96	3.51	+4.45	21.20
Bhavnagar Para	—				
Gujrat—	0.02	12.08	5.51	+6.57	40.97
Surat	0.14	5.21	3.26	+1.95	28.83
Ahmedabad	0.05	3.70	1.07	+2.63	24.70
Deesa					
Central India West	—	6.68	2

'VAGARIES OF LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANIES.'

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—My attention has been drawn on my return to Bombay, to a letter published in your issue of the 16th May 1925, containing unfounded allegations against my clients, The Empire of India Life Assurance Co., who have acted in this matter with the utmost fairness.

The facts of the case are very simple but Mr. Bhagvat had tried to confound the issue in his efforts to make out that the Insurance Company was to be blamed in the matter.

Under the terms of the Policy taken out by Mr. Ganesh Agashe the amount was payable to the assured, his executors administrators or assigns and not to any other party. This provision in the Policy is especially made out to avoid any dispute as regards heirship or conflicting claims of different parties. The Policy was assigned by the deceased to his father Mr. Sakharam and the assignment was duly registered. The amount was therefore only payable to Mr. Sakharam or his executors or administrators and in consequence on the death of the assured the Company was bound in law to pay the money to Mr. Sakharam or his executors or administrators and not any heirs of the deceased.

Mr. Sakharam however, died before the assured and there was no condition in the assignment that the policy should revert to the assured in such a contingency.

After his father's death it was open to Mr. Ganesh to take steps to assign the policy to his wife if he was so inclined, but he did not do so.

Under the terms of the assignment the Company could only pay to the person producing title to the deceased assignee's estate. This was the position the Company took up and there was nothing wrong or irrational about it. As the Company did not know (nor was it presumed to know) the heirs of Mr. Sakharam, it was entitled to ask the party claiming the money to produce a Succession Certificate to the estate of Mr. Sakharam, the assignee to whom the Policy was payable.

Although the Company advised the assured's widow that the policy could only be paid in accordance with the above, she thought she was entitled to the amount under the Will of her husband.

When the suit was filed in Bombay Small Causes Court, the same position was taken up by the Company and the plaintiff's Pleader took an adjournment on 6th February 1925, to produce the necessary amended certificate. That amendment was made on the 14th February 1925.

When the case was heard on 14th March you will see from the following short judgment that the Judge upheld the contention of the Company.

"On the documents filed on the evidence of Vithal Narayan Phadke I hold that the plaintiff is entitled to recover the money in suit from the defendants. As however some of the necessary steps have been taken by the plaintiff after filing the suit, I do not think it fair to make the defendants pay the cost of this suit. Each side to bear his own costs. Decree for Rs. 2,000 only."

I do not know what object Mr. R. S. Bhagvat had in trying to cast aspersions on the Company when he knew full well that his own costs where not allowed in this suit and that immediately the title was proved the Company did not take any contentious attitude by putting a single question in cross-examination.

Had the widow followed the Company's advice at the beginning the claim would have been settled long ago and she would have avoided the trouble and expense of this suit. It is obviously to the interests of policyholders that the policy monies should only be paid to those legally entitled.

The Company always gives full printed directions to claimants when issuing the claim forms so that the payment may be expedited.

I need hardly refer to the other allegations in the letter about the Company, its Manager and myself. Suffice it to say they are incorrect.

I might mention for your information that the bill on the lines of the defence taken by this Company is before Legislative Assembly, so that the Insurance Companies might be protected and pay on production of the proper succession certificate.

I trust in fairness to my clients you will publish this explanation to dispel any doubts that might have arisen with regard to the attitude of the Company.—Yours, etc.

SORAB B. DADYBURJOR.
Vakil, High Court.

THEFT IN GOVT. TREASURY.

(From our Correspondent.)

BELGAUM, June 17.

Several thousands of rupees have been found missing in the Belgaum Government Treasury. A clerk in charge of the cash, who has been absconding since the discovery has been suspected. The police officers, it is learnt have successfully traced the disposal of the Government stamps which form a great part of the amount that is missing. Further investigation into the matter is in progress.

GURDWARA BILL

S. G. P. C'S. PLEA FOR INCORPORATION OF AMENDMENTS.

AMRITSAR, June 22.

The Executive Committee of the S. G. P. C. met soon after the receipt of the Select Committee's report and its sittings have just been concluded. It passed the following resolutions:—

"The Executive Committee of th S. G. P. C. deeply feels the irreparable loss sustained by the country by the passing away of Deshbandhu C. R. Das, one of her noblest sons, and extends its heartfelt sympathies to the bereaved family. May God grant peace to the departed soul."

"The Executive Committee of the S. G. P. C. after considering the proposed Gurdwara Bill as amended by the Select Committee appointed by the Punjab Legislative Council notes with regret that most of the amendments suggested by the S. G. P. C. have not been accepted by the Selected Committee, and again strongly urges that the amendments in question be incorporated in the Bill. This Committee reiterates its strong conviction that the working of this measure, in whatever form it is passed, will not at all be possible unless and until all the Gurdwara prisoners are released unconditionally and the other demands put forward by the S. G. P. C. are fulfilled in a satisfactory manner."

Though the resolution is strongly worded the feeling among the Akalis is easier.

GARGAJ AGITATION.

The Gargaj agitation which has already been described as shallow is morbund and the public meeting conveyed in support of the bill by the S. G. P. C. was less boisterous. Local Akali leaders seem to be rather keen on the question of securing the release of Akali prisoners before the passage of the bill. In the executive committee meeting there was less opposition to themain provisions of the Bill which were described as illberal and as securing the satisfactory management of the Gurdwara. Sardar Mangal Singh has not changed his views about the release of prisoners which he describes as the main difficulty standing in the way of the satisfactory working of the Bill.—A. P.

INDIANS IN BAGDAD.

"G. K. N."—writes:—

"It is sometimes questioned what would become of the jute, tea and other trades cultivated by Britishers if Indian labour were eleminated. On the other hand it is questioned in their heart of hearts by Englishmen in Burma and Further India and in the mandated territory of Iraq how, the Government would be efficiently carried on if the Indians took into their head to strike work. There is considerable unemployment in England and young men could be conveyed by ship loads to the East. Whether, however, their employment would be a business proposition owing to the enormous salaries they would insist upon is open to question. In this connection the speech delivered by the High Commissioner in Baghdad on the occasion of the opening ceremony of the new premises of the Indian Association in Iraq, of which Rai Saheb Mangharam is the President, deserves wide publicity. "Although", said the High Commissioner, "with the spread of education the Iraqis were now becoming more and more able to carry out the duties which were formerly performed by Indian officials, he felt sure that educated and advanced Iraqis recognised the great service the Indians had rendered to Iraq." His Excellency said that he was aware that the number of Indian officials was decreasing with the advancement of the Iraqis, but he considered that the few Indians who still held responsible positions possessed abilities which were of great use to the Iraq Government. He was aware that the Indians still formed the backbone of certain departments, and thought that some of the important posts would continue to be held by them by mutual co-operation with the Iraqis But does this not mean that the poor Indians who were often led to believe they would be promoted to the highest posts if they could only agree to rise from the lowest rung are to be unceremoniously pushed aside as soon as they have trained, I would not say a lower civilised people but a foreign nation, to the peculiar usages of the British bureaucrat. The Indian official in Burma is being treated with similar scant recognition of his merits."

MOTOR TRAFFIC IN BOMBAY.

NEW RESTRICTIONS CONTEMPLATED.

The Roads Committee of the Bombay Municipal Corporation have reported on the question of imposing restrictions on motor vehicles using the Municipal roads. The report states:

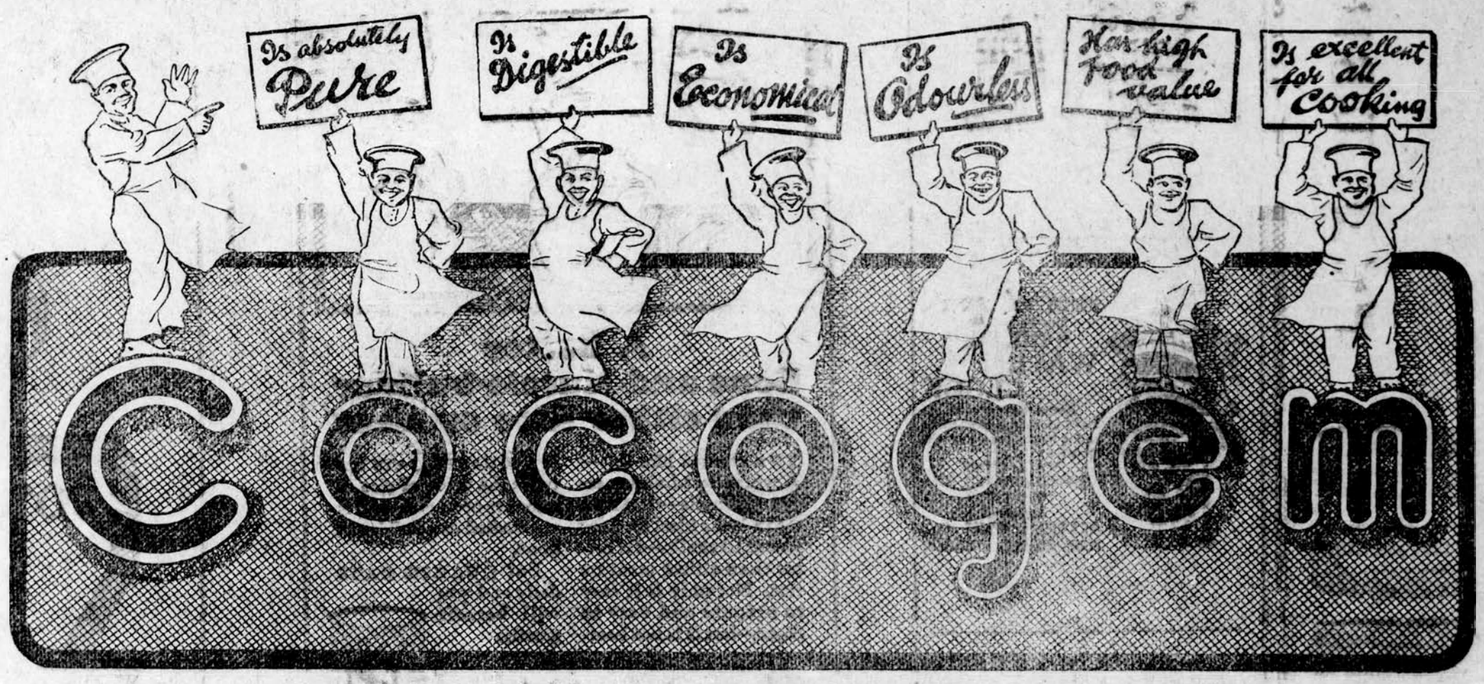
It will be seen from Government letter, that the fees proposed to be levied under draft Rule 7-A are intended to be levied on all motor vehicles and will not be in addition to the wheel-tax levied under the Municipal Act but that a rebate will be given to any motor vehicle paying a Municipal wheel-tax. Even though Government agree to grant a rebate equivalent to the Municipal wheel-tax the most important point for the consideration of the Corporation is whether they can in any way agree to the proposal being applied to the Bombay City involving as it does an encroachment upon the taxable capacity of motor vehicles using its roads. For these and other reasons the Commissioner is of opinion that this proposal of Government should be strongly resisted.. The Committee entirely agree with the Commissioner and beg to recommend that Government be addressed accordingly. The Committee also agree with the Commissioner that it should be insisted upon that all cars certified by the Municipal Commissioner to be used for Municipal purposes should be exempted from payment of fees.

With regard to the total axle loads of motor vehicles, the Police Commissioner suggests an increase in the limit of total axle load from 12 to 16 tons in case of 6 wheelers. From both the foregoing letters it will be seen that the Commissioner raises no objection to the proposed increase in the axle weights, provided the speed limits laid down in Rule 20 are maintained and the maximum allowable loadings prescribed for the different bridges in the City are not exceeded and the routes to be used are fixed, in consultation with the Road Department. After careful consideration of the question, in consultation with the Commissioner, the Committee beg to recommend that the Commissioner be authorized to deal with the matter of allowing 6-wheeled cars to run in the City in conjunction with the Commissioner of Police.

ACCIDENTALLY DROWNED.

Mohmed Ismail Kasamali, a Mohmedan boy aged 17 years went on Sunday afternoon with two others for a sea bath to the sea beach at Mexhim. He entered into the water but was suddenly washed away by an enormous wave. His companions put a small tony into the water and tried to rescue him, but as the sea became very rough they could not succeed in helping him. His body was washed ashore on Monday morning.

At an inquest held by the Coroner the jury returned a verdict of death by accidental drowning.



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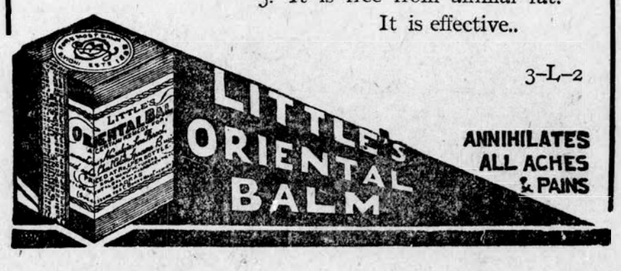

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Printed and published for the Indian Newspaper Co., Ltd., by SORAB P. KAPADIA and edited by SYED ABDULLAH BRELVI at the "Bombay Chronicle" Press Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.